NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

VOL. CXXXXIII. No. 23618. 字林西報 SHANGHAI, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1940 Registered at the C.P.O. Postage: China and Japan 1 cent. abroad 30 cents. THIRTY CENTS

東京帝國大學法學部研究室

Italian Division Reported Threatened By Greeks

Unit Said Almost Surrounded by Defenders in Drive on Koritza

Belgrade, Nov. 4.

SAVAGELY fighting Greek troops, aided by Greek and British bombers and Greek fighting planes, last night were on the point of surrounding an Italian division of 15,000 men in a smashing drive toward Koritza, according to border reports received here.

Greek mountain troops meanwhile were said to have recaptured two villages on their own side of the Greek-Albanian border.

Greek reports reaching Kremenica on the Greek-Yugoslav frontier said that Greek troops, led by Evzones—world famed for their "ballet skirt" parade uniforms—had captured 1200 Italian prisoners, including two generals.

The Evzones and a column of Greek motorized forces were said to have swept down from the rugged mountains south of Florina. The Greeks were said to have taken the Italians completely by surprise and to have forced them into a disorganized retreat.

The Greek counter-attack appeared to have smashed the Italian threat to Salonika and Kastoria at least for the time being.

Aerodrome Attacked

Reports from the Yugoslav village of Stenje, on Lake Presps, near the frontier said that low-flying Greek or British bombers had attacked an Italian military aerodrome and barracks at Koritza on Saturday. The Italians were thrown into panic by the attack, the reports claimed.

Reports from Bitolj in Yugoslavia said that Greek forces were heavily shelling the road leading northward from Koritza to Resna near the frontier.

Italian planes were reported to be continuing merciless attacks against a dozen Greek centres from Salonika to Crete. Greek reports received here said no military objectives were hit, but some houses were destroyed. Civilian casualties also were reported.—United Press.

New Attacks Launched

Ohrid, Yugoslavia, Nov. 4.

Crack Greek mountain troops driving into Albania yesterday launched new attacks on Italian forces, said reports here from the border.

From positions gained during a 24 hours assault, the Greeks charged policy the traditional war cry, "We will drive them into the sea." Spearhead of the Greek attack, said reports, were the Italian Evzones.

Italians were said to have lost all advantage they had gained during five days of fighting.

The Greek force threatened to isolate the Italian column occupying Florina, said reports filtering across the frontier.—United Press.

Italians Fought in Albania

Athens, Nov. 4.

Some of the best trained units of Greece's small army yesterday continued to fight the Italian invaders by land and air in Albanian territory, the Greek High Command announced last night.

The High Command communique described violent artillery and air battles between Greek and Italian forces which have been doubtless near the Greek-Albanian front for a week.

The Greeks were said to be holding their positions despite heavy Italian counter attacks in the Florina-Koritza sector. Italian bombers were reported to have dropped heavy explosive bombs on Greek towns along the border, while Greek bombers replied by attacking Italian positions, military positions and munition dumps. Large fires were said to have been started at some points by Greek bombs.

Artillery Duel Rages

The communique said a "violent artillery duel" was in progress late yesterday on the Epirus-West Macedonia front.

Reports received here from Yugoslavia last night said that four British bombers had participated in Greek air attacks on Albania over the weekend.

Greek reports stated that two heavy Italian bombers landed intact yesterday near Kastoria. The pilots of the plane said they had not been forced down by Greek anti-aircraft fire but would give no reason for their landing, it was said. A third Italian bomber, short of fuel, was forced down in Greece yesterday.

Salonika Still Bombed

Salonika again was bombed this morning by 12 Italian bombers escorted by eight fighters. The attack lasted for half an hour. Greek anti-aircraft guns opened up on the city, and bombs were dropped. Some damage was done, but no casualties were reported.—United Press.

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Greeks Delighted At British Move

News of Landing Given Prominence; Report Welcomed in U.S.

Athens, Nov. 4.

British troops, naval and air units are in Greece, it is categorically stated in the Greek press.

The broadcast by Mr. A. V. Alexander, British First Lord of the Admiralty, announcing the landing of British forces in Greece, delighted the Athens public, who had been awaiting patiently concrete news of action by Britain.

The Greek morale, already high, has risen still higher as a result of this development.

Italian Trickery Bared

Photographs of an Italian airplane bearing Greek markings, which was forced to land at Cephalonia before the outbreak of the hostilities were published in Greek newspapers.

By illegally using Greek colours, it is pointed out, the Italians were able to elude British vigilance and patrol the Adriatic freely.—Reuter.

Rome Reports

London, Nov. 4.

British warships have been seen near the island of Leukas in the Ionian Sea, 30 miles southeast of Corfu, according to the Rome radio last night. The commentator added some of the vessels had dropped anchor.—Reuter.

U.S. Welcomes News

Washington, Nov. 2.

The broadcast by Mr. A. V. Alexander, the British First Lord of the Admiralty, announcing that British troops were already on Greek territory, is welcomed here, where it is felt that with Crete in British hands as an air and naval base Mussolini will have the greatest difficulty in reaching Egypt from any foothold he may secure.

Mr. Alexander's remarks that Britain was not interested in any territorial gains were particularly welcomed in Washington in view of reports Hitler is making new peace moves here.—Reuter.

Remember Salt Bombard

Rome, Nov. 4.

Resistance of an Anglo-Italian naval encounter in the Ionian sea was predicted here yesterday in the newspaper "Popolo di Roma," as a commemoration of British Warships were spurred and four Lemon Hotel, in the Ionian group south of Corfu.—Reuter.

Germans in Greece Criticize Italians

Rome Failure to Paralyse Greek Defences Remarked

Athens, Nov. 4.

Informed German quarters have today criticized the failure of the Italians to take advantage of surprise and crush Greece.

They pointed out that the Italians had failed to paralyse Greek defences before a Greek general mobilization or security danger military objectives and instead wasted to bombs on valuable buildings of cities and villages.

A prominent Italian exile in the house of the hotel quarters of the United Press correspondent in Athens also contained British pilots and naval officers all sent to Italian occupied by Italian Greeks who have not yet departed.

The hotel was the former house of Italian and Germans, but now only English and French can be heard spoken.—United Press.

Rome States Crucial Battle Being Fought

Troops Declared Locked In Janina Section Clash

Rome, Nov. 4.

Greek and Italian troops yesterday were locked in a raging battle in the Janina sector in Greece which may decide the outcome of the whole Greek-Italian war, high Fascist quarters reported here last night.

Two other Italian columns were said to be pressing toward important military objectives in Greece. One of these columns, it was understood, was following the west coast line of Greece.

An Italian Army spokesman said last night that probably the most important of all the Italian operations, from a strategic standpoint, was the drive along the Greek-Yugoslav frontier north of Salonika.

An Italian thrust to Salonika would cut off Thrace from the remainder of Greece and hinder communications between the mainland and the many Greek islands. From the standpoint of British aid to Greece, Salonika is the vital key to the whole situation, because of its fine harbour.

"Defence Lines" Said Met

The Italian war communique last night claimed the invading forces had "overcome with decisive strategy the numerous defence lines which were well fortified and strongly supported by delaying tactics."

The passing of "numerous defence lines" by the Italians presumably referred to what the Greeks call the Metaxas Line. It was claimed here that the Italians had advanced a considerable distance beyond that front.

The "Popolo di Roma" reported yesterday that the Greek General Staff "had expected the Greek Army to hold its frontier positions for at least two weeks." By occupying Greece, the paper said, Italy would eliminate "any threat of a war in the Balkans."

"Whipped Italy"

The war communique yesterday said that Italian planes had bombed whipped areas of Greece. Over Salonika, the communique said, Italian planes clashed with Greek or British planes, one of which "probably" was shot down.

The communique also reported Italian daylight raid by four squadrons of bombers on Malta. Direct hits were claimed to have been scored on port works at Valletta and on the nearby British aerodrome.

Italian planes carrying leaflets also were said to have attacked a large British naval formation off the coast of Egypt. One British ship was claimed to have been hit.

The Italian Foreign Minister, Count Galeazzo Ciano, commanded an Italian bombing squadron in an attack on the port of Salonika in Greece, the "Popolo d'Italia" reported yesterday.

The paper said that "positive depots owned by the Standard Oil Company were hit and set afire" during the raid.—United Press.

Martinique Wants U.S. Rule for Island

Protection Against Nazis, British Blockade

Washington, Nov. 4.

The French West Indies island of Martinique wants to exchange the treasure for the Stars and Stripes, according to a special correspondent of the "Washington Star" who is visiting the island, and who declares the islanders pray for a British victory and desire American rule as protection from Nazi Germany and for economic relation from the British blockade, which has reduced this island to a dismal economic plight.

The correspondent quote residents as saying a referendum would show 75 per cent. of the people in favour of the United States taking over the island.

It is suggested in Washington there is a possibility of an agreement whereby the French rule of the island could be retained in such a way as not to mean the handing over of naval, air or military equipment to the British or to violate the armistice terms with Germany.—Reuter.

Petain Replies to Roosevelt

London, Nov. 4.

Marshal Petain, head of the Vichy Government, has sent a personal letter to President Roosevelt in answer to the latter's message to him some ten days ago, according to the official German news agency. The text of the letter has not been published.—Reuter.

Search for Minesweeper Abandoned By Canada

Ottawa, Nov. 4.

The Government yesterday ended its two-week search for the long overdue minesweeper Bras d'Or and said that the vessel must be considered lost.

This brings to four the number of Canadian ships lost recently, with the consequent loss of 200 lives.—United Press.

German Claims

Berlin, Nov. 4.

A German submarine has sunk two British auxiliary cruisers, the Laurentric, 18,724 tons, and the Patroclus, 11,244 tons, the official D.N.B. news agency announced today.

The same submarine also sank the merchantman Casanare, 5,377 tons, the agency reported.—United Press.

Greek Premier Reviews His Troops

Seen marching past Gen. John Metaxas, Premier of Greece, are some of the Greek troops, whose resistance against Italian aggression today is filling the whole world with praise. Fighting splendidly, the Greek army has caused the invading Italians severe losses and has pushed its way, from some points on the Greek-Albanian border, into Albania where it is fiercely attacking.

London Has First All-Clear Night in Eight Weeks

No Alarm Sounded, But Wary "Regulars" Take To Subways As Usual; Sunday Also Quiet

London, Nov. 4.

FOR the first time since the German air attack began against London eight weeks ago, the capital last night failed to hear a single air raid warning and Londoners today went to work refreshed after a peaceful sleep.

Although not a single warning was sounded during the night following only slight burst of German air activity which disturbed the Sunday afternoon peace, hundreds of thousands of wary Londoners slept in air raid shelters.

Subway officials reported that the majority of "regulars" arrived before the blackout and "once comfortably down they stayed put."

The Air Ministry reported that there were a few raiders over Britain during the night but their activity was confined to north-east England and east Scotland, where bombs were dropped. No casualties, however, were reported, the Air Ministry announced.

Scotland Again Raided

"A second attack was made on east Scotland in the early hours of this morning. High explosives were dropped on one town and they demolished some tenements. A few people were killed and injured," the official communique said.

No raiders were reported anywhere in England early today. London streets, inns and restaurants assumed almost a pre-war appearance as crowds came out to enjoy their respite from German raids.

But there was a slightly uncomfortable feeling, a feeling as though something were missing. One man expressed sentiments of many when he said "it doesn't seem real. I keep wondering what's wrong."

Country Relaxes

The entire country relaxed on Saturday and Sunday in the most pronounced respite since the beginning of the German air attacks on Britain.

There was not a ripple of activity reported in all London all Sunday morning. The only daylight alarm came late in the afternoon, when lone raiders three times swept low over the streets, dropping bombs, and with their machine guns blazing.

Sunday's quiet was first disturbed at tea time when British fighting planes were seen chasing a German Heinkel over a town in East Anglia. Then a big black bomber droned over London, slowly throwing bombs.

Hits were scored on buildings and a foot bridge. One person was killed and one person was injured, the Air Ministry said.

Street Machine-gunned

Prior to dumping the bombs the raider swooped down on a street, machine guns blazing, and forced women and children to plunge into doorways or flop flat on the pavement.

Home Guard men fired at the plane with rifles.—(United Press.

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Ciano, Ribbentrop Said Conferring

New Problems Believed Discussed at "Secret Hunting Party"

Bucharest, Nov. 4.

New Axis problems posed by the Italian-Greek war were discussed yesterday by the Foreign Ministers of Germany and Italy, said a despatch from Berlin to the Bucharest newspaper, "Universul."

Herr Joachim Von Ribbentrop, the German Foreign Minister, and Count Galeazzo Ciano, the Italian Foreign Minister, were said to have conferred at a "secret hunting party somewhere in the Salzburg region."

Herr Franz Von Papen, the German Ambassador to Turkey, was said to have joined the conference.

(A reputably informed telephone call from the United Press correspondent in Rome to Zurich said it "was reliably reported in Rome that Count Ciano now is meeting Herr Von Ribbentrop in Berlin or Austria.)

Russian Part Still Talked

The still undecided French situation and the Greek war were said to be subjects of the conference.

Comprehensive plans for an Axis agreement with Russia in connection with the Balkans also were said to be subjects of the talks, according to reports here from Rome, said well-informed sources.

The nature of the plans was not disclosed but they were said to envisage stabilization of delicate Soviet-Axis relations after an assured Italian victory in Greece.

The position of Turkey also was said to be a subject of the discussion, well-informed sources said.—United Press.

Molotov May Visit Berlin

New York, Nov. 4.

M. Vyacheslav Molotov, Soviet Foreign Commissar, it is understood in diplomatic quarters in Berne, is preparing to visit Berlin in the near future, according to a Berne despatch to the "New York Times."

If his arrival in Berlin is to coincide with the hunting party of Herr von Papen, Reich Ambassador to Turkey, which the Axis Foreign Ministers are attending, it would be more than significant.—Reuter.

Greeks Claim Italians Still Held

Although a good deal of confusion appeared to exist in observations on the Italian-Greek war yesterday, cables from every source but Rome were unanimous in indicating that the Italian advance had been stopped and that the Greeks were holding their lines. The Greeks were reported to have consolidated their right flank on the Albanian frontier facing Koritza, according to observers watching from the banks of Lake Presba (see inset), while at other points the Greeks were reported to have crossed the frontier and were fighting the Italians on Albanian soil. On the Janina front, the invaders were said to have been pushed back north of the Kalamas River.

President Breaks Tour to See Hull

International Situation Believed Discussed in Pre-Election Meeting

Washington, Nov. 4.

President Roosevelt yesterday interrupted his campaign tour and returned to Washington to confer with Mr. Cordell Hull, Secretary of State, and Mr. Sumner Welles, Undersecretary of State, on the international situation.

However, it was anticipated here that there were no further developments in that respect, and that there would be none until after the election was decided.

Most informed sources agreed with the statement in Manila of Mr. Francis B. Sayre, High Commissioner to the Philippines, that tension in the Far East had slackened.

Whether this was due to Japanese or to American initiative was not ascertainable.

At any rate, for the moment the United States was paying less attention to the Far East, and more to politics.—United Press.

McNutt Backs Roosevelt

Indianapolis, Indiana, Nov. 4.

Completing a nationwide electioneering tour on behalf of President Roosevelt, Mr. Paul V. McNutt, Federal Security Administrator, yesterday returned to Indiana in a final effort to keep the state in the Democratic column.

Most straw vote polls showed that Indiana had swung toward the Republican party.

Mr. McNutt planned a series of talks in Indianapolis, for Wayne and Terre Haute, key Indiana cities.

Senator Robert Wagner, Democrat of New York, and influential with labour, was headed toward Indiana to speak on behalf of President Roosevelt and hard pressed Senator Sherman Minton, Democrat, who is opposed by Mr. Ruy Willis, newspaper publisher.—Unitede Press.

Free French Naval Units Inspected

Fighting Spirit Earns British Praise

London, Nov. 4.

In conformity with French naval traditions, Admiral Mueller took the salute of officers and men of new French units recently put into service, during a tour of inspection, at a British southern port, of a group of French warships which regularly take part in the operations of the British fleet.

The communique issued by the free French forces' headquarters containing this news adds: "The fighting spirit displayed by the crews of these ships has frequently earned them the official praise of British naval authorities, who gave Admiral Mueller and the officers who accompanied him a warm welcome in the spirit of the mutual confidence existing between the British and free French fleets."—Reuter.

Eden Finds Confidence In Middle East

Good Use Made of British Reinforcements

Cairo, Nov. 4.

Very good use has been made of reinforcements and equipment sent to the Middle Eastern theatre of war and it is evident these have greatly strengthened positions there.

Mr. Anthony Eden, War Secretary, who has just returned to Cairo, in the course of his tour of inspection found a marked feeling of confidence among the commanders and troops alike, their main anxiety being to get to grips with the enemy.

Mr. Eden has already visited Palestine, Transjordan, the Western Desert, Khartoum and Port Sudan. He has discussed plans with military commanders and conferred with the chiefs of the three fighting services.—Reuter.

Law Against Gibes At Petain Announced

London, Nov. 4.

Persons insulting the head of the French state will be punished by three months to two years imprisonment or a fine of 1,000 to 3,000 francs, says a Geneva despatch.—Reuter.

Roosevelt Has Slight Edge in Forecasts

Three Polls Give President Slim Advantage; Election Fever Rises with Trend Continuing Toward Willkie; Voting Begins Today

New York, Nov. 4.

A GALLUP poll survey of popular sentiment throughout the nation completed late last night showed that President Roosevelt still led in popular vote, but the national election issue was so close that the Institute of Public Opinion said that it was impossible to predict which candidate would carry the majority of the electoral votes.

Dr. George Gallup, Institute director, said that while President Roosevelt was leading the popular vote, "as of Sunday, the trend still is continuing toward Mr. Wendell L. Willkie, Republican Presidential nominee.

"It was running strongly enought to indicate the closest election in 24 years, and one in which the winner by popular vote might not carry the majority of the electoral votes.

"A nationwide telegraphic poll Sunday showed President Roosevelt with 52 per cent. of major party votes, to 48 per cent. for Mr. Willkie. But the lead of four per cent. by no means spells victory for President Roosevelt. What counts is electoral votes."

Dr. Gallup pointed out that political history indicates that when the Democratic candidate has 52 per cent. of the popular vote, it is an even contest, due to the surplus Democratic popular majorities throughout the southern states.

He said that the scales were so delicately balanced that any unusual, dramatic event in international or domestic affairs, a change in the weather, or President Roosevelt's windup speech tonight, might tip the scales one way or another.

"Photo-Finish" Foreseen

A virtual "photo-finish" in the Roosevelt-Willkie election race was indicated yesterday in a poll conducted by the "Daily News" for the past fortnight.

President Roosevelt will carry New York by a small plurality, the poll indicated.

So even was the straw voting that a difference of less than one seventh of one per cent. separated the Democratic and Republican rivals.

President Roosevelt was accorded 50.002 per cent. of the 34,991 ballots and Mr. Wendell L. Willkie, the Republican candidate, received 49.932 per cent. of the votes.

"Fortune" magazine announced that an eleventh hour pre-election survey showed that 55.2 per cent. of the nation's popular vote was still in the Roosevelt column.

Although the President lost popularity slightly in the last three weeks of October "possibilities" indicated by the survey figures ranged from a substantial majority for President Roosevelt—but not a landslide—to a squeeze through for Mr. Willkie in which although not obtaining a popular majority he could win the electoral college ballots," said the magazine.—United Press.

Labour Sees Deciding Election

Washington, Nov. 4.

The National election campaign roared toward a noisy end today as labour leaders joined in the forecast that the workers of America will decide the most bitterly fought contest in the past quarter century.

The verdict between the Republicans and Democrats actually lies with some 50,000,000 Americans who are expected to vote tomorrow.

Both private surveys and public polls indicated last night that there would be a race horse finish. High Republican and Democratic quarters both expressed great confidence in victory.

Mr. John L. Lewis, head of the Congress of Industrial Organizations and supporter of the Republican Presidential candidate, Mr. Wendell Willkie, said last night that labour would decide the election outcome.

Both Sides Confident

"Labour will determine," he said, "whether it is capable of following its own developed and elected leadership, or whether it will accept the temporary leadership of an erratic, war-mongering politician. I am confident that Willkie will be elected."

Mr. William Green head of the American Federation of Labour, meanwhile told his followers to "vote according to your best judgment and the dictates of your conscience." He reiterated the non-partisan policies of the A.F.L.

Mr. Edward J. Flynn, Democratic National Chairman, predicted last win 420 of the 531 electoral votes.

(United Press.

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Results Reach Here Tomorrow

New York, Nov. 4.

The results of the Presidential election will be known in Shanghai between 2 p.m. and midnight (Shanghai time) Wednesday.—United Press.

European Interest In U.S. Election

Swiss Predict Victory For Roosevelt; France Much Concerned

Geneva, Nov. 4.

On the eve of the American presidential election, the Swiss press yesterday was inclined to believe in a victory for President Roosevelt. The "Neue Zuricher Zeitung," citing New York despatches indicating that Mr. Roosevelt's position was increasingly favourable, remarked, "a change of leaders at a time of international crisis would be a hazardous adventure," while the "Basler Nachrichten" said, "Whatever results from the outcome of the electoral campaigns, it is to be hoped for America's sake that the successful candidate shall find support from the large majority for a half-victory will hamper the execution of both internal and external policies."—Domei.

Uncertainty in France

Vichy, Nov. 4.

American election fever penetrated France yesterday, Sunday morning papers devoting important front page space to the chances of campaign rivals.

Mr. Wendell L. Willkie, the Republican presidential nominee has made enormous gains, and the election's outcome is no longer a foregone conclusion, newspapers said.

"President Roosevelt is more popular but Mr. Willkie is gaining ground," said the widely read "Figaro."

"Many people are faced with the dilemma of breaking with tradition and voting for President Roosevelt," said the "Figaro."

War Phobia

"A great part of the United States population fears being dragged into the war, remembering Wilson 'the man who kept us out of war,' and who a month later declared war," said the newspaper.

"Any unforeseen domestic or foreign event still can have an influence on the elections, the paper said.

"Le Journal" gave the entire second page to an analysis of the policies of the respective candidates, concluding, "in three days Americans will unanimously celebrate the third victory of President Franklin D. Roosevelt."—United Press.

Rumanians Face Ration System

Hoarders Ordered to Cut Stocks to Limit; More Germans Arriving

Bucharest, Nov. 4.

Rumania, the richest country in south-east Europe, yesterday adopted the rationing system for a number of staple articles.

The authorities, however, have told both the people and shop owners to liquidate their surplus stocks and reduce them to prescribed limits.

Stocks in private homes must be reduced to 1½ kilos per person. When that has been consumed, a monthly allowance of 1½ kilos per person will be made.—United Press.

More Germans On Way

New York, Nov. 4.

Persons arriving in Istanbul from Rumania report that 18 German divisions are at present in Rumania and five more are arriving in a few weeks, accordingg to a "New York Times" Istanbul dispatch.

The construction of aerodromes and the training of parachutists are said to be proceeding feverishly.—Reuter.

New Vice-Chief of R.A.F. Staff

London, Nov. 4.

Following the recent appointment of Air Marshal Sir Richard Peirse to command bombers, the Air Ministry now announces the appointment of Air Chief Marshal Sir Wilfrid Freeman to be Vice Chief of Staff in place of Sir Richard Peirse.—Reuter.

50,000,000 to Vote in American Presidential Elections Today

Citizens in U.S. Territories Declared Most Affected By Result, But Unable to Go to Poll

Washington, Nov. 4.

About fifty million Americans are expected to participate today in the choice of a President and a new Congress which may drastically affect the outlook for the political and economic status of U.S. territories and island possessions.

Paradoxically none of the citizens of the territories is eligible to vote in the Presidential election despite the vital territorial interest in its outcome.

A wide misconception exists on this point in many mainland circles, which frequently refer to Puerto Rican and Hawaiian participation in the presidential vote.

This mistaken impression may have arisen this year because of the radio broadcast of the national Democratic and Republican conventions, during which Puerto Rican and Hawaiian spokesmen were in outstanding evidence. The territories are allowed representation in the party convention.—United Press.

Turks Call Up Reserves As Nazis Summon Von Papen to Berlin

Germany Believed Ready to Come to Italy's Aid In Effort to Uphold Axis Reputation

London, Nov. 4.

Twenty classes of Turkish reserves were ordered to immediate active duty yesterday, the B.B.C. said in a broadcast here last night.

The men being called up are reserves between the ages of 21 and 41 who have not been previous active duty, the announcement said.—United Press.

Turks Think Nazis to Enter

Istanbul, Nov. 4.

Germany is about ready to join Italy against Greece, authoritative sources here said yesterday.

Herr Franz von Papen, the German Ambassador to Turkey, was summoned to Berlin to report on the Turkish attitude to Italy's attack on Greece, informed sources said.

Reports regarding the imminence of German aid to Italy in hostilities in Greece, were ascribed to a German desire to uphold the reputation of the Axis Alliance.

Bulgaria Watched

The Axis Powers were said to be ready to offer Turkey certain guarantees in exchange for Turkish non-belligerency in hostilities.

Bulgarian mobilization also might be expected in a few days, according to other reports, but such action would be largely a purely precautionary one, it was thought.

If Bulgaria should make any sudden moves Turkey would do likewise, reliable sources said.

Increasing Turkish enmity toward the Axis was seen in the semi-official publication "Ikdetha," meant "only a new master. One may recall not only the greatness of ancient Rome but also its death," the paper said.—United Press.

Conquered Races Suffer Under Yoke of German Occupation

Treatment Varies in Each Country; Poles Suffer Most Severely While Danes Treated Most Lightly

London, Nov. 4.

GERMANY'S treatment of populations in occupied territories varies from country to country, according to reliable news which has reached London by devious channels. The Poles appear to be suffering most severely and the Danes the least severely.

In Poland it almost appears the Germans are intent on a policy of extermination. The Danes are comparatively mildly treated, partly because organized opposition to the regime in Denmark is impossible, partly in order to encourage the Danes as producers of foodstuffs.

Austria is the only subject country which has benefitted, for large numbers of Gestapo agents have been withdrawn owing to the necessity for large-scale Gestapo activity in other countries. Hence Austrian anti-Nazi organizations are beginning to thrive. There has been much industrial sabotage and the growth of Communist "cells" in large towns is reaching menacing proportions. Occasional wholesale arrests are made, but manifest injustice and indiscriminate punishment only increase the general discontent. Between the extremes of Poland and Denmark the oppression of other countries varies in degree only.

In Czechoslovakia

In Czechoslovakia the German aim appears to be to crush nationalistic feeling and forcibly to convert the Czechs to German ideas and ideals.

The Poles are treated as persons with no rights and only Jews are served more severely; the Czechs are slightly better off. Nevertheless all Czech children are compelled to attend German schools. About 20,000 Czech students are being forced to work in Germany. Public libraries are bereft of all Czech works on political economy and natural history. Czech theatres have been closed and determined attempts are being made to substitute German for the Czech language.

Public property is systematically spoliated and the arbitrary fixing of the rate of exchange at ten Czech crowns for one German mark mulcts the Czechs of half their money at every financial operation.

A Heavy Weight

The Gestapo is laying a heavy weight on Holland. Despite drastic punishments, the ban on hearing British and free Dutch radio broadcasts is widely defied. German girls have been placed in the main Dutch telephone exchanges, while Gestapo agents swarm in the cities, listening for "subversive talk." But they meet with scant success. Holland is being systematically despoiled and a huge volume of fresh German clearing debts is being built up. The worth of these debts is very doubtful. The latest estimates suggest 50,000 Dutch workers have been transported to Germany. Such labour is practically compulsory, though it is ostensibly voluntary.

The attitude of King Leopold is the chief enigma in Belgium. Originally the King's intention was to regard himself as a prisoner of war, according to good sources. Subsequently he appeared to waver, but now there are signs he is returning to his former attitude.

France Being Looted

General von Falkenhausen, Military Governor of Northern France and Belgium, wields supreme power, while provincial governors (many recently appointed by the Germans) maintain local administration. There are no signs that they are resisting the Germans in any way and terroristic acts by the Rexists (Belgian Nazis) are reported in some districts. Sabotage does not appear to be organized, but it is noteworthy that the Schaerbeek rubber factory and the Hoboken oil dumps have been burned, while military cables have been cut in Liege, Waterloo and Belgian Luxembourg. Patriotic leaflets are reported to have been distributed at Antwerp, while it is rumoured on good authority that the paper "Libre Belgique," which was such a thorn in the invaders' side in the last war, has reappeared.

Occupied France is being systematically looted. Food for Frenchmen is scarce, but German officers in Paris feed to repletion at the Ritz or Maxims. Resistance, however, is not dead. German posters put up during the day are mysteriously torn down during the night. British radio broadcasts blare out from behind darkened windows. News from these broadcasts is passed from mouth to mouth and cyclists are forbidden to ride abreast in order to avoid this passage of information. Resistance is not organized—people are too stunned, but the situation will doubtless change in time.—Reuter.

Fleet Air Arm Gets New Plane

Fairey Fulmar Revealed As Fast, Heavily-Armed And Easily Handled

From Reuter's Special Correspondent at a British Naval Base, Nov. 4.

A close-up view of what is probably the Navy's newest weapon has been granted to me. This is the Fleet Air Arm's latest fighter, which is a triumph of British aircraft design—the Fairey Fulmar.

"I learned that the new machine is now in service in the Mediterranean. The plane was shown me at a big air station where men are trained for the Fleet Air Arm.

The Fulmar, which looks like a big edition of the Hurricane fighter, promises to revolutionize the part the Navy can play in air warfare. Hitherto, a designer of planes for ships has been faced with the almost insurmountable difficulty of producing a machine fast enough to hold its own with land-based craft and at the same time with sufficiently low landing speed to alight on deck. In addition, planes carried by a warship must be easy to stow away.

In the Fulmar, all these problems have been solved. The Fulmar is considerably faster than any previous fighter of the Fleet Air Arm, is comparatively easy to manoeuvre and packs away nicely in the "mother ship." Its armament is a secret, but it is formidable and should be more than a match for any opponents with which it has to deal.

The Fulmar, gives added point to the six new aircraft-carriers now being completed.

The first of the new class of aircraft-carriers has a length of 753 feet and a displacement of 23,000 tons—1,500 tons greater than the Ark Royal. The new complement is 1,600 men and the armament includes 16 4.5-inch dual purpose guns.—Reuter.

Breach of Neutrality Denied By Moscow

Moscow, Nov. 4.

The Soviet Government has announced that it "cannot accept" the British Government protest that Russia's participation in the Danube Commission conference is a violation of her neutrality.

This latest diplomatic disagreement is revealed in a statement published by the Soviet news agency.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS NEWS

Australian Destroyer In Athens

Athens, Nov. 4.

The Australian destroyer Wryneck has arrived here, it was officially announced here today.—Reuter.

British Raid Naples, Reveals Rome

Rome, Nov. 4.

British aircraft attempted to raid Naples last night, announced a communique here today.—Reuter.

Second Spanish President Dies

Vichy, Nov. 4.

Don Manuel Azana, second President of the Spanish Republic, in exile here, died today from heart disease.—United Press.

11 Italian Airmen Taken Prisoner

Nairobi, Nov. 4.

Eleven Italian airmen were taken prisoner as a result the South African Air Force shooting down two Savoia planes and one Caproni.—Reuter.

Italian Warship Said Sunk By Greeks

Ohrid, Yugoslavia, Nov. 4.

An Italian warship was said to have been sunk in a sea battle with Greek warships early this morning, reports reaching this neutral border vantage point stated.—United Press.

British Rail Disaster

London, Nov. 4.

Twenty were killed and many more injured, including 50 sent to hospital, in a rail accident four miles beyond Taunton, involving a crowded express from London to Penzance and a newspaper train.—Reuter.

Greek Ships to Call At Japanese Ports

Tokyo, Nov. 4.

Japan has assured Greece that all Greek ships now en route to Japan will encounter no difficulties in leaving Japanese ports after unloading cargo, the Foreign Office spokesman announced this evening.—Reuter.

Prime Minister Visits "Front Line"

The Prime Minister recently paid a visit to Dover, which is being shelled every day by Nazi guns across the Channel. He is shown here with Admiral Ramsay, inspecting maps of the area.

Armed Man Arrested At Willkie Rally

New York, Nov. 4.

Dr. Samuel Ward, 78, was released under $500 bail yesterday after having been arrested for carrying a revolver without a permit at the Willkie rally. Dr. Ward was arrested during the height of the rally Friday night for Mr. Wendell L. Willkie, the Republican presidential nominee.—United Press.

*Roosevelt's Slight Edge in Forecasts

(Continued from page 1)

The Republican National Chairman, Mr. Joseph Martin, predicted that Mr. Willkie would win 324 of the electoral votes.

Democrats Take No Chances

Both party heads claimed New York's vital 47 electoral votes which political experts believe Mr. Willkie must capture if he is to win.

With the electoral votes of the solid south in his pocket, and holding an edge in the silver and western states, the President could be re-elected without winning in New York.

However, the Democrats are taking no chances. A full dress battle for New York was intensified last night and today.

Appearances last night were that the votes of the large industrial states of New York, Massachusetts, Illinois, Pennsylvania, Michigan, Ohio and New Jersey would decide the election. In some of these states the outcome is regarded as so uncertain as to inspire speculation over the effect of Mr. Lewis' endorsement of Mr. Willkie. If Mr. Lewis' endorsement influences the outcome of the election, it will be in these close industrial states.

Independents Important

Independent voters who will go to the polls tomorrow are estimated at 17,000,000. The independent voters supported President Roosevelt in 1932 and 1936 but began straying into the Republican camp in the 1938 Congressional elections.

The independent Third Term camp headed by Mayor Fiorello LaGuardia of New York predicated last night that President Roosevelt would win a smashing victory tomorrow. The independents issued a statement charging that those backing Mr. Willkie were opposed to Mr. Roosevelt "because they hope to be able to change the United States of America into United States Incorporated."

Some political surveys still put as many as 189 electoral votes in doubt. They also report a trend toward Mr. Willkie in the middle west which might result in a Republican victory if it is borne out tomorrow.

Initial Advantage

However, many experts, including those inclined to favour Mr. Willkie, concede to the President as many as 200 to 231 electoral votes. With 231 votes, the President would need only 35 more to win. In other words, Mr. Willkie must sweep all the crucial states of the midwest and industrial east if he expects to overcome the President's initial advantage.

If the election follows the pattern of the close 1916 contest, it might be Wednesday or Thursday before the final results are know. However if it appears tomorrow night that President Roosevelt is leading by percentages which equal or approximate those of 1936 in states such as New York and Pennsylvania, his victory may be assured long before all the returns are in.

531 Electoral Votes

It is possible for a candidate to receive the majority of the popular vote, yet receive the minority of electoral votes, thus losing the national Presidential election.

The number of electoral votes assigned to a state equals the number of senators and representatives representing the state in Congress. Each state is representd in Congress by two senators and the number of representatives is in proportion to the state's population.

If a candidate receives a majority of the popular votes in a state, all of the electoral votes in the state automatically are cast for him. Thus President Roosevelt might win only one vote more than Mr. Willkie in the popular election in New York state, yet would receive the state's entire 47 electoral votes.

A candidate thus might run very close to another in a large number of states, and even win the popular majority in more than half the states, but lose the election because his opponent held the majority, no matter how slight, in a sufficient number of large states to insure an electoral college majority of 266 of the 531 electoral votes.—United Press.

Election Excitement

New York, Nov. 4.

With only the election-eve radio addresses to wind up the presidential election campaign, excitement is at fever heat.

President Roosevelt returned yesterday to his Hyde Park seat, where he will rest until after the election on Tuesday. Mr. Wendell Willkie, Republican candidate, is also resting at his home here.

The general opinion here is that polling will be close, with the advantage resting with Mr. Roosevelt.

Mr. Willkie has covered nearly 30,000 miles by air, rail and road through 34 states in the most strenuous campaign of the century, during which he has appeared before about 12,000,000 people and made over 500 speeches.

President Roosevelt, on the other hand, has been tied to Washington by official duties and has covered far less ground. The President's supporters have given his opponents very "warm" receptions and Mr. Willkie at his meetings has had to face an exceptional variety of missiles, including eggs and tomatoes. This is regarded as poor campaigning, as observes believe every egg cost the Democrats a number of votes.—Reuter.

*London Envoys Quiet Week-End

(Continued from page 1)

About the same time another raider staged two quick strafing attacks on streets in another district before being driven off by anti-aircraft fire.

The sound of aeroplane engines and machine guns was heard in three other London districts later in the afternoon.

Midlands Attack

A low-flying raider dumped five bombs on a Midlands town but most of them fell on open ground. Anti-aircraft guns finally routed the German bomber.

London's two Saturday night raids were separated by one of the longest all clear periods since the air siege on the capital started on September 7.

The second alarm, shortly before dawn, evidently was a precautionary one since there was no activity whatever in the metropolitan area.

Bomber Shot Down

One German plane was shot down over Northfleet, Kent, on Saturday night, the communique said. It crashed in an open field and its bomb cargo exploded, blowing the plane to bits and killing its crew.

Mr. Herbert Morrison, the Minister of Home Security, paid a tribute to the people's courage in meeting exigencies of the battle of Britain.

Mr. Morrison urged parents to permit the evacuation of children from London and other hard-hit areas. He said the Government was making every effort to provide additional comfort facilities and air raid shelters and to extend the capacities of deep shelters.—United Press.

*Italian Division Threatened

(Continued from page 1)

Four of the planes were brought dowy by Greek defensive forces, two over the city, one on the outskirts and one near the Yugoslav frontier, it was reported.

The United Press, making the first telephonic connection with Salonika heard an eye-witness account of previous bombings from an American who was caught in the third Italian raid.

Eye-witness Account

"I heard the sirens blowing a third time and took cover in one building which seemed solid. The sidewalks still were strewn with glass from previous raids. We were sheltered in the basement when the whole building seemed to crash down.

Lights went out. We were choking in the darkness from the dust and acrid fumes. Terrified women screamed 'gas!'—But nobody had a mask.

"I climbed out of the basement, fearing to be buried alive. In the hall A.R.P. men were laying out bodies. The streets were a terrible scene—huge craters across the main road, a bus hurled into a cafe, the dead and dying passengers still crowded inside.

Jewish Quarter Hit

"Hardly a street escaped. Soldiers and first aid workers dragged the gutters, commandeering lorries, carts and buses to move the wounded to emergency stations. Salvage workers tried to rescue a crowd trapped in a basement when the whole building collapsed, killing all of them.

"The Jewish quarter, in which there was no possible military objective, also got its share fo bombs and many were killed in the narrow streets.

"Everyone who was able was leaving for the hills, although thousands worked throughout the night getting the injured from the wreckage."

The eye-witness was identified as Mr. Louis Reiner, of Chicago, who added: "Many Jews were celebrating their Sabbath, and at least one synagogue was hit.

"I was searching for my son when the raid sounded—later I discovered him unhurt, although bombs fell on the same street, smashing many windows."—United Press.

Janina Success

Budapest, Nov. 4.

Greek troops threw back Italian forces on the Janina front yesterday, according to reports here from Athens.

Greek fighting planes also shot down six Italian planes in air battles over various parts of Greece, the reports said.

Nine Italian tanks also were said to have been destroyed in fighting on the Florina and Janina fronts.

Naval Fight Reported

Heavy naval engagements were reported off the Island of Corfu yesterday, according to a Greek radio broadcast intercepted here.

The broadcast did not say whether units of the British fleet were involved. One Italian ship was said to have been driven northward, in flames.

Inhabitants of Corfu and along the mainland coast heard heavy, thunderous cannonading on Sunday, accompanied by the drone of aeroplane motors, the radio report also said.

One Italian plane was said to have been shot down, said reports which could not be confirmed.—United Press.

Greek Ships to Work For Japanese

Tokyo, Nov. 4.

The Foreign Office today announced that the Japanese and Greek Governments had agreed to continue the voyages of dozens of Greek ships chartered by Japanese firms.

Accepting the Japanese request, the "Greek Government has instructed all Greek ships to continue their voyages to Japan," the statement said.

The Japanese Government, "reciprocating the friendly spirit displayed by the Greek Government, has assured the latter that Greek ships will encounter no difficulties in leaving Japanese ports after unloading their cargoes," the Foreign Office said.—United Press.

Italian Attack on Greece Gives Britain "Opportunity"

"Hit Hard and Often" Policy Urged by London Press; Hitler's Plans Said Given Setback

London, Nov. 4.

HIT Italy hard and often, is the theme of all the leaders on the latest development of the war, in the morning papers in London. Writers emphasize that great opportunities have been opened up for Britain by Mussolini's latest act of aggression.

If Albania was the advanced base, says "The Times," it should always be remembered that Italian soil must always provide the main base for operations.

The "Daily Telegraph" believes that Mussolini's swashbuckling "has given us a great opportunity" and declares: "With Wolfe's motto for The Rifles 'Celer et Audax' we may deal deadly blows at Fascist tyranny."

If Britain seized the "new magnificent" opportunities with speed, the "News Chronicle" considered she would help strengthen Greek resistance and her own strategic position into the bargain.

The "Daily Mail" saw in the invasion of Greece the real beginning of the battle of the Mediterranean, which gave Britain a chance to stiffen resistance to the Axis powers everywhere.

Hitler's Plans Said Upset

Greek resistance seems to have caused a hitch in Hitler's plans. A week ago it appeared from rumours that he was going to announce the completion of his "new order in Europe," combining it with a peace offensive against Britain, with the possible hope that it might be accepted here and with the stronger hope it might cause dissension in America on the eve of the presidential elections.

There is still the possibility, says Reuter's diplomatic correspondent, of his trying a peace offensive in America—though he has left it late—but the rest of his grandiose plan seems to have been shelved for the moment.

De Gaulle's Message

"Together with the Allies we shall beat our common enemy" was the confident note on which General de Gaulle, leader of free French forces, concluded a telegram to General Metaxas, Prime Minister of Greece.

The message read: "On behalf of all French people, of those still fighting and those who are temporarily held in servitude by the enemy, I express to Your Excellency and to the Government and people of Greece our admiration and our confidence that in safeguarding once more their independence, the Greeks will give to the world an example worthy of their ancient traditions."

Warmly thanking General de Gaulle for the telegram, General Metaxas replied: "All Greece is convinced that in the present grave moment of our history the hearts of all French people without exception are beating for the success of our just cause. The great French nation, who many times followed the noble example of our ancestors and who gallantly supported us at the time of our independence, could not but be with us once more."—Reuter.

India's Aid For Raid Victims

Delhi, Nov. 4.

As a token of India's sympathy with the people of Greece, and in admiration of their gallant resistance to Italian aggression, the Viceroy has arranged for £1,000 to be sent from his War Purposes Fund to the British Ambassador in Athens as the first contribution from India for the relief of air raid victims in Greece.—Reuter.

Rome Bombing Predicted

Rome, Nov. 4.

Large-scale British bombing attacks against Rome would take place after the American presidential elections, Stefani, the Italian news agency, predicted here yesterday.

The Agency based its prediction on a statement alleged to have been made recently by British Air Corps officers who were quoted as saying that the intended bombardment of Rome would be held up by the British pending the American elections, as Catholic reaction in the United States might upset the election results.—Domei.

Swiss Press Accused

Rome, Nov. 4.

Sig. Virginio Gayda, reputed to be Premier Mussolini's mouthpiece, yesterday attacked the Swiss press for allegedly representing Italy as an aggressor nation.

Writing in the "Voce di Italia," Sig. Gayda said Switzerland has violated the neutrality law by allowing British planes to fly over Swiss territory.

The article listed three points which, according to Sig. Gayda, justified Italian action in Greece.

"It was to be expected that the so-called Democracies once again demagogically would accuse Italy of being an aggressor, Sig. Gayda said. "The only surprising thing is that the Swiss newspapers also appear to be participating in this sort of campaign.

"These newspapers should feel the responsibility which the asserted neutrality of their country imposes on them," Sig. Gayda wrote.—United Press.

Augusta Returning To America

Flagship to Be Replaced By U.S.S. Houston

Honolulu, Nov. 4.

The U.S.S. Augusta, flagship of the United States Asiatic Fleet, will shortly return to the United States for a complete overhaul, including the mounting of more modern equipment and more anti-aircraft guns, reliable quarters revealed yesterday as the U.S.S. Houston prepared to sail for Manila to replace the Augusta.

The Houston, 9,000-ton cruiser, is a sister-ship of the Augusta, and is well-known in the Orient where it served as flagship of the Asiatic Fleet prior to the Augusta, which arrived in Shanghai in November, 1935.

The Houston was completed in 1930 while the Augusta was completed in 1931. The Houston, however, has been "modernized" since that time, but the Augusta has not.

The Augusta has won the fleet gunnery championship on several occasions.—United Press.

Severe Typhoon Sweeps Over Guam

Extensive Damage to Many Buildings Announced

Manila, Nov. 4.

Extensive damage to buildings and airport facilities was caused by a typhoon which swept Guam Saturday night and early Sunday, navy authorities announced.

Wind velocities of 125 to 250 miles an hour were registered, it was said.

Offices of Pan-American Airways, houses and offices of naval personnel, the hotel anl airport facilities were said to have suffered extensive damage.

Reports relayed here via Honolulu said considerable damage had been inflicted.

Civilian areas in Guam suffered heavily but there were no fatalities, said reports relayed here from Honolulu.

Roofs were torn from a few navy buildings and interiors were damaged by the rain which accompanied the typhoon. No ships were damaged, said reports.

The wind reached a velocity of 150 miles an hour at midnight Saturday, it was said.—United Press.

No Fatalities

Washington, Nov. 4.

The Navy Department said last night that on the basis of information so far no naval or civilian fatalities had occurred in Guam where a typhoon Saturday night and early yesterday had damaged civilian property and homes of naval personnel but did not affect the ships in the harbour.

The Guam powerhouse was put out of commission but would probably be repaired in a "day or so," the Navy Department said.—United Press.

Governor Asks Red Cross Aid

San Francisco, Nov. 4.

Capt. J. G. McMillan, the Naval Governor of Guam, yesterday cabled American Red Cross offices here asking US$50,000 to relieve distress caused by a severe typhoon.

The money was requested for relief to the civilian population Capt. McMillan said.

Offices of the Pan-American Airways here said the hotel on the island was wrecked and the airways radio station also was believed wrecked.

Naval officials reported a navy hangar was damaged and that communications with the island were disrupted for a time.

Weather bureau officials said the 150 mile-per-hour velocity of the wind would have been "very destructive."

Pan American Airways officials said that the clipper schedules would be delayed two days or possibly longer because two typhoons were forming to the northeast and southeast of Guam. Thus the clipper set for leave tomorrow for the United States will be held here at least two days more.

Landing facilities at Guam were extensively damaged, the P.A.A. officials said, but added that the damage could be repaired in two days. They were unable to estimate other damage because they had received meagre reports, but they understood the hotel in Guam was virtually wrecked.—United Press.

U.S. Journal Comments On Nanning Withdrawal

Speculation on Japan's Future Moves

New York, Nov. 4.

The New York "Daily News," tabloid with the largest circulation in the United States, today commented on the Japanese withdrawal from Nanning and other Kwangsi areas.

Under the heading of "Is Japan Quitting China?" the "Daily News' editorial said the reason for Japan's abandonment of Nanning and all of Kwangsi province "may be that the Japanese have had a bellyfull of war in China."

The "News" charged that the Japanese Government naturally will try to take the Japanese peoples' mind off the "Chinese misadventures." Hence, it added, Japan will likely make a grab elsewhere in the Pacific, possible seizing the "Netherlands East Indies, Malaya or maybe even the Philippines."

The "News" advocated that the United States allow the Japanese to expand their "own side of the Pacific."—United Press.

Russian Snatcher Remanded

Charged with snatching a handbag from a Chinese lady walking in Weihaiwei Road near Mohawk Road on Sunday night, a Russian youth named B. Gorlinsky faced the First Special District Court yesterday. He confessed to the crime but judgment was reserved. Accused was said to be riding on a bicycle when he committed the crime. Luck was not with him because soon after the crime his bicycle which he had hired from a shop broke down. In a desperate effort to evade the law he tried to throw the bicycle at a constable who was chasing him, but he was eventually caught.

Mass Production of "Ersatz" Sake

Japan to Produce Liquid In Large Quantities

Tokyo, Nov. 4.

An "ersatz" sake, manufactured from ordinary bran instead of from rice or chemicals, has been invented by expert of the Osaka Customs House, says the "Japan Times."

This invention will no doubt hearten members of the Japan Substitute Sake Producers' association, whose task it has been to find a satisfactory substitute for real sake from various chemical products.

These members closely examined the sake manufactured by Chief Yamada of the Osaka Custom Houses's Survey Section, whose formula does not call for the use of chemicals but only for ordinary rice bran.

A series of experiments were conducted and proved that the bran-made sake is as good as any genuine high-grade sake.

The Japan Substitute Sake Producers' Association has therefore decided to manufacture it on a large scale.

In their search for a substitute sake, members of the Association had had to meet with a number of difficulties, particularly in obtaining the necessary chemicals such as dextrose.—Havas.

Japanese Withdrawal at Waichow Reported

Chungking, Nov. 4.

The Chinese claim that the Japanese forces on Waichow island to the south of Pakhoi have completely withdrawn after setting on fire villages in that district. Meanwhile, fighting between Chinese and Japanese forces is said to be progressing on the outskirts of Chengnankwan on the French Indo-China border.—Reuter.

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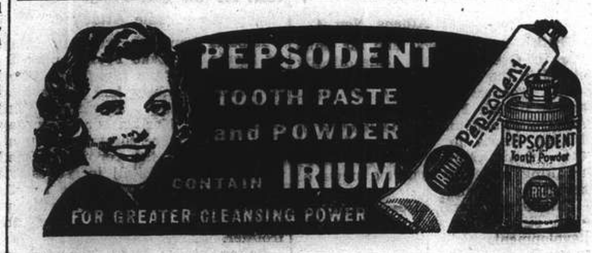

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Lady Clark Kerr's Father Here

Mr. J. D. Lira, Prominent Chilean Lawyer, Expresses Interest in Shanghai

"Shanghai is the most active city I have ever seen. New York is nothing compared to it." These words were spoken to a "North-China Daily News" reporter yesterday by Mr. J. D. Lira, father of Lady Clark Kerr, wife of H.M. Ambassador to China, who is now paying a visit to his daughter in Shanghai. Mr. Lira, a prominent South American lawyer, who left his home in Chile on October 14, yesterday expressed a deep interest in Chinese life and said that during a short trip to Peiping he had spent the whole time sightseeing and that he had been very sorry to leave.

Mr. Lira said that his original intention, when coming to Shanghai, was to break his journey here for a while and then continue on a trip round the world. He came here across the Pacific, and he had intended to return by way of India and South Africa. He said he was sorry that he could stay in Shanghai for only a short time since conditions made it imperative for him to leave, but he added that he had had a most enjoyable time here.

The activity on the streets of the city particularly interested the visitor, and the various functions, such as Chinese dinner parties and receptions fascinated him.

"I came here while there was still an opportunity to see China before things disappear, "he said" and I was surprised to find conditions so quiet. I was afraid that the city would change so much as to be unrecognizable. I read a book called 'Shanghai: City for Sale' and wanted to come here before the city was sold."

Mr. Lira said that life here was wonderful and he wished he could stay. "The weather at present is like a Chilean summer, and is marvellous."

He complimented Sapajou, "North-China Daily News" artist on his work, saying that he had seen his numerous sketches of people in the Shanghai Club, and was most impressed by them. Mr. Lira will be leaving Shanghai tomorrow in the President Coolidge, on his way back to South America.

Chinese Child Dies in Canton Road Fire

Three Shop Assistants Injured by Flames

Two fires were reported in the International Settlement yesterday morning, the first causing the death of a Chinese boy, and injuring three shop assistants, who suffered severe burns. The child's body was found among the debris after the blaze had been extinguished.

The first fire was reported to the Central station at 6.33 a.m. when three Chinese shops, occupying houses 424, 426 and 428 in Canton Road went up in flames. The firemen answered the call immediately and the flames were controlled in 21 minutes. Nevertheless, it took them almost two hours more to put the flames completely out.

Assistant Station Officer F. B. Scammell was in charge of the four engines that answered the call. When the firemen were finally able to enter the premises, they found three shop assistants badly burned, while further inside the body of a Chinese boy was discovered. All were taken to the Lester Chinese Hospital where the boy was pronounced to have died of suffocation and heat.

Material damage to the houses was also done, the first floor of 424 and 426 being badly burned. The top floor of houses 428, where the fire originated, was gutted by the flames.

The second fire was reported to have started at Lane 482, House 4, Jessfield Road, near the corner of Kinnear Road, where a Chinese structure, occupied by a Chinese printing plant, caught fire at 11.15 a.m. Bubbling Well station engines were called out, the blaze being controlled within seventeen minutes of their arrival. The first floor of the house and a wooden shed were badly damaged, while the printing machines on the ground floor were put of commission for some time by water.

Japanese-Owned Gas Company Formed

To Supply Chinese Areas Of Shanghai

A new Japanese-owned gas company will soon supply gas to Chinese areas in Shanghai and, in order to obtain cheaper rates for gas, residents in the Civic Centre at Kiangwan are reported by the "Sin Shun Pao" to be negotiating with the Asia Development Board.

The new gas company is called the Greater Shanghai Gas Company Ltd. Construction of the company building was started in August of last year at Woosung. Having completed all necessary arrangements, the company has now decided first to supply gas to the Civic Centre.

The company will begin supplying gas on November 13. The new Chinese city government buildings, residences and other structures in the Civic Centre numbering about 1,000 will enjoy the new public utility service. It is stated that the new gas company will offer cheaper rates than the Shanghai Gas Company.

Opium Sellers Remanded

French Tramways Increase Fares

The Compagnie Française de Tramways et d'Eclairage Electriques de Shanghai operating the light, water and bus and tram transportation utilities in the French Concession yesterday announced a temporary surcharge of 97 per cent. on all rates, in substitution of the present 60 per cent. and a substitution of 30 instead of the usual 10 per cent. surcharge on water, both effective from November 6.

The Company also announced increased fares on tramcars, trolley-buses and motor-buses. The date of application of new fare-tables will be posted in all vehicles for public information. The increase in the fares and surcharge it is believed, is due to increased operation costs.

Colonel Hornby to Leave Shanghai

Major Mann Appointed New Commandant; S.V.C. Service Recalled

It has been learned that Col. J. W. Hornby will leave Shanghai some time in the spring when he completes his period of secondment with the Shanghai Volunteer Corps. Col. Hornby came to this city in December, 1937, and took up the appointment of S.V.C. Commandant upon the departure of Col. F. R. W. Graham. In addition to his work

Col. J. W. Hornby

with the S.V.C., Col. Hornby is associated with the British Boy Scouts Association, of which he is vice-president.

Being an expert horseman, Col. Hornby soon took up a prominent part in the Shanghai Polo Club activities, playing on the "Mixed Grill" team in Army tournaments for several seasons.

It is not known as yet where Col. Hornby will go from Shanghai, but it has been learned that his first stop will be in Hongkong where he will await further orders as to his destination.

Major Mann to Succeed

Meanwhile, Col. Hornby's place in the S.V.C. will be taken over by Maj. G. H. Mann, M.C., at present Staff Officer of the Corps and Commandant of the Internment Camp in Kiaochow Road, states an official commhnique of the Shanghai Municipal Council.

It will be remembered that Maj. Mann, who is an experienced Volunteer Corps Officer, was transferred on February 1 of this year to the Headquarters' Staff of the Corps from the engineering staff of the Public Works Department. This was done on departure of Majors C. J. Corbin and W. M. Graham, who left the city to join their Regiments.

Maj. Mann joined the Shanghai Volunteer Corps in 1923 when he enlisted in "A" Company. He was commissioned in 1925 and commanded the company from April 1929 to December 1930, when he resigned. He rejoined "A" Company as a private in 1931 and was re-commissioned the next year and transferred to Group Headquarters' Staff.

In 1935, he was promoted major and appointed 2nd-in-Command of "A" Battalion. During Maj. E. S. Barraclough's absence from Shanghai in 1938, he commanded the battalion. In November 1939, he went on to "B" Reserve of Officers and remained there until seconded from the Public Health Department to the S.V.C. Staff in February of this year.

Council Thanks Police For Their Work

Appearance at Parade Praised by Chairman

Congratulations to the Shanghai Municipal Police on their splendid appearance at the Annual Parade and thanks to all the members of the force for their efficiency and resourcefulness were conveyed to Major K. M. Bourne, M.C., Commissioner of Police, by Mr. W. J. Keswick, Chairman of the Shanghai Municipal Council.

The complete text of the letter addressed to Major Bourne follows:—

"It gives me great pleasure to express, on behalf of my colleagues on the Watch Committee and the Council and on my own behalf, our sincere congratulations on the excellent appearance of the Police Force.

What Londoners Have to Look Out For

After bombings of London, done indiscriminately by the Nazis, streets often have to be roped off while buildings which have been damaged and might cause injury to passers-by are put to rights. The picture shows one damaged house, where the over-hanging roof had to be pulled down before anyone could pass in safety.

Motion Granted in Supreme Court

Extension of Time Given To Shipping Company to File Share Return

A motion was brought before Mr. C. H. Haines, acting as Assistant Judge in H.M. Supreme Court yesterday by the Anglo-Chinese Shipping Company, represented by Mr. K. E. Newman, for an extension of time for its secretary to file a return of allotment of shares of the company with the Registrar of Companies. Mr. E. W. Jeffery, deputy registrar of companies appeared in person and did not contest the motion, which was granted.

The motion also asked for relief from penalty for failure of the Company's secretary to file the return in the time prescribed by the Hongkong Companies' Ordinances. Mr. Haines thought this was an entirely separate issue and should have been treated in a separate petition to the court. Mr. Newman abandoned this part of the motion.

Mr. Newman told the court that his motion was supported by an affidavit filed by Mr. Lindsay Moller, secretary of the company, who was appointed on July 28, 1939 and whose duties included the filing of the necessary returns. On October 3, 1939, the affidavit stated, the directors of the company made a certain allotment of ten shares which was not mentioned in the return filed with the registrar, who subsequently pointed out this omission to the secretary. The omission it was stressed, was due entirely to inadvertence.

Counsel went on to say that a fine of $500 a day was provided for each day's continuance of the default, but pointed out that there was also a provision for an application to be made to the court for an extension of time in which to file the return. He explained that Mr. Moller had never assumed similar secretarial duties hitherto hence the omission.

Factories Returned To Chinese Owners

More Than Ten Plants Go Back to Proprietors

Several factories which had been placed under the control of the Japanese military authorities were returned to their Chinese owners at Nanking on October 31. The move brought up to more than ten, the number of plants returned to their owners.

In accordance with the announcements issued in March by General Toshizo Nishio, Commander-in-Chief of the Japanese Expeditionary Forces to China, and Admiral Koshiro Oikawa, the Commander-in-Chief of the Japanese China Seas Fleet, a committee was established to arrange the transfer of control. Nine factories, the restoration of which was applied for prior to the establishment of the committee, were already returned to the owners.

Several others were returned on October 31 as the committee completed investigation of applications filed by the owners.

Shanghai Meeting

At a meeting recently held in Shanghai the Japanese returned four Chinese factories in Shanghai and Wusih, which had been occupied by the military and managed by Japanese merchants during the hostilities in this part of the country, according to the "Central China Daily News." This was done in keeping with an announcement made by Japanese military authorities many months ago that they would return occupied factories to the new Nanking regime which, in turn, will turn them over to Chinese factory owners.

Nehru Refuses To Plead to Charge

Bombay, Nov. 4.

Pandit Nehru, who was arrested for making an anti-war speech in furtherance of Gandhi's anti-war campaign, refused to plead when his trial opened yesterday on charges under the Defence of India rules. The proceedings were adjourned until today.—Reuter.

Japanese Release Police Party

Bubbling Well Officers Held for Five Hours; Robbers Detained

Negotiations held between Japanese authorities and Deputy Commissioner T. Robertson of the Shanghai Municipal Police brought about the release yesterday of the six Europeans, one Japanese and four Chinese detectives all of them from the Bubbling Well Police Station, who were held at the Japanese Special Service Section Headquarters at 94, Jessfield Road from about 9 p.m. on Sunday till 2 a.m. yesterday. The pistols, which were seized from them, were returned on their departure.

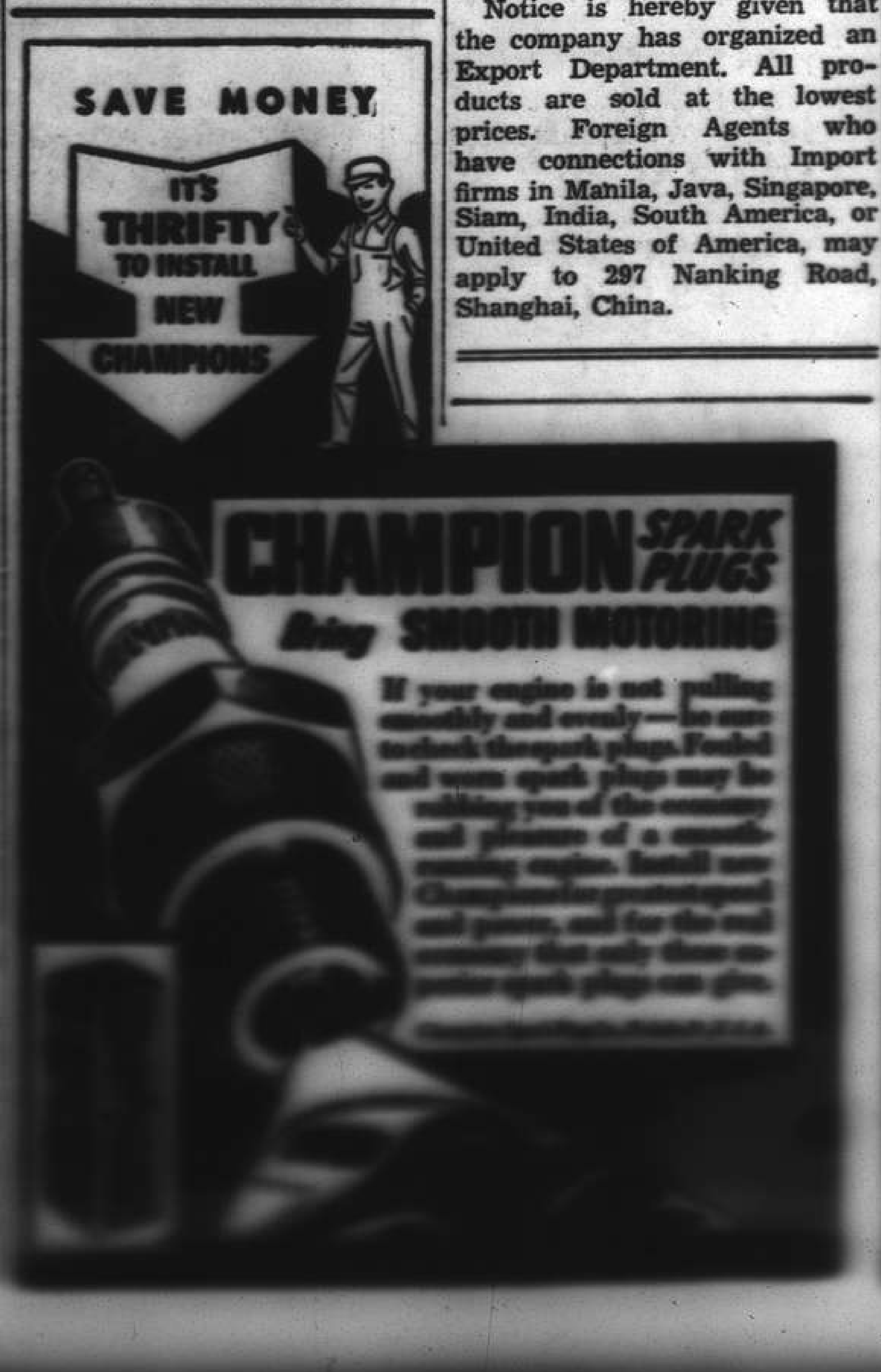
The six foreigners were Inspector W. B. Curtis, Detective Inspector J. A. McCahey, senior detective officer at the station, Detective Sub-Inspector T. H. Darvill, Detective Sergeant H. E. Greenfield, Probationary Sergeants L. T. Roberts and L. A. Cockburn.

Their detention followed a shooting affray in Chao Feng Villa, Lane 37 Brenan Road, when criminals attempted to shoot their way out of a cordon flung around the section of buildings. The officers from Bubbling Well Station, who were called out to the scene, managed to shoot two robbers, and one of them said to have sustained mortal wounds. Another bandit was arrested when he attempted to break through the cordon.

It was while searching for the remaining member of the gang that the policemen were ordered to surrender their arms by Japanese gendarmes, who had arrived there with an officer in command. The Japanese member of the force, who attempted to explain to the Japanese officer, was also disarmed and held while negotiations went on. The van, in which the police party arrived in the Villa, was detained.

Mr. Robertson was immediately notified and his negotiations with the Japanese officials resulted in the release of the policemen at about 2 a.m. The Japanese, it was learned, contested the right of the Settlement Police to be in their territory, the scene of the shooting affray being about half a mile from Brenan Road.

The robbers, however, were detained by the Japanse and nothing has been heard of them since.



Greek Ship to Be Released

Negotiations Concluded With Japanese Authorities Yesterday

It is understood that the Greek freighter, ss. Coulouras Xenos, which has been detained by the Japanese outside Shanghai since Saturday evening, will be released either today or tomorrow, following the conclusion of negotiations between Mr. E. P. Yannoulatos, Greek Consul in Shanghai, and the Japanese authorities. The opinion was expressed yesterday by Mr. Yannoulatos that the detention was due to a misunderstanding, and as soon as this was cleared up the vessel would be released by the Japanese.

It will be recalled that the 8,300 ton freighter was stopped at the Kiutuan lightship while returning to Shanghai shortly after her departure from here in ballast under instructions of her owners. She was to be dry-docked and take on extra bunkers. Immediately news reached Shanghai of the detention of the ship, Mr. Yannoulatos got in touch with the Japanese, and negotiations for the release of the ship began. These negotiations were successfully completed last night. No reason for the detention of the ship could be given.

Other Ships Released

It is reported by the "Sin Wan Pao" and other leading Chinese dailies that a settlement has been reached in connection with the detention by Japanese authorities in Shanghai of several Italian, German and Portuguese steamers which recently arrived here from upcountry riverport districts carrying about $2,000,000 worth of silk and cotton. A big sum of "tax" money has been paid to the Japanese and the detained property has been returned, it is stated.

Contrary to a previous report that four steamers were detained by the Japanese, the Chinese reports contended that altogether six steamers were involved. It is recalled that soon after their arrival in Shanghai, the ships were detained by the Japanese at the Fish Wharf, near the French Bund. The Japanese removed the goods carried by the steamers but the various Consuls General concerned were petitioned to negotiate.

As a result of the negotiations, it is stated, the Japanese allowed the goods to be returned but insisted that a "tax" should be paid. A complete settlement was reached on Sunday and those aboard the detained steamers regained their freedom. The detained cargo was returned. Quoting some members of the crew, the reports say that the "tax" money amounts to $8,000 but it is said that much more might have been paid.

Standard Optical Co.

announcement

Notice is hereby given that the company has organized an Export Department. All products are sold at the lowest prices. Foreign Agents who have connections with Import firms in Manila, Java, Singapore, Siam, India, South America, or United States of America, may apply to 297 Nanking Road, Shanghai, China.

Trumpet Case Dismissed

Insufficient Evidence as To Bailee and Alleged Gross Negligence

An action for damages arising out of the loss of a trumpet was heard by Mr. C. H. Haines, sitting as acting Assistant Judge, in H. M. Supreme Court yesterday. The case came up on adjourned return day proceedings, the plaintiff Mr. I. K. Sherman, a musician, claiming compensation from Charles Antony of the Olympic Circus band. The action was dismissed and no costs were involved.

At the outset Mr. Haines pointed out to plaintiff that his only recourse lay in an action for damages for alleged negligence of defendant, resulting in the loss of the instrument. To succeed in the action plaintiff would have to show that defendant had charge of the instrument, was the bailee in fact and secondly that he did not exercise the ordinary care in looking after it. The court Mr. Haines explained, was empowered to allow the writ to be changed accordingly if plaintiff decided to proceed with the case.

At plaintiff's request the case was dealt with as an action for damages. Plaintiff asserted that $600 was the value of the instrument, but could not furnish any witnesses to support his submission. He declared that defendant had left the instrument in the band stand and had not taken it home as they had agreed.

Defendant denied the existence of any such agreement and said that there were two watchmen in the circus at night and went on to say that his home was in the circus and therefore, plaintiff's contention that he should take the instrument home would not be applicable. He also contended that he had got the instrument from another musician and not from plaintiff.

In dismissing the case Mr. Haines remarked that there appeared to be some conflict between the witnesses who testified previously. On the whole it was more likely he said, that defendant was using another trumpet and not that of plaintiff. There was considerable question as to whether he was in fact that bailee. Even if he was the evidence of the presence of the watchmen would not support plaintiff's contention that defendant had been guilty of gross neglect in not taking proper care of the instrument.

Seven Years for Robbery

Convicted of robbery, Tai Ching-tsai was sentenced to seven years' imprisonment yesterday by the First Special District Court. Tai was one of the three robbers who broke into Mr. Sheng Ching-hai's home at 4731 Robison Road on October 26 and ran away with $98. He was arrested by the Pootoo Road police who are still looking for his accomplices.

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Oxford Club Sausages	1 lb. tin
Pork Sausage Links (90% Pork)	1 lb. tin
Pork Sausages (Home Made Style)	10 oz. tin
Frankfurter Sausages	10 oz. tin
Vienna Sausages	10 oz. tin
Cocktail Sausages (Pork)	6 oz. tin
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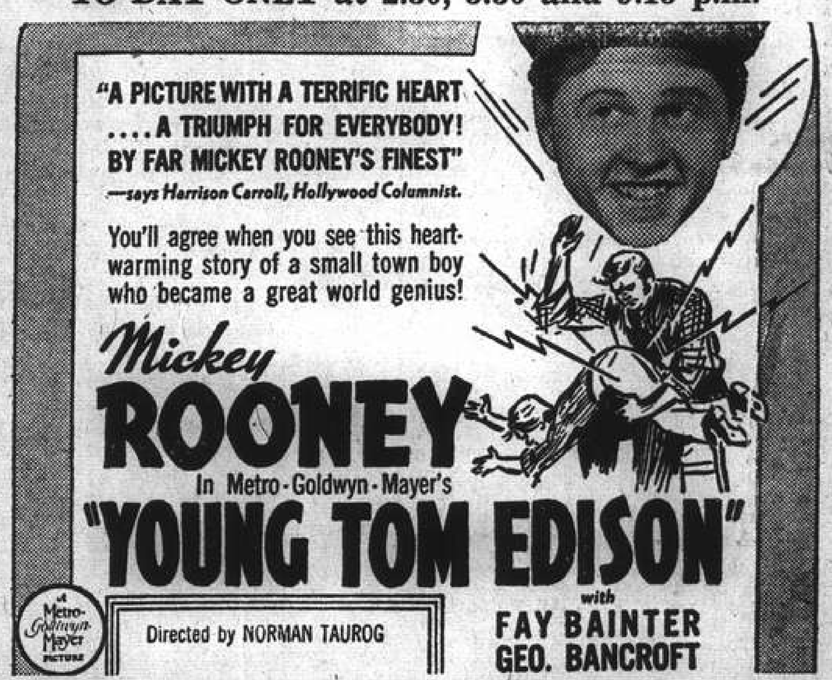
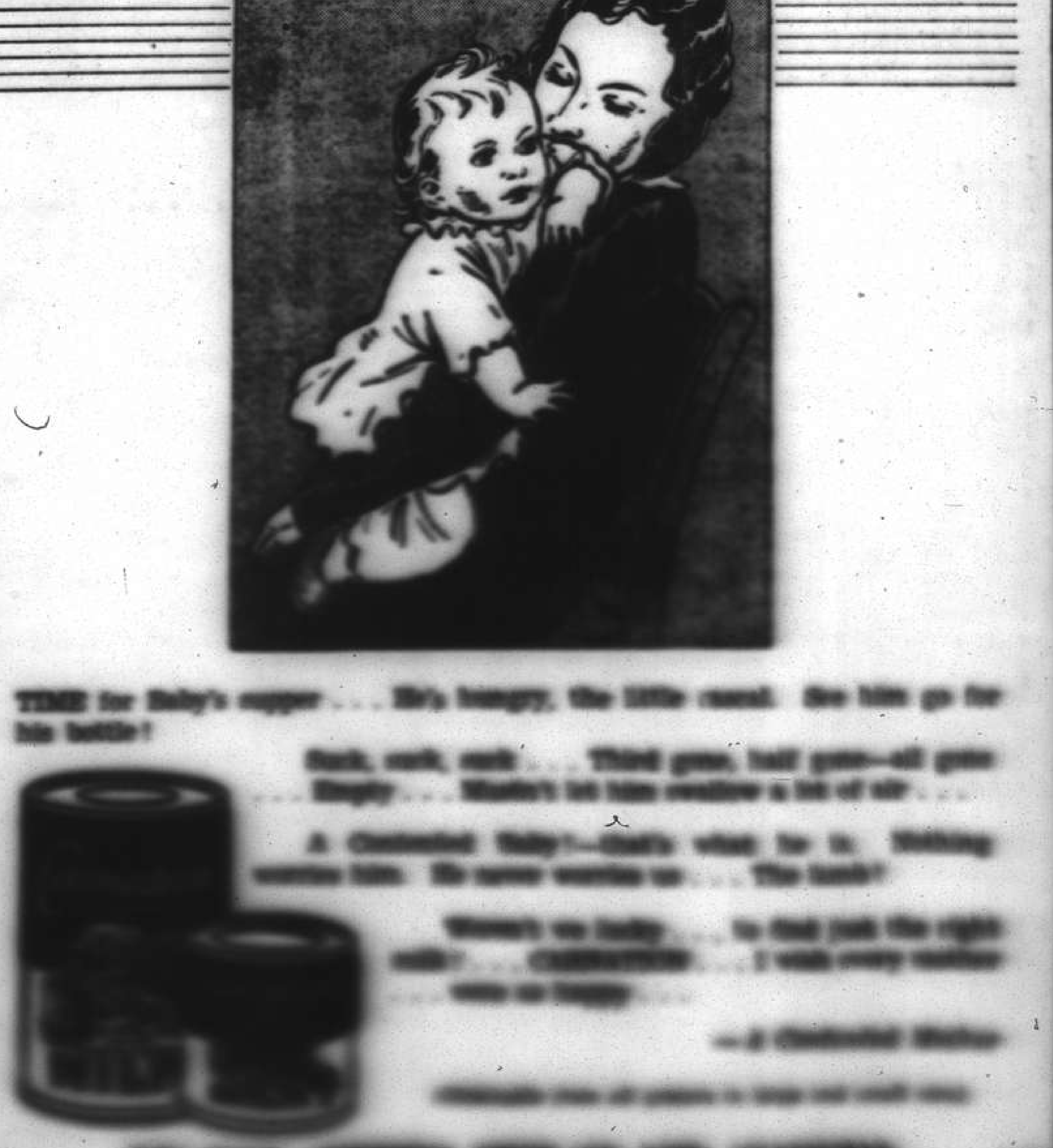


OPENS TO-MORROW!

A Metro-Goldwyn, Mayer Picture



Tung Hwa to Meet Chile Lusitano

Attention Programme Arranged by G.F.A. Position Games Slated

Tung Hwa ought to be have the upper hand this week-end when the Chinese footballers, on the side, and a strong debut, meet Chile Lusitano at the Centenaire on Sunday afternoon, the kick-off being set for 3.30 p.m. Although Tung Hwa's chances may not appear a surprise to giving the Chinese their first defeat, and this should not be impossible if the Portuguese find their full form.

Saturday and Sunday will see fourteen games played, every division being represented. For the senior championship fans, there will be two First Division games on Saturday, the A.S.F. meeting S.S.P. at Ho Cai-dreno at 2.30 p.m., while the Blue Lions will be the venue of the S.R.C.-J.R.C. encounter. Judging by their last week's performances, the S.S.P. and Reos should add two more points to their credit, although the absence of Bulbinh may turn a reliable in the S.R.C. line-up that could prove disastrous to the team should Symons drop to the half-line. The Reos' skipper, praised by everyone for his sterling play in the forward line, will weaken the team's attacking department by dropping back, as witness in their game against the Fylhe last Saturday.

The A.S.F., who beat of several players with interport status, should find it difficult to overcome the Lusitanos; the latter have yet to suffer a defeat, and if recent games may be taken into consideration, the Portuguese have little chance to break this far winning tribute. Although, one may never say anything for sure this season.

Fourth Hockey to Play

The Fourth Hockey "A" team will have another chance to show local football fans that they have what it takes to make fine players. Last week the Lockhaven lost to the more experienced British Navy eleven, but their chances are better

Tarleton Retains His Featherweight Title

Liverpool, Nov. 4.

In his ninth championship fight on Saturday night 26-year-old Nel Tarleton retained the British featherweight championship. He outpointed holder Tom Smith, of Sunderland, in a fifteen-round fight. The result went the full 15 rounds.—Reuter.

PARC DES SPORTS (AUDITORIUM) Today at 7.30
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Dead or Alive
Frank James
For Train Robbery
In Technicolor
"Jesse James wouldn't be the bad'st man... if somebody's had to pay!"
HENRY FONDA
in
THE RETURN OF
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with
GENE TIERNEY
JACKIE COOPER
HENRY HULL
John Carradine • J. Edward Bromberg • Donald Meek
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TO-DAY and TO-MORROW
AT 8.45 P.M.
FOLLIES REVUE
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24 gorgeous girls
Backing at Masonic and Ephraim Theatre

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ANNIVERSARY WEEK CELEBRATION
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CAPITOL
TO-DAY!
"NINOTCHKA"
Greta Garbo
Melvyn Douglas
Ina Claire
Walt and Thursday
Angels Wash Their Faces

ASTOR
TO-DAY!
"ONE NIGHT OF LOVE"
Starring Grace Moore
Walt and Thursday
PAROLE FIXER

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TO-DAY ONLY! LAST TWO DAYS!
AT 2.15, 5.30 and 9.00 p.m.
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CHARLES BOYER
"ALL THIS AND HEAVEN TOO"
JEFFREY LYNN - BARBARA O'NEIL
COME EARLY MAIN FEATURE STARTS PROMPTLY ON TIME!
DOWNTOWN BOOKING AT SAM LAZARO BROTHERS!

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SHERIDAN
O'BRIEN
IT'S NOT THE HEAT... IT'S THE HILARITY!
TORRID ZONE
Directed by WILLIAM KEIGHLEY - A WARNER BROS.-First National Picture

Woman's Page

A LONDON LETTER

By Olive Dun

London, Sept. 25.

When one of Hitler's little darlings dropped a bomb on Madame Tussaud's it went within an ace of wiping out the Fuehrer himself! Mussolini was near with Goering, Goebbels, Ribbentrop etc. These would hardly have mattered. But what would have happened to that airman if the image of the Sacred Person had suffered from his carelessness? Something very Gestapo with boiling castor oil in it.

Actually the bomb did little damage. The British Cabinet was near by, and plenty of Royalties. Jean Batten's flying goggles were twisted. Queen Victoria's veil was wrapped round her head in no dignified manner. The cinema was wrecked. But the waxworks escaped almost untouched. The proprietors rather regret that Hitler got off.

The most wonderful story of the week is the miracle of the maternity hospital. A part of it was badly wrecked. There were 30 mothers in the building and 32 babies. Not one of them or of the nurses was hurt or anyone in the building. One woman had been having a blood transfusion when the bomb fell. She was carried to another house unhurt. All the mothers and babies have now been removed to a safe area, a little shaken, but cheerful and not seriously affected.

The Modern Child

Much interest but not a great deal of fear is to be seen on the faces of these English children as they shelter in a trench and watch a German bomber chased by Hurricanes and Spitfires overhead.

Apropos of nerves, there is difficulty in getting eggs. The bombs have put the hens off laying. The cows, however, remain as placid as ever. You cannot rattle a cow. And thereby hangs a tale of the heroism of the little unnoticed people. A bomber was shot down very near the small town from which we get our supplies. The explosion of his remaining bombs wrecked a house or two and shattered the windows of every shop in the place. That was about 6 p.m. Yet next morning our milk and bread arrived at the usual hour as if nothing had happened. It is little things like that that show how imperturbably the people of this country are standing up to the most nerve-wracking experience that one could wish to avoid.

But something ought to be done about the people who will talk in the air raid shelters. The shelter bore is becoming a familiar and generally execrated feature wherever shelterers are gathered together. I regret to say that it is commonly a woman who insists on describing in penetrating tones how miraculously she escaped being bombed or machine-gunned. Another type is the humourist who with the deluded idea of keeping up our spirits, tells funny stories—or he thinks them funny—when everyone is trying to get to sleep. And of course there are the gabblers who have heard the most wonderful things, always on unimpeachable authority. It is a pity that Londoners are so courteous. The only way of dealing with shelter bores is to tell them to shut their faces in no measured terms.

* * *

A Fellow-Feeling

Apart from the reluctance of hens to lay and the cutting off of gas in the east central part of London for a day or two, which prevented restaurants from serving hot dishes, there has been no difficulty whatever about food. Lord Woolton, the Food Controller, advises us to buy as much tinned stuff as we are likely to want for a reasonable time ahead. But this is only that such stores are safer in private houses than in shop windows.

As an example of the fearful force of high explosive, Lord Woolton says that he was amazed to find that glass splinters had frequently been driven into the sides of tinned meats and fruits.

Communal feeding is now practised, not only in such devastated districts as the East End, but in many blocks of flats, in which the residents have made common cause. When the siren goes at night the people in the upper flats come down to the lower ones and sleep on their neighbours' floors. Meals are prepared for all alike, each one putting in his or her ration. Seeing that there are as a rule no families more entirely aloof from, and generally hostile to, each other than flat-dwellers, it only shows how amazingly war can obliterate dividing walls, metaphorically as well as literally.

Mr. Hudson, Parliamentary Secretary to the Ministry of Food, looks forward to the day when communal feeding will be the regular habit of most of the nation—as you may remember is depicted in one of H. G. Wells's stories of the future. In that story the people are no more fed on succulent joints and toothsome fish, but on concentrated essences served up in jellies of different colours. One hopes that communal feeding will not go quite to that horrid length.

* * *

Better Safe Than Sorry

Theatres, after several weeks of very profitable revival, have been grievously smitten by the night raiders.

Oddly enough, the Home Office, which shut them all when there was little danger, the German bombers then being away on the other side of France, which was too remote for the escort of fighters to accompany them, has not yet issued any order on the subject.

But the managers have realized quickly that night performances are too risky to attract. Some theatres have reverted to matinees only; others start at six, so as to be sure of having everybody well out by 8.30, when the raiders are likely to be impending. Cinemas are carrying on, but not later than 9.

It is rather sad that the Promenade Concert season under Sir Henry Wood has had to be stopped. At the last concert the sirens sounded soon after the performance began and were heard again just before it ended. Yet there were never fewer than 1,200 people in the hall.

So far as they have gone these always beloved concerts have been exceptionally successful, both in the choice of programmes and their performance. They are supposed to be Sir Henry Wood's farewell. Even if the public would have allowed him to go, they will certainly not do so now when they have been baulked of half the promised concerts.

* * *

Who'd Have Thought It?

Among other effects of the war on the future generation, it seems probable that we shall all be learning to speak each other's language. (There are at least four major ones in these tiny islands besides innumerable dialects.)

When thousands of English children were evacuated to Wales it was gloomily prophesied by Cymrodorians (I am not quite sure that that is right, but it looks imposing) that they would swamp the Welsh language. But nothing of the sort. To the amazement of all it is the children who are being infected.

Especially in the rural parts, where Welsh is always spoken the children have picked it up with remarkable fluency and seem almost in danger of forgetting their mother tongue. Some of them, it is said, have become so good at Welsh that they can learn long passages of the Welsh Bible by heart. In some villages, too, the children enter with delight into the Welsh singing contests and are said to acquit themselves well.

One peculiarity, however, is observed. The cockney child remains a cockney still and infuses a large measure of the accents of Bow bells into the mellifluous Welsh tones.

* * *

Bless You!

While war marriages proceed at the same vertiginous rate and many take place in register offices as being simpler and less expensive than marriage by special licence in church, a demand has grown up for having such marriages afterwards blessed in church. So great has this practice become that the Bishop of Rochester has issued an instruction to his clergy.

He points out that there is no regular form in the Prayer Book for such blessings and he has therefore drawn up a form for the convenience of the clergy. The only point that must be emphasized is that the blessing does not constitute a marriage and the names of those thus blessed must on no account be entered in the parish registers. With these conditions observed, the desire to have the Church's blessing is certainly to be encouraged.

Under war conditions it is not always practicable to be married except in a register office. But though many of these offices now decorate themselves sprucely to look as inviting as they can, the ceremony is short and official, altogether a rather cold and bloodless sort of affair as compared with the many beauties of the Church marriage service.

And apropos, one sees that Miss Florence Sybil Morris, assistant registrar at Caxton Hall Westminister, which disposes of more marriages than any office in London, who has advised hundreds of soldiers on the intricacies of getting married in the past 12 months, has herself got married to a soldier. And she did not get married at Caxton Hall, but in the Roman Catholic church of St. Etheldreda, Ely Place.

* * *

Girl conductors in buses are now common objects, if not of the sea shore, at least on country routes. They look exceedingly smart in green coats and skirts and A. T. S. caps to match and when you buy a ticket they bestow a sweet smile on you with the change.

"N.C.D.N." Photo.

Chinese Y.W.C.A. Holds Annual Meeting

The Chinese Y.W.C.A. held its annual meeting at 999 Bubbling Well Road on Sunday, October 27. In the picture are seen (front row, left to right) Mrs. W. P. Wei (treasurer), Mrs. T. T. Lew (chairman of the Board), Miss Li Ying-chiu (general secretary); (back, left to right) Mrs. B. F. Wong, Mrs. V. G. Ling (Board members).

Lipstick Facts Worth Knowing

Hints on Facial Artistry; How Not to Over-do It

Every woman wants a beautiful pair of lips—and she can have them. Yes, you can make your mouth as pretty as you please with just a little bit of experimenting. You don't have to be an expert at designing a good mouth, but you have to know these basic rules.

Don't wander too far away from Mother Nature if you would look your smartest and prettiest. In other words, when you make up your lips do so without maligning the ones you were born with.

Experiment to find the colour that suits you. The right colour is the most vital requisite of lovely lips. So choose the shade of your lipstick with the utmost care. Red lipsticks are definitely headline news, and the new really red reds are fresher, prettier and more youthful than anything we have ever had. But a vivid red may not be your colour. Experiment. The tone of your skin, the colour of your dress, the time of day—all play a part. If you want to look your prettiest you must make up at night, make up in daylight, make up until you find the colour that suits you best under specific conditions.

According to Mr. George L. Michael, creator of the famous Michel lipstick, you should bear in mind the following five points when buying your lipsticks. First and foremost is:

Colour: This must be flattering to you. Fashion right, if possible, but primarily flattering to you! Second.

Protective Quality: Does the lipstick you use keep your lips soft and supple, silken smooth in all weathers? Third,

Ease of Application: A crrectly balanced lipstick can be taken out of the refrigerator and applied with as much ease as at room temperature. Fourth.

Indelibility: Although you have been told of, and sold "indelible" lipsticks, you know that there is no such thing. But some lipsticks do stay on longer than others. Fifth,

Perfume: Instinctively, when buying cosmetics, each of us will put it to our nose. Even closed perfume bottles! Lipsticks are no exception and they should have a pleasing fragrance. But because we actually taste lipsticks, they should be taste-perfumed—not smell-perfumed.

Michel lipsticks meet all these requirements. Among the seven shades in which they come you will find the one that suits you. You will find that they keep the lips soft and supple. Mountain climbers who suffer from cracked lips at high altitudes, use Michel to keep their lips in good condition. You will also find that they are easy to apply, even if chilled in an ice box, yet are not affected in the least by very hot weather. You will find that they last longer because of inherent relative indelibility and because they eliminate the tendency to wet one's lips for Micheled lips feel comfortable. You will find them delightfully fragrant to smell and taste—actually appetizing. Michel lipsticks are worth trying.

B. W. A.

Tuesday, Nov. 5.—Sports Section Committee Meeting 10 a.m.

Wednesday, Nov. 6.—Red Cross Work 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. War Work Knitting 9.30 to 11.30 a.m.

Thursday, Nov. 7.—Badminton. Red Cross Work at 1288 Bubbling Well Road 9 to noon.

Friday, Nov. 8.—Red Cross Work at Headquarters 5 to 8 p.m. Red Cross Work at 1288 Bubbling Well Road 9 to noon.

Saturday, Nov. 9.—Badminton. War Work Knitting 9.30 to 11.30 a.m.

The British Women's Association Annual Service has been set for December 1, at Holy Trinity Cathedral.

The Social Service Board hope everyone will remember their jumble sale. All kinds of old clothing and household effects will be welcome for the sale.

The Sports Section are holding a badminton tournament on Monday, December 18, and wish all those taking part to send in their names as soon as possible.

Members are reminded of the bridge and mahjongg tea on November 28. Tables are $8 and may be booked at the office.

Low Heels Save Timber

Women who wear shoe-heels three inches or more high are asked to go in for lower heels in future, and thus help in winning the war. The request comes from the Timber Control Section of the Ministry of Supply, for economic experts have discovered that 50,000 tons of timber a year are used for women's shoe-heels. The experts also have their eye on mouse-traps, ice-cream spoons and clogs, and those wooden boxes and crates that come in so handy for firewood. If necessary, power will be sought to make it a punishable offence to destroy these boxes. Meanwhile a new Timber Order which increases the prices of imported timber in stock has come into effect. Expensive hard woods are up by from 20 per cent. to 25 per cent., and common soft woods, which are bulky and involve high freight and carriage costs, by more than 100 per cent. in some instances. The new prices apply to privately owned stocks but the owners will not get the extra money—that will go to the Government. The cost of imported pit props has also gone up, but the selling price to the coal industry will be roughly that of the cheaper home-grown pit props. The loss to the control will be met by a levy at the rate of 4d. a ton on sales of coal.

Mrs. WILLY

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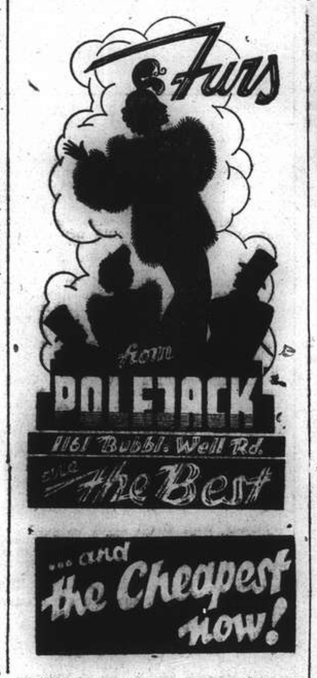

As with all things so with jewellery. The passing of time results in new styles, new modes of expression for the perennial beauty of precious stones.

Let our expert craftsmen redesign your old jewels in keeping with the spirit of the present age.

Estimates submitted without obligation.

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Sylvia's
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(French "Kéva" method)

with own-made cosmetics

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LADIES ONLY

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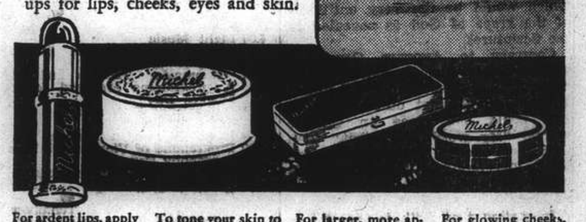
PERFECT HARMONY, PERFECT BLENDING IS YOURS WITH Michel MATCHED MAKE-UP

Bring out the Lovelier You that's no farther away than your Michel beauty aids! Michel's perfect blending, perfect harmony in matched make-up gives you fresh, fascinating, breath-taking glamour. Be your loveliest—choose Michel's harmonious make-ups for lips, cheeks, eyes and skin.



For ardent lips, apply Michel Lipstick. Blonde, Brunette, Cherry, Raspberry, Scarlet, Vivid, Cyclamen.

To tone your skin to baby-smooth softness, use Michel Face Powder. Natural, Peach, Rachel, Ochre, White.

For larger, more appealing eyes, use water-proof Michel Cosmetique. Black, Blue, Green, or Brown.

For glowing cheeks, use Michel Rouge. Blonde, Brunette, Cherry, Coral, Mandarin, Raspberry.

TO THE GIRL WHO NEVER HAS HAD A PROPOSAL . . .

"Perhaps you need a true perspiration check that neither bath nor exercise can render ineffective."

So many attractive girls make the mistake of thinking their charm is protected when in reality they may be safe for only a short time.

Liquid Odorono keeps your underarm completely dry, as well as sweet, from 1 to 3 days, brings sure freedom from even the fear of embarrassment. A doctor's prescription, it has been proved the safe and scientific way to control underarm perspiration.

ODO-RO-NO

L 3

"I never realized how attractive I could look until I began using Daggett & Ramsdell Perfect Face Powder"

To those women eager to make the most of their personal appearance, we wholeheartedly recommend Daggett & Ramsdell Perfect Face Powder. Because of the exclusive process used in its preparation, Perfect Face Powder is so light and so fine in texture that it will cling hours longer than most other face powders. It has an exquisite fragrance, and is available in six delicately tinted shades that will blend perfectly with your own natural colouring. Just what every smart woman is looking for—a face powder whose refined, velvety texture and harmonizing tints will give a well-groomed appearance—without that powdery look.

You will realize your dream of a radiant complexion if you apply Perfect Face Powder over a foundation of Daggett & Ramsdell Perfect Vanishing Cream. It will lend a perfect finish to your powder and make-up, and preserve it for hours.

Write to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., P. O. Box 611, Shanghai, for the Daggett & Ramsdell booklet on Complexion Beauty.

Perfect Cold Cream—Perfect Skin Tonic—Perfect Vanishing Cream
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Perfect Lipstick—Perfect Eyebrow Pencil—Perfect Eye Shadow

D60

NEWSPAPER REPORTER NEARLY LET HIS EDITOR DOWN

DOCTORS AND SCIENTISTS USE HORLICKS IN HOSPITAL TESTS

RECENTLY tests were made in a great hospital on men and women who complained of always feeling tired.

It was found that these people had an excess of acid waste products in their blood during sleep.

This acid waste kept the brain and nerves 'on edge' all night even though the rest of the body was sound asleep.

But when Horlicks was given to these people last thing at night, this excess acid waste was completely neutralised. They woke refreshed, with increased energy and vitality.

DO YOU FEEL WORN OUT, DEPRESSED, OR NERVY? DO YOU EVEN AWAKE TIRED?

Take HORLICKS

THEN YOU WILL SLEEP SOUNDLY—WAKE REFRESHED AND HAVE EXTRA ENERGY ALL DAY

L 7

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Letters for this column should be addressed to the Editor, North-China Daily News Office, 17 The Bund, Shanghai, and to ensure secrecy, marked "Letters to the Editor."

Local Radio:

Better Programmes Wanted

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—A matter of two weeks ago, you were kind enough to publish two letters. Under the above heading.

The writers of these two letters advocated an improvement in local radio programmes and suggested that a voluntary tax should be raised to meet the cost of same. The suggestion was(if I remember correctly) that all radio users pay a sum of $1 (local currency) per tube per year, which means that the owner of a 6 tube set would pay $6 yearly, etc.

It was also put forward that a committee might be formed to deal with this matter. The fact that you published this correspondence suggests that you are in sympathy with the scheme and no doubt you would be pleased to take an active part in forming such a committee.

However, I have not noticed any further letters on the subject and whether Shanghai Radio Users are bashful, disinterested or merely financially embarrassed remains to be seen. In spite of the apparent lack of enthusiasm on the part of local Radio owners, I noticed that a slight improvement has already been effected.

A certain Radio station has invested in quite a number of new organ records and another station mentioned no advertising during certain hours of their programmes.

This is certainly a beginning but nothing definite can be expected unless the necessary financial assistance is forth-coming.

No criticism is levelled at station X.C.D.N., as, in my opinion, their efforts to entertain the Radio public are not only greatly appreciated but their programmes compare most favourably with European stations.

I would not state that as I am in full agreement with the proposed scheme and being the owner of a 12 tube set, I herewith enclose $12, which is my subscription for one year. In the event however of nothing further being done, please hand my contribution to the British War Fund.

May I suggest that you open a subscription list, in which case all newspapers (foreign and Chinese) might follow your example.

Still Another Radio User.

Shanghai, Nov. 4.

***Still Another Radio User is completely in error in believing that publication of letters in the Correspondence Columns of this journal indicates editorial approval of their contents. The feature is an open forum in which readers, subject to certain limitations, may make public their views. This journal is not prepared to sponsor any such appeal. What is wanted is a definite scheme answering such questions as who should administer any such fund, what radio stations should benefit, and in what proportion should the money be divided amongst them.—Ed.

The Mass:

Is Faith a Gift?

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—May I say this to those who apply the words of John, Chapter 6, to the Mass: they would do well to note the 53rd verse: "Amen, I say unto you, except ye eat the flesh of the Son of Man and drink His blood, ye have no life in you." If eating and drinking of the Son of Man's blood means attending Mass, then in the light of the above verse, eternal life can be obtained only by participating in a priestly ceremony, which would be the very antithesis of the grace of God as revealed in the Scriptures.

Contrary to Another Catholic's allegation, I have not avoided Mamie's arguments. In meeting them I asked, without reply, what other construction could one place on Christ's words: "My words are spirit," than that they should be spiritually applied. Yea, our Lord emphasized this when He said: "The flesh profiteth nothing."

In stating that faith is the gift of God, Another Catholic is indulging in fanciful contradictions. How can God condemn any one for unbelief, when such unbelief is the result of His withholding faith? In the words of Sir Robert Anderson: "It is as though a maker, refusing to supply empty-handed applicants, should first dispense to each the price of a loaf, and then, in return for the money from his own till, serve out the bread!"

Faith comes by hearing the word of God. (Romans 10:17), and it is within every man's province to believe His message or reject it. It is useless for any one to quote Ephesians 2:8 to the contrary, because the true reading of that passage is: "For by grace have ye been saved through faith (feminine); and this (neuter) is not from you: of God is the gift." The gift refers not to faith, but the eternal life secured through faith in the perfect atonement made on Calvary.

[illegible]

in officiating soccer for local enthusiasts, but this certainly does not justify their incompetency. So until we have referees and linesmen who know soccer football thoroughly and who possess enough character and gumption to be fair to both sides, we shall witness further matches in which Lady Luck and the whims of officials will decide the winning teams.

Should there be more men like Archie Sinclair and S.Y. Loch refereeing, we would then derive all the pleasure associated with good soccer. When such is the case, the result of the game would only be of secondary importance, as both players and spectators alike would leave the game without feeling that one side or the other had been robbed.

On Side.

Shanghai, Nov. 4.

"Die Masken Fallen":

An Amazing Protest

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—Referring to the letter of the Jewish Relief Committee published in today's edition, I should like to state that that publication seems to me one of the most amazing political actions which I have ever experienced in Shanghai. So far as I know from the newspapers the play "Die Masken fallen" is an anti-Nazi work directed against the racial ideology of the Nazis. To call such a work a provocation which should be avoided, seems so much more amazing as, according to all information, the chairman and vice-chairman of the Jewish Committee are Dutch and British citizens. Nevertheless, they are not ashamed to struggle against the performance of a play directed against the same people who have destroyed Rotterdam and are bombing London every day. Jews who fear that something might provoke the Nazis are, indeed, rather difficult to comprehend: *"Difficile est non scribere comœdiam"!*

Dutch.

Shanghai, Nov. 3.

Youthful Pianist:

Thanks to Shanghai

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—Leaving this city, I wish to thank with all my heart my dear teacher and friend, Professor B. S. Zakharoff, the Shanghai public, Maestro Paci, the splendid Municipal Orchstra, the Shanghai press, and all my friends for their constant kindness to me, at my farewell concert particularly.

My best wishes to all. I hope to see this city again, as I shall retain of it the most grateful memories for all my life.

Vladimir Havsky

Shanghai, Nov. 4.

"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

XCDN

"The Voice of Democracy" in Shanghai
Wave wength 208m. Frequency 1440kc.
P. O. Box 483, Shanghai.

Telephones
Office 11340 Ex. 33. Studio 13786.

To-day's Programme

11.30 Broadcast in Hindustani
12.00 Dance Music
12.45 News Bulletin in English
1.00 Light Music
1.30 News Bulletin in German
2.00 Czechoslovak News Bulletin
2.30 Dance Music.
3.00 Woman and Home. Notes on "this week in the garden" by W. J. Kerr, Esq.
4.00 Light Music
4.30 Chinese Programme in Mandarin and Shanghai dialect
6.00 "Gunpowder, Treason and Plot." A programme arranged for Guy Fawkes Day
6.30 Netherlands Programme
7.00 French Programme
7.45 News Bulletin in English
8.00 Programme of Viennese Waltzes
8.30 Symphony Concert:—
The Love of Three Oranges ...... Prokofieff
Capriccio Italiano Op. 45 ...... Tchaikowsky
Petrouchka ....Igor Stravinsky
9.30 Topical Talk. "Has the Christian Way Failed"
9.45 Dance Music
10.00 "Hit and Miss meet Mr. Fawkes."
10.30 Russian Programme
11.00 German Programme
11.30-12 Dance Music

Foreign Language Broadcasts

Monday & Thursday 6.00 Polish
Tuesday 6.30 Netherlands
Wednesday 6.00 Italian
Wednesday & Friday 6.30 Czech
Saturday 6.00 Spanish
Sunday 6.00 Hungarian

FRENCH BROADCASTING STATION

FFZ

[illegible]

BY SAPAJOU

The Grand Gala

S.V.C. Orders

Week End Camps:—Arrangements have now been made whereby Units may sleep in Camp instead of having to return to S.V.C. Headquarters on Saturday nights, provided Camp Standing Orders are strictly complied with. Personnel of Units should bring some form of light mattress, in addition to their blankets, to place on the wire mesh beds.

Headquarters Offices—Closing of:—All offices at corps headquarters will be closed on November 12. Any matter of an urgent nature occurring during this period will be dealt with by the Officer on duty who may be communicated with by ringing up in the first instance telephone 12879.

Transfers:—(Acive to "A" Class Res.):—The undermentioned are transferred from active list to "A" Class Reserve with effect from October 29. Interpreter Company.—Corporal P. C. Fung, Private S. S. Chen.

Amendments:—Reference Corps Routine Order No. 46, para 282, dated October 28, 1940:—under Transfers:—Delete Corporal T. H. Chang, substitute Corporal T. H. Chang is transferred from Interpreter Company to Chinese Company with effect from October 24.

Strength:—Increase:—The undermentioned is taken on the strength of the Corps as under:—"A" Battalion:—Scottish Company.—Pte. P. L. Murray October 31. Decrease:—The undermentioned are taken off the strength of the Corps as under:—Corps Cavalry:—American Troop:—Troopers A. Bagg October 31; J. A. Pollon October 28; A. C. Chapin October 28. Corps Troops:—Signals Company.—Sgm. A. F. Bailey October 30. "C" M. G. Company.—Sgt. H. Noether October 31. Transport Company.—Pte. W. Taboryski October 30. "A" Battalion:—Scottish Company.—Pte. J. D. Riddell ("A" Cl. Res.) October 30. Light Automatic (A.D.) Company.—Pte. S. C. Bayles October 30. "B" Battalion:—American Company:—Privates C. C. Johnson October 30; G. B. Holmes October 30; P. D. Zelberg October 29. Philippine Company.—Pte. W. Bersouza October 28.

Leave:—Scottish Company.—Lieutenant J. Robertson from 1-11-40 to 30-11-40.

America Must Face Facts

Gen. John Joseph Pershing recently celelrated his 80th birthday. After Franklin Roosevelt had presented him the only military award he had not previously received, the Distinguished Service Cross, the erect, silver-haired, kindly-faced old man walked into his darkened War Department office. On its walls hung oil portraits of the five U. S. Generals of the Armies: Washington, Grant, Sherman, Sheridan, Pershing.

Quizzed by a battery of surrounding newshawks, he had slow, measured words of hope for the British. Later, in a broadcast, the had a sober, grim warning for Americans: "We must face the facts of today....The danger is imminent....To meet it we must pledge ourselves anew to fulfill our obligations to the nation, and again avow eternal devotion to the principles of liberty and justice upon which this nation rests."

B.B.C. (London)

[illegible]

French Girl "Conscripts"

Rounded-up by Nazis and Sent Away from Homes

French priests and mayors have been pleading in vain with the German authorities to return to their mothers thousands of French girls who have been sent to German "Labour Camps," says the "Sunday Chronicle."

When the German troops marched in, girls were rounded up and told that they would be conscripted for service. They were then sent to towns which the Germans had already occupied, or to other towns inside Germany.

To lessen the scandal which arose in the occupied areas, the parents were told that the girls would be well paid, and that they would be allowed to send part of their earnings home.

On arrival at their destinations, the girls joined thousands of girls from Poland and other occupied countries.

The majority are shop girls, factory girls and peasant girls.

News has leaked through to parents that some of them have already committed suicide rather than obey their German masters. In other cases the parents have been curtly informed that the girls have died.

Non-Commissioned Offices System for Red

Moscow, Nov. 4.

The non-commissioned officer system is to be introduced into the Soviet Army immediately. The object of this is to strengthen discipline and to increase the authority of junior officers.

Ranks to be introduced are corporal, lance-sergeant, sergeant, senior sergeant, and warrant officer. The new system is part of the reform policy of Marshal Timoshenko, Commissar of Defence.

After three years' service, non-commissioned officers may be promoted to the commissioned rank of junior lieutenant.—Reuter.

WANTED TO PURCHASE AND FOR SALE

We purchase all kinds of blackwood highclass furniture, carpets, pianos, typewriters, radios, household effects, damaged metals and godown stock at a fair price. We also sell the abovementioned goods at the lowest prices. (Only a little profit is added on the cost of what we purchased.) Apply to the Chesterfield Art Second-hand Goods Store, 169 Bubbling Well Road, telephone 36[illegible].

Seventy Years Ago

From the "North-China Daily News" of November 5, 1870

As the end of the season is arriving, the several steamers are carrying away more than the usual number of persons leaving Newchwang for the winter; and from one cause and another, the port will soon be completely changed. The new British Consul, Mr. Adkins, and Mr. McKean, replace Mr. King and Mr. Middleton. The agents of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Mr. Hill, Mr. A. Knight, of Messrs. Knight & Co. and Mr. Cohen, agent of Messrs. D. Sassoon Sons & Co., are all gone or going for good. On the occasion of the departure of the latter, all the Chinese merchants of the town unanimously presented him with two testimonials—inscriptions on cloth and silk hangings, accompanied with valuable furs—in token of their respect and friendship for the house and its representative. This may be taken as a sign of the friendly disposition of the merchant class here, to foreigners and specially to those who move amongst them in a sociable way. These testimonials are rarely given publicly, as this was done to Mr. Cohen, for the reason perhaps that few care or are able to deal with the Chinese in such a manner. These expressions of good will are however, very valuable commercially speaking, for those to whom they are made. The Chinese merchants are a very conservative class, and once they have given a hong or an individual a good name, it carries great weight with themselves and the traders all round, and as a matter of course extension of business follows the good-will.

Mirrors on Ground To Help Raiders

Fifth Column Activity Discovered by Wardens

What is believed to be a new Fifth Column attempt to aid enemy bombers has been discovered recently by the vigilance of air-raid wardens in a town in North-West England, says the "Daily Telepraph."

They were walking over a little-frequented open space when they noticed lying in the grass an oblong piece of highly-polished metal with strong reflective powers. A search revealed many more, and later others were found over a much wider area.

Experts who have since investigated the matter believe that the mirrors had been deliberately placed to indicate by reflection of flares dropped by night raders that an important military objective lay near.

An analysis of one of them has shown that the metal is untarnishable, and would therefore retain its high reflective powers for an indefinite time, even when exposed to all weathers on open ground.

"They are not mere pieces of scrap metal," said one of the wardens "but perfectly cut and polished reflectors While being of great value to night fliers using flares, they are not so likely to be spotted by wardens police or Home Guards on patrol as lights flashed from the ground."

Minor Injuries

Accidents occur almost daily with children, resulting in cuts, scratches. burns, scalds, bruises. For the curative treatment of all such minor injuries there is nothing better than

SHE-KO

Applied immediately after the wound has been thoroughly cleansed. the antiseptic properties prevent infection and healing quickly follows Equally good for eczema, itch, ringworm, sores, chapped lips and hands and skin complaints generally. At all chemists.

Soothing-Antiseptic-Curative.

A Coming Event?

You may be interested to have a sample of Allenburys—the modern Food for Infants

★ SEND COUPON FOR OUR 175pp. "WEE BABYCRAFT" AND FREE SAMPLE

Allen & Hanburys Ltd. 110 Hankow Road, Shanghai

Please be sure to fill in your baby's birthday

Mrs. ....

of ....

....

Baby's Birthday was ....

Baby is expecting about ....

NF3

CONCENTRATED—THEREFORE ECONOMICAL

[illegible]

KOLYNOS

[illegible]

COURVOISIER

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AUCTIONS

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88 MUSEUM ROAD, SHANGHAI.

In Rear Salesroom—Now On View

To-day, Tuesday, November 5, 1940 at 9.30 a.m.

Kitchen utensils. Lamps, Necklace, rings, Old embroidery, New napkins and table cloth, swing machines, Electric ware, Gent's and ladies Fur, woollen Overcoats, winter suits, hats, shoes, clothing, raincoats, gramophones, Radios, pictures, Thermometers, Watches, Tables, desks, cabinets, chairs, trunks, and etc.

also will be sold at 11.30 a.m.

34 DRUMS PAINTS (DAMAGED)

NOW ON VIEW

In Main Salesroom—Now On View

On Wednesday, November 6, 1940, at 9.30 a.m.

Excellent New Manila Hardwood and Steel Office Furniture, Handsomely Carved Blackwood and In-Moh Furniture, Very Heavy Peiping Carpets and Rugs, Genuine Jade Lacquered High Screens, Cabinets, Low Tables, Old Chinese Curios, Carved Ivory, Agate and Amber Ornaments, Heavy Bronze Ware, Iron Safe, Radio, Grand Father Chime Clock, Moutrie Piano and Sundries

including:

1 French Tapestry upholstered Drawing Room Suite with Chromium Frames,
2 Modern Style Manila Hardwood Dining Room Suites with Chromium Fittings,
2 Latest Style Double and Single Bedroom Suites, with Bedsteads—to match,
1 Remington Typewriter,
A collection of Finely Carved Chinese Blackwood Including Writing Desk, Arm Chairs, Square and Round Tables, Teapoys, Jardiniere Stands, etc.

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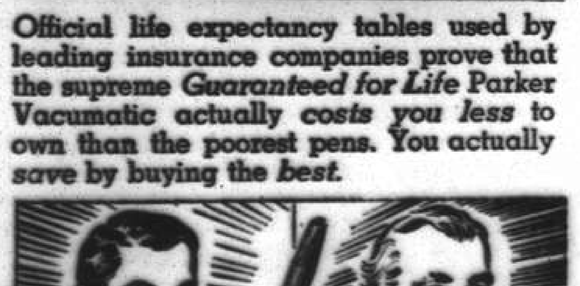
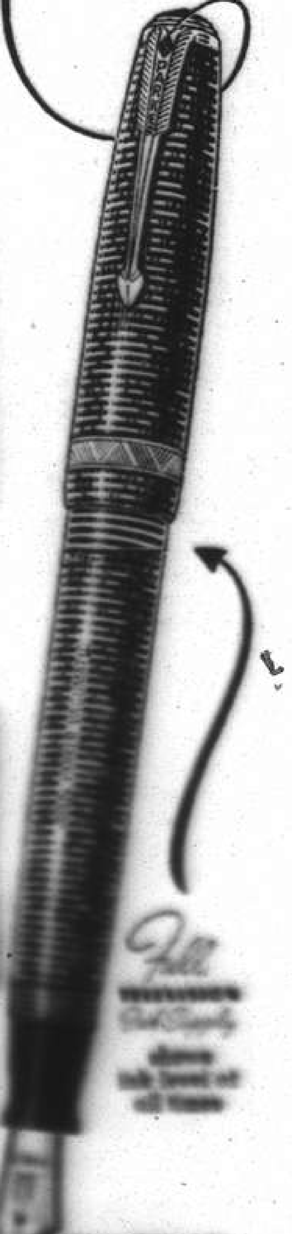
NEW "GUARANTEED FOR LIFE" PARKER VACUMATIC COSTS LESS THAN POOREST PENS!

Parker Vacumatic Pens marked with the Blue Diamond on the Arrow Clip are Guaranteed for Life

Official life expectancy tables used by leading insurance companies prove that the supreme *Guaranteed for Life* Parker Vacumatic actually *costs you less* to own than the poorest pens. You actually *save* by buying the *best.*



Once you become the owner of this jewel-like Vacumatic you'll never have to buy another pen. Parker's Blue Diamond mark *guarantees* it for lifelong service. And the gruelling torture tests it has passed *prove* it will really *last for life.*



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Parker VACUMATIC

[illegible]

North-China Daily News
Articles and letters intended for publication in the news columns of the paper should be addressed to the Editor and not to individuals.

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL.

NOT TIME FOR PEACE

If indeed it was the hope of the dictators to subdue Greece in the space of a few days, in order to announce the completion of the "new order in Europe" combining it with a peace offensive in the United States for the purpose of influencing the presidential election, the events of the last few days have proved them to be unjustifiedly sanguine. If they really believed they could overrun Greece in about a week they have badly underestimated the worth of their opponents, and must also have taken it for granted that Great Britain would not immediately go to the aid of the country attacked. It seems to have been an article of faith that Brita'n would not assist any of those countries to which she had given guarantees against Axis aggression, but when the facts are examined it is only in the case of Poland,—and that for perfectly obvious geographical reasons,—that Britain has not sought to aid victims of aggression. In Norway it failed because the Germans had the advantage of the initiative, and succeeded in seizing all the air bases in the country before the British had an opportunity of reaching them. In the Low Countries the British Army was seriously imperilled when it was rushed together with French forces into Belgium in the hope of stemming the German invasion of that country, and indeed it may safely be said that it ran risks which subsequent events show should never have been run. The enemy appears to have misread these facts, and apparently Italy embarked upon the invasion of Greece thinking to polish that country off within a week, presenting the world with another *fait accompli*, and permitting Hitler to get on with that peace offensive which it was hoped would influence the elections in the United States.

If that were indeed the plan, it has failed egregiously, for now it is much too late for anything that Hitler may do to have any effect upon the presidential election. Had the manœuvre been successfully carried through, and the peace offensive begun it is doubtful whether the United States would have been greatly moved, because messages from Washington state that the declaration by the First Lord of the Admiralty, that Britain is not interested in any negotiated peace, was particularly welcomed in view of reports that Hitler was sending new peace terms to America. This is most certainly not the time for Britain to talk peace with the enemy. As Mr. Alexander pointed out, in his broadcast to the Empire, the road to victory is beginning to define itself, and even if it proves a long and hard road the British can afford to take the time to win. That Germany and Italy cannot. It will be when that road has been travelled, when Great Britain will be in the position to do the necessary talking, that the time to discuss peace will have arrived, but no cessation of the war, which resolved itself merely into an armistice during which preparations for another struggle were to be made by an undefeated enemy, can in the circumstances possibly be acceptable. Indeed it is doubtful whether even the pacificist elements in the United States would warmly espouse any such thing, for even they have been brought to a realization that the only chance of the world being brought back to sanity, and the rule of law, as distinct from the sway of brute force, lies in the complete defeat of the aggressor Powers.

The conclusion is unescapable that even if Hitler could have put through the scheme he is alleged to have conceived it would have been an abject failure, not only because it fails to take into consideration the spirit of the British people, but also because it would have ignored the great hostility towards the Axis Powers which at present exists in the public opinion of the United States. If the Dictators can think up nothing better, than what they have been reported to have done, they must be politically bankrupt. They wantonly brought this war upon Europe because they thought they were powerful enough to get away with it. That successes were obtained in the early part of the struggle cannot be denied for one moment, but the enemy could not make them complete nor consolidate them in peace, and they now face a war lasting perhaps years,—if that is necessary to ensure a British victory,—from the results of which they would dearly like to escape. They will not be allowed to. Posterity, nay civilization itself demands that the rule of law shall be reestablished, that those who fancy that in these enlightened days free people will assent to the doctrine that right is might shall be thoroughly and permanently disillusioned, and that international morality, without which the world must surely degenerate, shall be completely vindicated. There is not a reasonably minded person in the whole world who does not wish that a speedy end shall be put to the slaughter and destruction that this war has meant, and will continue to mean, but a shoddy peace made in Germany would indeed prove a bad bargain. Britain is prepared to pay a higher price for a more satisfactory article.

THAT OTHER GUY

Guy Fawkes' day! Really, it should have been observed yesterday, for while it was planned to blow up the Houses of Parliament on November 5, 1605, the plot was foiled on the night of November 4. But, perhaps, it is just as well that November 5 is retained, because, after all, the old "Please to remember the fifth of November," would sound so queerly if "fourth" had been substituted for "fifth." That most handy reference book "Brewer's Dictionary of Phrase and Fable" describes a guy as "An effigy of a man stuffed with combustibles and supposed to represent Guy Fawkes, carried round in procession and finally burnt on November 5th in memory of Gunpowder Plot; hence any dowdy, fantastic figure, 'a fright.'" All of which leads to a pleasant thought that perhaps today, somewhere in England, small boys have fashioned, and will be carrying round their guys modelled on a figure unpleasantly prominent in Europe at the present moment, the man who in September last year said he had put on his uniform as a soldier and would not take it off until victory was his. The odds are that he has broken this promise too. Indeed it is to be hoped that he has, for, if not, his entourage,—not that they deserve much sympathy,—must find proximity to him somewhat overpowering, and likely to become more so as the days go by.

It is probable that small boys, and for that matter small girls with them, [illegible] will have fashioned a figure of fun, surmounting it with a mask recognizable by the small moustache and the [illegible] forelock as an effigy—not of Charlie Chaplin. With it they will be parading the streets, not with an exhortation to remembrance, but shouting the old refrain:

> Guy! Guy! Guy!
> Hit him in the eye.
> Hang him to a lamp post
> And there let him die.

And if that does not bring the nimble pennies out of the pockets of those who also were young once, it is difficult to know what would. Not, of course,—to please the unco guid,—that they should sing their refrain in any vengeful spirit, but rather that they should do so in a perfectly Christian spirit merely rebuking evil without committing it themselves. For the children will probably not be allowed bonfires, nor fireworks in the nightly blackout, and all that it will be possible to do will be to take the "dowdy, fantastic figure" to the nearest lamp post and there perform those final rites which were so deftly carried out in days gone by by the famous Jack Ketch. Yes, the Guy will have to be hanged this year, unless of course he is burned in the light of day, a wholly unsatisfactory proceeding so far as the youngsters would be concerned. Perhaps after all the lamp post would be better, for then the guy could be left hanging like the felons were at Tyburn, a reminder of the man who delights in larger fireworks with which to slaughter children, though after all there is a great deal to be said for the bonfire, even in the day time, for then the kiddies could dance round it and chant their glee as they see Hitler getting littler in the flames.

There will undoubtedly be those who disapprove of any such sentiments. They will plead that it is all so redolent of black magic, the fashioning of an effigy in a spirit even of childish revenge and burning it in the hope that as the image fades away so will the apostle of tyranny follow suit. Indeed if there were anything in the black art,—and unfortunately there is not,—it would have been much cheaper to have adopted the mystic rite than waste all that money on munitions of war.

On further thought there is something to be said for Guy Fawkes. At least he was the active participant in a perfectly clean plot, as plots go, for it was not levelled against women and children. That cannot be said of his Nazi counterpart whose evil actions smell as badly as his uniform must by now,—that is, it must be again emphasized, if he has not broken his promise. He may not come to the end which the original Guy did, but it has been made quite clear by those controlling the destinies of Britain, that the struggle will be continued against him until, to quote that most useful Brewer again, Hitler is forced to "do a guy," in other words, according to the same authority "to do a bunk," for which precedent has already been established.

The Weak Link

While the Italian army, true to old-established tradition, may be forced to call in another army (this time the German) to help it out of its difficulties in Albania and Greece, it is interesting to take a peep at conditions inside Mussolini's Fascist state as the Italian section of the Axis struggles on in the war against Great Britain—a war that has brought nothing home for the Italians to rave about up to the present time. Some idea of conditions in Italy was given recently by the captain of a Turkish ship, which was transporting cement from Africa to France shortly after the capitulation of France and the entry of Italy into the war. After taking refuge in Barcelona and in various Italian ports, the ship safely reached Istanbul after a long voyage. In Spain, the captain said, the crew of his ship found no meat, coffee or tea and there was very little sugar. Bread was of a poor quality. In Italy conditions were no better. Meat was rare and usually very dear when it could be found. Two and a half Turkish liras (about 10s) was the price for two pounds. Coffee and sugar were unprocurable and sugar was strictly rationed. Each person was allowed half a pound of bread daily, but it was of bad quality and could not be eaten by the crew of the Turkish ship. When cut it crumbled into powder. Tobacco was rare and there was a large trade in tobacco retrieved from butts thrown away on the streets and in houses of entertainment. The sailors on this Turkish ship were offered the equivalent of 75 Turkish piastres for boxes of tobacco purchased in Turkey for ten piastres. No better off than the people in Italy, if the war continues for a long time, are Italian troops in Africa, who need huge supplies to sustain their war effort. Enough supplies have been stored in Italian possessions in Africa to keep this army going for quite a long period of time, but even these supplies must vanish unless some spectacular victory over the British can be won. This seems to be a vain hope and with British control of the Mediterranean unhindered and with Italian troops meeting with little or no success at the present time in Greece, it appears that Mussolini as a partner in the Axis, will require plenty of help from Hitler or else....There is no doubt that Italy is a weak link in the Axis chain and its weakness is now being exposed to the world.

ALONG THE HIGHWAYS

Nov. 2.—Looking through a large gate on Tifeng Road, we saw masses of lovely Chrysanthemums in flower: the scene was reminiscent of a Flower Show. We turned the corner into Bubbling Well Road and shortly found ourselves entering a garden. Passing some beautiful Cedar trees on the east side of the residence we were confronted with the very effective display of blooms that had attracted our attention from Tifeng Road. On the terrace and in stone vessels were numerous cascade-trained plants while on a wide pathway below, were a large number of "table top" Chrysanthemums and many plants grown in a more natural way. We counted fifty "table tops" and standing guard over these and the garden generally, were two massive marble Lions. Flower beds were arranged on the grass slope between the terrace and the pathway and the scene was most impressive. As usual, we had to find what we considered to be the best plants: it was no easy task. Our choice for first place was a pot of the variety known as "Lilac Lotus": there were many pots of the same variety but we decided that one with comparatively few flowers open (there were only fifty of them) was the best of all. Our choice for second place was a plant bearing sixty blooms of a charming colour: the petals were light red above and a golden shade below: a very attractive combination. There were several anemone-centred blooms that we also liked and a pink and white mottled variety that looked peculiar. There were naturally grown plants of this variety, each bearing over a hundred semi-double flowers and these, we thought, were superior to the heavier blooms on the "table tops." Our old friend, "Nee King Ball" bearing the real incurved type of flowers was not quite at its best: the plants were five feet high however, and bearing about forty blooms each; this number is quite good for the variety. As we strolled across the wide expanse of lawn, we imagined that we were walking on a thick Peking carpet: the lawn was so good. Planted in a wide border on the east side of the lawn were hundreds of Dahlias in many colours and of numerous types. However, we liked that old favourite single "Dazzle" best and it would appear that hundreds of bees and black-spotted butterflies had tastes similar to ours for they were very busy extracting nectar from the flowers. This variety of Dahlia also blends well with the scarlet Canna: there were many of these plants in the border. Large goldfish were disporting themselves in an ornamental pool on the south side of the lawn, under the shade of two very weeping Willow trees, while nearby we noticed several large Bay Laurels (*Laurus nobilis*) the leaves of which are generally associated with rice puddings in England. We saw several "Red Letter Day" and "Karen" and Elsa Poulsen" roses in bloom in the rose garden and behind the alpine garden, which was full of plants so dear to the heart of the gardening enthusiast, we noticed a huge Myrtle tree (*Myrtle communis*). The leaves of this attractive tree have aromatic properties. We observed several other trees and shrubs with scented leaves and, at some future date, we hope to describe some of these, for they add so much to the charm of a garden.—W.J.K.

AUTOCRAT OF 'MONEYBAGS'

Gets Four Fortunes for Social Service

A wonderful attraction for money had Abraham Flexner. For 30 years the fattest moneybags in the U. S. opened to his touch. He loosened up no mean part of the Rockefeller, Carnegie, Eastman and Morgan fortunes, channelled them into U. S. education, says "Time." In his recent autobiography, "I Remember," billiard-bald, wizened Dr. Flexner, 73, explained how he did it. Louisville-born Abraham Flexner got a job with the Carnegie Foundation in 1908. His first assignment was to investigate the 155 U. S. and Canadian medical schools. His now famous report enabled him to get [illegible] of Rockefeller money to build up a great U. S. medical school at Johns Hopkins, his alma mater, and eventually revolutionized U. S. medical education. It also called him to the attention of Mr. John D. Rockefeller, jun.

Shocked at vice conditions in New York City, which he had investigated as a grand-jury chairman, Mr. Rockefeller prevailed upon Dr. Flexner to make a study of prostitution in Europe, a job for which, Dr. Flexner protested, he was "absolutely without qualifications." Nevertheless, Dr. Flexner pitched in, conscientiously toured brothels and red-light districts in eight European countries. To his wife, Playwright Anne Crawford ("Mrs. Wiggs of the Cabbage Patch"), Dr. Flexner faithfully sent reports of his investigations. Excerpt (from an interview with a prostitute): "When I left, I gave her a few gold pieces.....She inquired very kindly 'Is this all?' meaning obviously did I ask nothing more. 'Yes,' I replied. 'Why,' she said, 'then you are not a man; you are an angel.' 'No,' I objected, 'I am a man all right.'"

The upshot of this assignment: New York City was "swept clean" of streetwalkers and Dr. Flexner got a key to the Rockefeller millions. In his fifteen years on the Rockefeller General Education Board, Dr. Flexner helped create top-notch medical schools all over the U. S., launched progressive Lincoln School, steered the Rockefeller wealth into many another exemplary enterprise. When he retired from G. E. B. in 1928, philanthropists refused to give him peace, implored him to spend their money. At the urging of the Newark merchant, Mr. Louis Bamberger, Dr. Flexner took $5,000,000 to start the Institute for Advanced Study in Princeton, New Jersey, got Albert Einstein to leave Germany to do research at his institute. Last October, (1939), having spent all the loose cash in sight, Dr. Flexner finally retired for good.

Autobiographical Anecdotes

Dr. Flexner livens his autobiography with many anecdotes illustrating his money-raising methods. Samples:

One day in 1919 he proposed to Mr. Frederick T. Gates, a good friend of Mr. Rockefeller, sen., that John D. give $50,000,000 for medical education. Mr. Gates: "Write a memorandum ....to Mr. Rockefeller." Dr. Flexner: "How much will he read?" Mr. Gates: "Oh, five pages." Dr. Flexner: "Very well, I shall try to get it into four." A few months later Mr. Rockefeller's counsel handed Dr. Flexner a note pledging $20,000,000, asked what Dr. Flexner intended to do with it. Replied Dr. Flexner: "Not much until we get the other $30,000,000." He got the $50,000,000.

Visiting archæologist Harold H. Nelson in the Egyptian desert, Dr. Flexner asked whether Mr. Nelson's daughter Irene had a donkey. Mr. Nelson replied that he could not afford it, explained that if he bought a donkey (price $50) and stayed in Egypt long enough to enjoy it, he would also need a stable, stable boy, books, a fire and ant-proof library, a photographer, many another item of archæological equipment. Total cost of donkey: $400,000. Dr. Flexner told the story to Mr. Julius Rosenwald and the G. E. B., raised the $400,000, cabled Mr. Nelson: "Buy Irene a donkey."

One day Mr. J. P. Morgan summoned Dr. Flexner, offered to give the Lying-In Hospital in Manhattan to the G. E. B.-aided Cornell Medical School. Dr. Flexner: "Do you run a deficit?" Mr. Morgan: "....about $50,000." Dr. Flexner replied that he would advise Cornell to decline. "Decline four or five million dollars?" exclaimed Mr. Morgan. Dr. Flexner: "Mr. Morgan, have you ever read 'Potash and Perlmutter?'" Mr. Morgan: "No." Dr. Flexner: "...They were making a schedule of their assets and liabilities....Potash cried out: 'Von 1902 Cadillac.' 'Vat,' replied Perlmutter....'Von 1902 Cadillac ain't no asset. It is a liability.'" Thereupon Dr. Flexner proposed to accept the hospital if Mr. Morgan added $2,000,000 to its endowment, observed: "You will never get out of this hole any cheaper." Two days later, Mr. Morgan gave in.

Dr. Flexner visited Mr. George Eastman at home in Rochester, for two hours earnestly outlined a scheme to build a $10,000,000 medical school at University of Rochester. Impressed, Mr. Eastman said he could spare $2,500,000. Dr. Flexner: "There's no hurry. Wait till you sell more Kodaks." Few days later Mr. Eastman summoned Dr. Flexner from Manhattan, offered $3,500,000. Dr. Flexner shook his head, returned to Manhattan. Few weeks later, Mr. Eastman called him again, announced: "I shall make one more offer and then I never want to see your face again." The offer: $5,000,000, if G. E. B. put up the rest. This time Dr. Flexner accepted. Cried Mr. Eastman: "You are the best salesman I have ever seen."

WAR FUND BAROMETER

The Voluntary War Contribution Fund has been open for 123 days and there have been 3,349 contributors. The War Savings Association has been open for 129 days and there have been 880 contributors. The latest totals follow:

Fund	Amount	Contributed
Central British War Fund	240.00	£45,044. 6. 0*
Vol. War Contribution Fund	9,143.51	77,620. 2. 3§
War Savings Association	4,290.50	23,459. 6. 7‡

*—Including weekly transfers from CN$ to £.
§—Including daily transfers from CN$ into £.
‡—Including monthly transfers from CN$ into £.

IN PARENTHESIS

How's That

OUTSIDE the fort's main entrance, there is a junk pile of tin cans and hundreds of mineral water bottles. Nearby is a football field littered with tiny bits of shrapnel. In one of the machine-gun nests stands compiled by Gen. Rodolfo Corselli for the spiritual benefit of the Italian troops in Cyrenaica.

"Discipline and the spirit of a rickety kitchen chair in a scattering of used bullet casings.—New York "Post."

* * *

Dr. Mortimer Post

IT is customary in all the big hospitals to notify the staff when an interesting post-mortem is to take place. It would be too blatant to have somebody shout "Post-mortem! Post-mortem!" through the public-address system, and the usual solution is to pass the word along from doctor to doctor. At one hospital, however, they have found a way to announce it over the loudspeakers. "Calling Dr. Post." the loudspeaker says, whenever something interesting is afoot in the autopsy room. "Calling Dr. Mortimer Post."

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Both Presidential Candidates Favour Firm Policy in East

Continuation of Present Attitude Considered Likely Regardless of Election Outcome

Washington, Nov. 4.

BEST indications on the eve of the United States Presidential election are that the victorious candidate, whether Mr. Franklin D. Roosevelt or Mr. Wendell L. Willkie, will champion a firm Far Eastern policy, including the vigourous defence of American rights and the granting of more aid to China.

This is the Roosevelt policy today but many factors indicate that it will be Mr. Willkie's purpose also if he wins his way to the White House in the balloting tomorrow.

Foremost of these factors was Mr. Willkie's advocacy, during his campaign, of economic aid to assure a "free, strong, democratic and progressive China." This, he said, would best serve American ends in the Pacific. Secondly, he proposed acquisition and development of new air bases in the Pacific "for protection of our interest in that ocean."

Thirdly, he insisted upon greater aid to Great Britain, whose strength indirectly, but effectively, contributes to the support of the American viewpoint in East Asia.

Fourthly, Mr. Wilkie has pledged even greater and more effective military preparedness in the United States. Although this does not necessarily affect the Far Eastern policy, it is a diplomatic axiom that a nation's voice in diplomacy increases as its armed power grows in ratio to that of other nations. A stronger armed United States would ipso facto have better chances of sustaining its Far Eastern interests. Finally, the Republican Party, which Mr. Willkie now leads, already has a record for firm stands in the Pacific, including the "non-recognition" doctrine established by the last Secretary of State, Col. Henry L. Stimson, War Secretary now.

Nine-Power Treaty Upheld

It was Republican leadership during the Harding administration which negotiated te Nine Power Treaty, present keystone of American policy in the Far East, with its provisions for the "open door" in China and respect for the "territorial and administrative integrity" of that country.

The strongest of recent United States protests against Japanese violation of American rights in the Far East have been based on this treaty. Many impartial observers doubt that Mr. Willkie would turn away from this basic Far Eastern policy adopted by his party predecessors.

As further indication of Mr. Willkie's attitude many observers point to his denunciations of aggressors and dictator nations. Japan is partner of the dictator nations. Germany and Italy. Therefore, it is presumed that his disapproval of them extends in part at least to Japan's programme.

The major difference in the handling of American policy toward the Far East if Mr. Willkie is elected would be the element of time, according to impartial observers.

President Roosevelt, having been in office eight years, with his Cabinet already organized and in possession of information on all steps which have been taken for many months in the Far East, is in a position to move much more quickly along a chosen line of action, it is said.

Mr. Willkie would not be inaugurated until January 20, and after that would be compelled to select a Cabinet, attend to many problems of organzing a new administration and familiarizing himself in detail with overseas events.

Those who fear that the United States is headed for a big crisis in the Pacific basin, involving drastic economic steps, possibly a fleet movement to Singapore and, in the last resort, a clash with Japan, feel that it would be delayed at least if Mr. Willkie were elected.

War Said Less Likely

In addition to the factors mentioned above, they point out Mr. Willkie's repeated assertion that he will not take America to war unless the people want it. This and similar statements have earned for him among a considerable number of voters, rightly or wrongly, the reputation as a leader less likely to involve the nation in war than President Roosevelt.

The same type of voter and, indeed, some impartial observers, believe that Mr. Roosevelt has felt so strongly for so long the violation of American rights in the Far East that he would feel less restrained about the use of force to protect them than would a new President. The same observers contend that he might also regard his reelection as a peoples' mandate to accelerate his foreign policies. If so, he might also come to a real Far Eastern crisis sooner, it is contended in some quarters.

Compared with these charges against Mr. Roosevelt, are complaints against Mr. Willkie that his inexperience might lead him into serious mistakes. Some persons also charge that he is "reckless" and might soon involve the nation in a conflict because of that. The voters have heard all these arguments and tomorrow they will decide, but it appears they will be swayed mostly by matters of domestic consideration and of war possibilities generally rather than explicit Far Eastern affairs, since distinction between the candidates in the field are somewhat vague.—United Press.

Hard Winter Ahead For Hankow

Cost of Living Doubles Within Two Months in Northern City

Hankow, Nov. 4.

Most of the population of Hankow face a cheerless winter. For the poorer classes the coming months will be a time of considerable privation, due to the alarming way the cost of living here is soaring.

The price of rice, for example, continues to rise. Although "officially" the price is $40 a picul, none may be had under $80. Since September 1, the price has doubled itself. It has never before reached the figure of $80 per picul. The poor and many of the middle class, obviously unable to buy rice, live on other and cheaper cereals, and beans, but under-nourishment is daily and painfully visible.

Hoarding by unscrupulous merchants is now definitely known to exist, and has been referred to openly in the "Wuhan Pao," the leading local Chinese newspaper. As yet, no specific legislation exists for price control of the grain. However, a meeting of certain officials in the Municipal Government headed by the Secretary-General, Mr. Yang En-wai, has taken place, at which the problem was discussed. It is reported that a Price Assessment Committee has been established, also an organization for the efficient transportation and distribution of rice from the areas where it is grown. The local man-in-the-street, however, continues to remain sceptical of the ultimate value of these latest plans.

Commodity Prices Double

Other staples, such as beans, salt, pork, etc., are double the price they were a month or two ago. The reasons for the general increases in prices are identical with those pertaining to the rice problem: difficulties and actual prohibition of imports from the unoccupied areas (sources of supply) to the occupied; pass problems; guerilla activities; and, it is stated on good authority, export by the Japanese military. The general situation has doubtless many features in common with that obtaining in Shanghai.

The problem concerning coal seems insoluble. The price has been rising steadily over a period of months and has now reached the stratospheric heights of $500 per ton in the retail market. Even at that price one is lucky to find supplies. Coal here is a monopoly, largely held by Mitsui Bussan Kaisha, and although there is an "official" rate per ton of Y130 ($195), one is about as successful at obtaining it at this rate as buying rice at the "official" rate.

Firewood is also hard to get.—Reuter.

THE STAGE

"Aurora Borealis"

Professor ..... Tourenin
Elizabeth ..... Malinina
Victor ..... Mouravieff
Annette ..... Nevskaya
Suzie ..... Suzanne
Mala ..... Goriansky
Chinese Boy ..... Tolokonsky

A full house at the Lyceum Theatre on Sunday witnessed the initial performance of "Aurora Borealis," an entertaining musical sketch in one act with Messrs. Tourenin and Mouravieff and Miss Nevskaya in the leading roles. Several catchy tunes, including "Beautiful Love," were rendered by the stars, while the dancers performed the "Dance of Icicles" in a very pleasing manner. A few technical errors were noticed, but these did not diminish the pleasure one got out of it. Miss Suzanne, well-known to Shanghai Night Club enthusiasts, thrilled with her dancing and the applause she received was fully justified. A really amusing performance was given by Tolokonsky, in the role of a Chinese cook, his accent and mannerisms being almost perfect. The second part of the revue was devoted to ten numbers, the best being the rendering of the rhumba by Oleg Lundstrem and his orchestra, who supplied the music for the whole show, and the solo dancing of Miss Suzanne, her "Siamese Priestess" may be rightly said to be one of the most beautiful pieces of choreographic art ever to be performed here. Her interpretation of a devilkin in her next number was a masterpiece, the young star showing that she was not only adept at dancing, but that she was an expert actress. The Cossack Dance by Miss Svetlova was well received both by the Russian and foreign portions of the audiepce. The second part of the show also included song solos by Krochinsky, who, it may be said, was better in semi-classical arias than in jazz songs. The third part of the revue began with a study in swing by the orchestra, the musicians excelling themselves in rendering Oleg Lundstrem's own composition. Several other numbers were presented before the show was over, with the "Toy Soldier" of Miss Svetlova to tapdance on a drum pleasing the audience to the extent that the dancer was forced to repeat before the public was satisfied. The only thing wrong with the revue was the length of the intervals, which forced the curtain to fall for the last time at 12.15 a.m.—I.M.

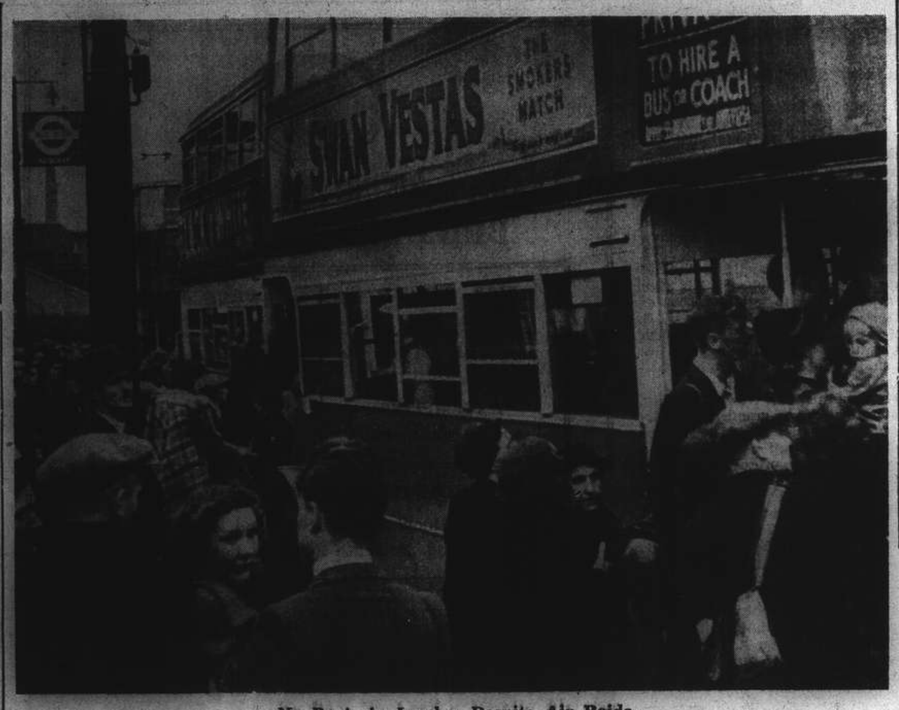
Argentine President Asks For Pilots

Buenos Aires, Nov. 4.

Dr. Ramon S. Castillo, the acting President of Argentina, yesterday appealed for 5,000 aeroplane pilots from among the nation's youth.

Dr. Castillo said the pilots would "serve the permanent interests of the Republic and defend the country if necessary."

The aviation programme is part of Argentina's vast rearmament programme pending before its legislature.—United Press.



No Panic in London Despite Air Raids.

As the picture shows there is no panic among Londoners even though the British capital has had no respite from air bombings for months. Here Londoners wait for their buses in an orderly manner as German bombers cruise over the capital and its outskirts. Their courage has filled the world with praise.

River Boats Sold For $500,000

Sale of Portuguese Boats To Japanese Interests Said Concluded

The sale of five boats flying the Portuguese flag to Japanese shipping interests here will involve a total purchase price of CN$500,000, it was learned yesterday. The boats, which include a motor launch have been under detention by the Japanese naval authorities for a considerable time and tied to buoys midstream oppposite the fish market in Yangtzepoo. It is understood that the official transfer of the vessels to their new owners, will be made in a few days.

The boats concerned are the ss. Faro of the Empreza Portuguesa de Navegacao e Comercio, the ss. Lisboa of the same company, the ss. Maria Margarida of the Agence Roliz, the mv. Festa of the Companhia Extremo-Oriente and the motor launch Bom Pae. The vessels are of a net tonnage of from 300 to 600 tons and in the heyday of the shipping boom formed part of a veritable fleet of Portuguese "Tubs" plying the China coast.

The outbreak of the undeclared war in this country saw the diversion of a good share of the coastal shipping business to various nationalities not hitherto engaged in the trade. The shipping boom ushered in a period of prosperity for owners and charters of small river crafts, the demand for which became so acute that fantastic prices were offered and paid for even the most delapidated wooden craft capable of navigating nearby coast ports.

Coastal shipping trade suffered a severe set-back on July 16, when the Japanese naval authorities imposed a ban on coastal navigation for reasons "Dictated by military necessity." Long before the ban, however, a number of boats were detained by the Japanese authorities pending investigation of their national status. These were mostly crafts of the wooden type which were gaudily painted and presented an animated spectacle on the Whangpoo.

OBITUARY

Captain Edwin Brook, D.C.M.

An old soldier, whose links with China date back for more than forty years and with India for more than fifty, died at his home in Huddersfield, England, on October 27. Captain Brook joined the Duke of Wellington's Regiment West Ridings) in the seventies and soon afterwards was foot slogging it in India, which he once remarked he had covered from North to South carrying his pack no less than four or five times. In 1898 he arrived in Weihaiwei, one of the N.C.O.'s under Colonel Bower, who created and trained the Weihaiwei Regiment.

Two years later came the Boxer Rebellion, in which the Weihaiweis played a conspicuous part in the relief of Tientsin. During the attack on the besiegers of the city, Captain Ollivant with a Company of the China Regiment, was sent to the help of some hardpressed Americans with a supply of ammunition. Captain Ollivant was killed, Colour-Sergeant Purdon was wounded and Sergeant Brook was concerned in their rescue under fire, for which he was later decorated with the D.C.M.

With the disbandment of the Weihaiwels, R.S.M. Edwin Brook retired from the Army and became secretary of the Country Club in Shanghai. He held this post until the outbreak of war in 1914 when he was one of the first to join up with the Chinese Labour Corps, being too old for combatant service. He was well suited for his post in charge of a battalion in France as during his tour of duty in China he had spent a long period in the study of the written and spoken language, in which he was well versed. It was during this period of service in France that he will be remembered by many—who were in the Chinese Labour Corps or aided by its excellent work during the Great War.

Captain Brook revisited China after peace was declared and spent some years in this country before his final retirement to the city of his birth, where he is survived by an elder brother and sister.

Japanese Say Many Guerillas Taken

Increasing Number Giving Up on Hainan Island

Somewhere in South China, Nov. 4.

The surrender of an increasing number of anti-Japanese guerilla leaders on Hainan Island was taking place as a result of the economic blockade on the hinterland jungles where the Chinese irregulars fled from the South China Seas Fleet, it was alleged yesterday.

During October, three vice-commanders of guerilla bands, seven battalion commanders, as well as other Chinese leaders gave themselves up.

As a result of punitive expeditions taking place during October, 932 Chinese irregulars were reported killed, while 195 rifles and 62 junks were captured and 125 junks destroyed.—Domei.

Aoki Leaves Nanking For Tokyo

Nanking, Nov. 4.

Mr. Kazuo Aoki, economic advisor to General Nobuyuki Abe, Japanese Special Envoy to China, left here this morning for Tokyo to confer with the Japanese government authorities. During his stay in Tokyo, he will also attend the official celebrations of the 2,600th anniversary of the founding of the Japanese Empire.—Domei.

U.S. Hears Hitler May State Terms

New York, Nov. 4.

Rumours that Herr Hitler is planning to present, within the next few days, the terms on which he would end the war, are circulating in diplomatic quarters in Washington. One version of the report was that the Fuehrer would make a peace address before the Reichstag.

State Department officials said they had heard the rumours but they had not received any peace terms as some reports suggested.—Reuter.

Kobayashi Going Back to Batavia

Return of Special Envoy Confirmed; Conversations Continuing with N.E.I.

Tokyo, Nov. 4.

That the Japanese Minister of Industry, Mr. Ichizo Kobayashi, intends to return to Batavia to take part in the current negotiations with Netherlands East Indies officials, was affirmed here today by Mr. Yakichiro Suma, Gaimusho spokesman, during a press conference with foreign correspondents.

Mr. Kobayashi returned to Japan last Saturday upon instructions from the Government to attend the celebrations marking the 26th centennial of the founding of the Empire as well as to make a report on the progress of the conversations.

The Spokesman pointed out that the Japanese Consul-General, Mr. Otaji Saito, and Mr. Otaji Ohta, senior member of the Japanese delegation, were carrying on the Batavia negotiations as announced by the Foreign Office when Mr. Kobayashi's recall was first announced.—Domei.

Chinese Press Sees Two Failures

Both Kobayashi and Abe Missions Said Abortive

Chungking, Nov. 4.

The Chinese press is interpreting the return of Mr. Ichizo Kobayashi, Japanese Minister of Commerce and Industry and Japanese special envoy to the Netherlands East Indies, and also of General Nobuyuki Abe, Japanese special envoy to the Nanking Government, from the Netherlands East Indies and Nanking respectively as indicating the failure of Japan's negotiations with the Netherlands East Indies and the Wang Ching-wei regime.—Reuter.

13-Man Court Martial For Capt. Romero

Trial in Philippines to Begin Today

Manila, Nov. 4.

A 13-man general court martial has been appointed for the trial of Capt. Rufo Romero, Filipino United States Army engineer charged with secretly photographing defence plans for sale to foreign agents, the U.S. Army announced today. The trial will open Tuesday, "or as soon as practicable," Army officials said.

Lieut.-Col. Lewis C. Beebe, 57th infantry, will be trial judge-advocate while three colonels and two Filipino majors will serve on the court martial.

Major Howard D. Johnston, 23rd infantry brigade, will serve as defence counsel.

The Army said that four charges had been lodged against Captain Romero concerning "various confidential documents allegedly for communication to others which Captain Romero unlawfully reproduced."

Two Filipino civilians, Mariano Cabrera and Ignacio Agbay, were being held for civil trial as accomplices of Capt. Romero.—United Press.

Fusimi Maru Leaving Galway Today

London, Nov. 4.

The Japanese liner Fusimi Maru is now at Galway and will sail tomorrow carrying Japanese nationals from Britain.—Reuter.

Chinese Goods Held Up At Haiphong

Sino-French Negotiations Still Continuing

Chungking, Nov. 4.

Chinese and French authorities are negotiating over the question of the Chinese goods which have been held up at Haiphong following the disruption of transportation over the French Indo-China railway, states the "China Times" this morning.

Large Stocks Held Up

Following the interruption of the goods traffic on the railway, the Chinese daily states, large quantities of goods, imported and exported by Chinese merchants, have been held up at Haiphong. The Chinese Government requested permission for the transhipment of these goods from Haiphong to Rangoon, but the French authorities are only agreeing to the transhipment of these goods to Singapore.

The French proposal is said to be unacceptable to the Chinese Government which is continuing negotiations with the French authorities.—Reuter.

Sunday's Concert At the Lyceum

Beethoven's and Chopin's Composition Discussed; M. Paci's Fine Exposition

There could hardly be a greater contrast in musical composition than Beethoven's 7th Symphony and the Chopin Piano Concerto (Havsky at the piano on Sunday). In fact it seems more than cruel to Chopin to perform any of his works after such sustained heights as Beethoven achieves in his symphonies. The complete triteness of Chopin's musical expression is brought into full limelight. When we listen to a Chopin programme our admiration is focused on his facile melodic and rhythmic inventiveness but, as in Sunday's concert at the Lyceum, when we first listened to the working of a great genius, his music fades into the category of tinkling virtuosity.

There is in this Concerto no development of the subject matter; the orchestra provides a quiet accompaniment and nothing more while the piano indulges in exquisite gyrations and nothing more. Had Chopin written this as a free fantasia for piano and orchestra we might be content to listen to so slight a piece but as a serious work of art, as the revelation of genius, as the unfolding of a musical germ developed into a complete whole of beauty, we must listen in vain. But Chopin was a shallow man and unfortunately a shallow musician. How different it is to listen to Beethoven.

In the 7th Symphony, Beethoven starts with an idea, very near I believe to Wagner's "apotheosis of the dance"; he unfolds his idea before us and then develops it until with the orchestra's final chord we know that the last word has been spoken and that the idea is complete, indivisible and a thing of real beauty.

Beethoven is a line of demarkation in the history of music. In that written before his life the enjoyment lies solely in aural reception, we can blank our minds and become all ears: but with Beethoven and those that follow after, the intellect and ears share equal parts in true appreciation. Beethoven wrote with his mind and with his emotions, his music is complex and our reception must be with more than ears alone if we are to savour in full all that Beethoven intended. Of the former type of music the Corelli Concerto-Grosso is a masterly example.

Maestro Paci gave a perfect exposition of this thesis. His control of tempo, the evenness of tone and the complete balance of all the parts of the orchestra with the solo instruments were perfectly understood and expressed. The most noticeable thing of the concert was the orchestra's growing ascendancy in their rendering of the music in front of them and their increased sympathy with it.—G.H.

Japan Shops May Sell Luxuries to Tourists

But Ban Not Lifted for Residents of Country

Tokyo, Nov. 3.

The ban on the sale of luxury goods will be lifted for sixty stores in Bentendori, Yokohama, on condition that sales of luxury goods are made to foreign tourists only, the "Yomiuri" announced today.

The decision to lift the ban was reached a few days ago by the Ministry of Commerce and Industry.

The owners of the 60 stores, who deal in kimonos and other souvenir goods, had made a special request to the authorities to rescind the ban for them. The latter, considering these goods as similar to export products, have acceded to their request.

Neither Japanese nor foreigners resident in Japan will benefit from the new measure. The stores will have to report the price of goods sold and furnish the authorities with the names and addresses of the purchasers.

Also to be exempted from the anti-luxury laws will be water-front peddlers who cater to foreign tourists.

Foreigners wishing to make purchases in these stores will have to furnish proof that they are tourists only and not residents of Japan.—Havas.

Tatekawa-Molotov Meet Said "Inconceivable"

Tokyo, Nov. 4.

Flatly dismissed as "inconceivable" by Mr. Yakichiro Suma, Foreign Office Spokesman, was the possibility that the new Japanese Ambassador to Soviet Russia, Gen. Yoshitsugu Tatekawa, could have met the Russian Foreign Commissar, M. Viacheslav Molotov, October 30. Questioned by foreign correspondents regarding Soviet-Japanese relations, the spokesman said that no fresh conversations could possibly have taken place.—Domei.

Shanghai's Social Rendez-vous!

CATHAY HOTEL

MUSIC

Every Afternoon Except Saturday and Sunday from 5 to 7 p.m., and on SATURDAY MORNING from 11.30 a.m. to 1.15 p.m.

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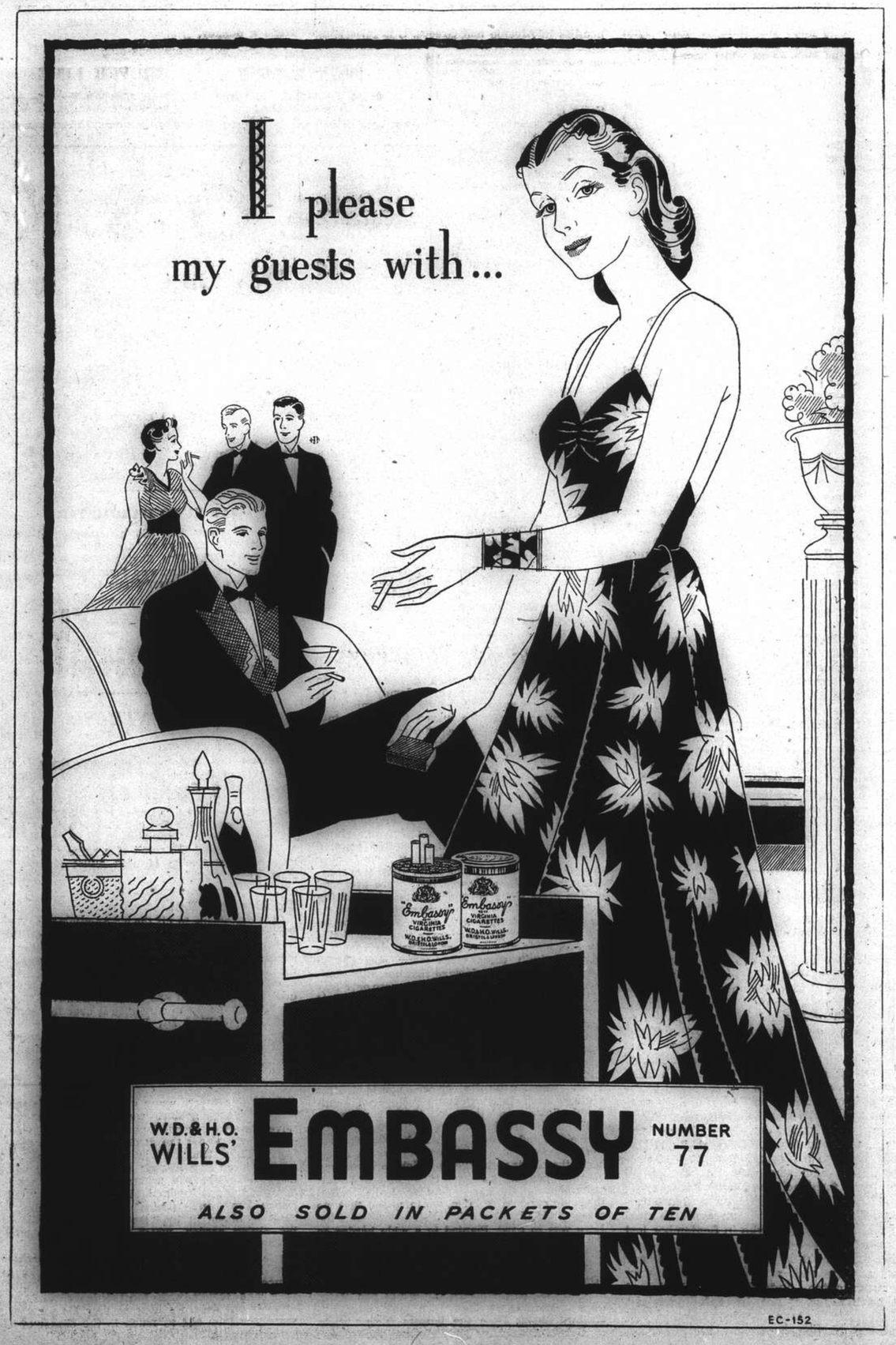

FROM DAY TO DAY

A MEETING of the Union Church Women's Guild will be held today, when Mrs. Chambers will give a demonstration on "Soft toy making."

MRS. W. Glassford, wife of Rear-Admiral Glassford, and Mrs. DeWitt Peck, were among the Americans having left in the ss. Monterey on Sunday for America.

THE raffle for an English-made leather knitting bag in aid of the Voluntary Aeroplane Fund has been drawn and Ticket 62 is the winning number. The sum of $213.00 has been handed to Mr. Stacey, Hon. Secretary for War Work Funds.

OFFICERS, non-commissioned officers and men of the Philippine Co., S.V.C., are giving an informal tea dance at the Lido ballroom on November 16, from 4 to 7.30 p.m. in commemoration of the fifth anniversary of the Commonwealth of the Philippines.

THE "Limbless Fund" rummage sale urgently needs helpers who can be at the Union Church Hall on Wednesday morning and afternoon and Thursday morning, beginning on each day at 9 a.m. Sickness has overtaken three of the regular helpers, making serious gaps in the ranks.

FROM radio station XCDN ("The Voice of Democracy") the topical talk this evening at 9.30 will be given by the Rev. W. H. Hudspeth, secretary of the British and Foreign Bible Society, who has chosen for his subject the important question "Has the Christian way failed?"

ROTARIANS are reminded that the speaker at this week's meeting of the Rotary Club, to be held on Thursday, at 12.15 p.m., 1st floor Metropole Hoted, will be Mr. F. J. Sanger, the head of the Engineering and Building Departments of the Lester Technical Institute. His subject is sure to be very interesting, as he has selected to speak on "Flying Boats."

THE health report of the French Municipality for the week ending November 2, shows that the total number of deaths from all causes amongst the foreign and Chinese population in the Concession was—Foreigners 7 and Chinese 174. Deaths from notifiable diseases were—Foreigners, pneumonia one and Chinese tuberculosis 19; typhoid and paratyphoid fevers 9; beri-beri 3; dysentery 2; pneumonia 2 and grippe one.

THE Shanghai Municipal Council health report for the week ending midnight November 2, shows that the total number of deaths from all causes amongst the foreign and Chinese population in the Settlement was—Foreigners 11 and Chinese 688. Deaths from notifiable diseases were—Foreigners, tuberculosis, typhoid fever and bacillary dysentery one each. Chinese, tuberculosis 46; typhoid fever 25; dysentery 12; beri-beri 4; diphtheria 3; influenza 3 and relapsing fever one.

THE Bridge Mah Jongg which took place at the British Women's Association on October 25, sponsored by the "Busy Bee Work Party" composed of members of Shanghai Chapter No. 3 Order of the Eastern Star, was a great success. This opportunity is taken of thanking all those who so kindly helped by contributing cakes and donations, and to our Chinese friends who handed in their winnings. The full amount received was $486.-50, but after deducting $183.50 for expenses incurred the amount remaining was $303.00, which sum has been handed to the B.W.A. War Work Fund.

AMONG the American evacuees who left in the ss. Monterey on Sunday were Mrs. H. M. Anderson, Master H. M. Anderson, Master P. C. Anderson, Mrs. J. C. Anderson, Mrs. H. Barton, Mrs. J. E. Brewer, Miss M. J. Buchan, Mrs. A. B. Calder and B. Calder, Mrs. J. W. Carney and Miss C. Carney, Miss V. Dunbar, Mrs. R. Dunn, Mrs. J. Fistere and Miss J. Fistere, Mrs. U. G. Frondorf, Mrs. W. T. Kenny, Mrs. C. R. Kelsey, Mrs. G. D. Lamont, Mrs. S. F. Myers, Mr. and Mrs. L. I. Irvine, Mrs. L. Muckle, Mrs. D. T. McAllister, Mrs. L. C. Perry and Miss Perry, Mr and Mrs J. V. Pickering, Mrs. J. Potter and Miss Potter, Mrs. C. Richardson, Mrs. J. S. Service and Miss V. Service, Mrs. R. M. Service, Miss M. T. Sisler, Mrs. H. L. Slack and her son, Mrs. C. P. Taylor, Miss C. Talbot, Mrs. J. B. Vincent, Mrs. C. H. Westbrook and the Misses M. and C. Westbrook.

Passenger Lists

ARRIVALS

Per Monterey, Nov. 2, from America & Australia: Mr. T. Abbott, Mr. W. Acton, Mrs. A. Archbold, Mrs. P. Ahrens, Mstr. J. Ahrens, Misses M. & R. Ahrens, Mrs. E. Anderson, Mstr. E. Anderson, Mr. & Mrs. F. Ayers, Mrs. W. Baer, Mrs. N. Bond, Miss F. Boyce, Mrs. M. Brabin, Mr. & Mrs. S. Butterworth, Mr. L. Brunswick, Mrs. R. Campbell, Miss H. Carter, Mr. C. Casserie, Mr. & Mrs. E. Chandler, Mr. C. Chandler, Mr. W. Cook, Mr. N. Coward, Mr. & Mrs. G. Curry, Mstr. E. & Mstr. E. Curry, Miss N. Curry, Mr. P. Daffis, Mrs. D. Davis, Mrs. C. Dear, Mr. N. de Kantzow, Miss I. Dunkley, Mr. S. Edwards, Mr. N. Engel, Mrs. C. Fahs, Mstr. J. Fahs, Mrs. J. Feldman, Mr. H. Filler, Mr. A. Fitts, Mrs. Fleischhauer, Mrs. M. Francis, Miss J. Francis, Mrs. J. Goetzmann, Mr. E. Gordon, Mrs. M. Glover, Mr. & Mrs. L. Gregory, Miss J. Gregory, Mr. F. Haas, Mr. & Mrs. W. Hairs, Mrs. J. Hastings, Miss Hussey-Cooper, Mr. & Mrs. C. Harrison, Mr. B. Harrison, Mr. & Mrs. L. Hearn, Mr. B. Henderson, Mr. & Mrs. L. Hitchcock, Mstr. R. Hitchcock, Mrs. J. Hope, Mrs. R. Hill, Mr. & Mrs. A. Johnson, Miss D. Johnson, Mr. L. Katz, Mr. P. King, Mr. B. Kneubuhl, Mr. & Mrs. F. Kraft, Miss M. Keegan, Mrs. N. Kuthe, Mrs. H. Landon, Miss E. Landon, Mstr. C. Landon, Mr. & Mrs. H. Lewis, Miss F. Lewis, Mrs. A. Lawrence, Mr. G. Landy, Mr. P. Lowry, Mr. T. Lamont, Miss T. Leigh, Mr. M. Liebmann, Mr. & Mrs. H. Lieker, Capt. & Mrs. N. McEachran, Mr. & Mrs. R. Moore, Miss M. Moore, Mr. C. McGee, Mr. & Mrs. C. Masters, Miss D. Matthews, Mr. & Mrs. A. Mc-Diarmid, Mrs. E. Neumann, Mstr. E. Neumann, Mrs. J. Ness, Mrs. H. North, Mrs. H. Olson, Mstr. T. Olson, Miss A. Olsen, Mrs. M. Paley, Miss P. Paley, Mr. & Mrs. R. Plackett, Mr. & Mrs. W. Plass, Mr. H. Pippin, Dr. & Mrs. H. Pellew, Miss J. Pellew, Mr. C. Rossignol, Mrs. I. Rude, Mr. M. Scher, Mrs. L. Schriner, Mrs. M. Sennott, Mr. R. Shipton, Sister M. Basil, Mrs. H. Skolland, Bro. J. Slagle, Mrs. A. Smith, Mrs. L. Smith, Mrs. D. Smith, Mstr. D. Smith, Mrs. O. Still, Mstr. O. Still, Misses R. P. & R. Still, Miss R. Simmons, Mr. & Mrs. M. Stokes, Mr. & Mrs. C. Stokes, Dr. R. Stevenson, Mr. J. Swingle Mr. & Mrs. H. Sulley, Miss A. P. & M. Sulley, Mr. & Mrs. D. Swicord, Miss M. Swicord, Mstrs. G. M. & D. Swicord, Mr. W. Sydeman, Mr. & Mrs. C. Taylor, Mrs. R. Thane, Miss D. Thomas, Mr. C. Treloar, Mr. P. Utu, Mrs. D. Vanes Price, Mr. & Mrs. C. Webby, Mr. K. Wilson, Mrs. A. Wilson, Mr. D. Wilson, Mr. & Mrs. E. Wilson, Mrs. R. Wooten, Mr. W. Zander.

SHIPPING NEWS

The ss. **Nagasaki Maru**, T.K.K. express liner operating on the Shanghai-Nagasaki run, entered harbour at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, berthing at the company's Wayside Wharf. The liner, which carries mail and passengers, will leave port again this morning at 8.30, on her return trip to Japan.

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The ss. **Bangkok**, fast freighter of the Messageries Maritimes Line, arrived in Shanghai yesterday afternoon, a day behind schedule, tying up alongside the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf, Pootung Side, where she will discharge about 93,000 bags of rice from Indo-China. The Bangkok comes here from Saigon, via Haiphong.

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The ss. **Hoten Maru**, D.K.K. liner, is due to arrive here tomorrow afternoon at about 3 o'clock, from Dairen and Tsingtao, berthing alongside the company's Whangpoo Wharf. The liner will stay in Shanghai for two days, leaving again on November 8 at 9 a.m. on her return trip to the Northern ports with mail and passengers.

• • •

The ss. **Tsingtao Maru**, D.K.K. Liner, operating on the Shanghai-Tsingtao-Dairen express route, entered port yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock, mooring alongside the company's Whangpoo Wharf. She is scheduled to sail on her return voyage to the Northern ports at 9 o'clock this morning, carrying mail and passengers, besides a quantity of freight. Ordinary letter mail for the ship will be closed at the Post Office at 7.15 this morning.

• • •

The ss. **Vasaholm**, of the Maersk Line, arrived in harbour yesterday morning at 9.30, tying up alongside the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf, Shanghai Side, where she will discharge a quantity of general cargo. The freighter comes here from New York, calling en route at Norfolk, Savannah, the Panama Canal, Los Angeles, Yokohama and Kobe. She will leave Shanghai this morning, sailing for Manila direct.

• • •

The ss. **President Coolidge**, trans-Pacific liner of the American President Lines fleet, is expected to arrive in Shanghai this morning at 9.45 tying up at the lower buoys 11 and 12. In addition to many passengers, the liner brings a considerable amount of cargo for discharge here. No visitors will be allowed on the ship during her stay in port. Two receiving tenders will arrive at the Customs Jetty at 10.30 and 10.45 a.m., bringing passengers and baggage ashore. The Coolidge will stay here overnight, sailing again for the U.S.A. tomorrow at about 3.30 p.m. The last tender for outgoing passengers will leave the Customs Jetty at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. The vessel comes to Shanghai from Manila and Hongkong, and is sailing for Los Angeles calling on the way at Kobe, Yokohama, Honolulu, and San Francisco.

Vessels Arriving To-day

The following particulars in connection with vessels due to arrive today are based upon information available yesterday evening.

From MANILA: Pres. Coolidge, with mail, due this morning, Buoys 11-12. Passengers expected at the Customs Jetty about 10.45 a.m. She will sail Thursday 7th for San Francisco and Los Angeles. The last tender leaves Customs Jetty at 1 p.m.

Due at Future Dates

All vessels are listed under their terminal port. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai. Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

On account of the present international situation there is considerable interference with movements of ships, especially those from Europe. In cases where it is definitely known that the vessel is not running to schedule the Shanghai arrival date is omitted.

EUROPE AND STRAITS

From Liverpool
Suwa M — 25/11

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From New York
H'ruku M — 15/11
Sorholt — 23/11
Stl. M'ner — 29/11
Bardaland — 2/12
P van Buren 5/12
F'field C. 16/10 19/12

From Los Angeles
K'kura M 25/9 8/11
Mariposa — 9/11
Wash'ton — 17/11

From Seattle
W Custa 30/9 10/11
C'sworth 15/10 20/11

From Honolulu
K'kura M 3/10 8/11

From Manila
Y'wata M 1/11 6/11

From Yokohama
Okitu M — 6/11
K'kura M 4/11 8/11

From Kobe
Taiyo M 20/11 22/11

From Nagasaki
Kobe M 5/11 6/11

CHINA PORTS

From Dairen
Hoten M 4/11 6/11

Vessels Sailing

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The undermentioned vessels are due to leave Shanghai on the dates indicated.

For Liverpool
Suwa M 7/12

For Bombay
Okitu M 7/11
Anyo M 27/11
Onoe M 4/12

For New York
Yawata M 7/11
Hokuroku M 12/11
Vasaholm 21/11
Sorholt 25/11
Kansai M 29/11
Fairfield City 29/12

For Los Angeles
Washington 21/11

For San Francisco
P Coolidge 6/11
Mariposa 10/11
Kamakura M 15/11
P Taft 21/11
Vasaholm 21/11
Washington 21/11

For Seattle
West Cusela 11/11
Collingsworth 23/11

For Manila
West Cuseta 11/11
Collingsworth 23/11
Sorholt 25/11

For Hongkong
Kamakura M 9/11

For Kobe
Yawata M 7/11
Kamakura M 15/11
Taiyo M 26/11

For Nagasaki
Kobe M 8/11
Nagasaki M 5/11
Shanghai M 8/11

For Dairen
Tsingtao M 5/11
Hoten M 8/11
Dairen M 11/11
Tsingtao M 14/11
Hoten M 17/11
Dairen M 19/11

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

N. Y. K. LINE

Orient-California Line
via Honolulu
YAWATA MARU 11 a.m. Nov. 7
KAMAKURA MARU .. Nov. 15
*ASAMA MARU ..... Nov. 27
*Sailing from Kobe
TATUTA MARU ..... Dec. 13
NITTA MARU ..... Dec. 23

Orient-Seattle Line
via Vancouver
From Kobe
*SAGARA MARU .... Nov. 23
HEIAN MARU ..... Dec. 3
HIKAWA MARU ..... Dec. 21
*Cargo Only

Orient-New York Line
via Los Angeles and Panama
SAKITO MARU ..... Nov. 7

Japan-Australia Line
via Hongkong and Manila
From Nagasaki
KAMO MARU ..... Nov. 18

European Mail Line
For Liverpool via Straits, Colombo, Bombay, Durban, Cape Town and Lisbon.
SUWA MARU ..... Dec. 7
Beyond Bombay Suspended

Japan-Bombay Line
Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Kundla and Karachi
ANYO MARU ..... Nov. 27
ONOE MARU ..... Dec. 4

Japan-Calcutta Line
Singapore, Rangoon and Calcutta
NAGATO MARU .... Nov. 13

Orient-South America Line
West coast ports via San Francisco from Kobe
HIE MARU ..... Nov. 12

Shanghai-Kobe-Yokohama Line
KAMAKURA MARU .. Nov. 15

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O. S. K.

Shanghai Sailing
For New York via Los Angeles
HOKUROKU MARU .... Nov. 12
KANSAI MARU ..... Nov. 29

Kobe Sailings
For South America via Panama
KURAMA MARU ..... Nov. 4
MONTEVIDEO MARU .. Nov. 21
For S. Africa & S. America
BRISBANE MARU ..... Nov. 19

Kobe Sailings
For Brisbane, Sydney & Melbourne
TOKYO MARU ..... Nov. 30
For New Zealand
SYDNEY MARU ..... Dec. 29
For Bombay and Karachi
ATLAS MARU ..... Nov. 8
TOA MARU ..... Nov. 15
For Rangoon and Calcutta
HIMALAYA MARU .... Nov. 12
For Haiphong, Saigon and Bangkok
BANGKOK MARU ..... Nov. 29
For Haiphong
ARIZONA MARU Middle of Nov.
Nagasaki Sailings
For Manila, Cebu and Davao
GANGES MARU ..... Nov. 6

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	Arrival (Whangpoo Wharf)	Departure (Shanghai Time.)
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Nov. 4	Nov. 5 at 9 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	Nov. 6	Nov. 8 at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	Nov. 9	Nov. 11 at 9 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Nov. 12	Nov. 14 at 9 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	Nov. 15	Nov. 17 at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	Nov. 17	Nov. 19 at 9 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	Nov. 20	Nov. 22 at 9 a.m.

DAIREN-TIENTSIN LINE (Sailing from Dairen)
ss. PEKING MARU ..... Depature: Nov. 9 at 4 p.m.
ss. HOKKAI MARU ..... " Nov. 12 at 4 p.m.
SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-TIENTSIN-DAIREN-LINE (Freight only)
ss. HAKKA MARU ..... Nov. 4

Vessels Discharging

TARIFA. The ms. Tarifa from New York via ports is now discharging her cargo at The Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf Co.'s Old Ningpo Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their bills of lading for countersignature and take immediate delivery of their cargo. All risk of fire at the wharf and godowns is to be borne by Consignees. Any claims against this vessel must be sent in within fifteen (15) days after vessel's arrival, otherwise they will not be recognized. Examination of broken and ship-damaged cargo will be held at The Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf Co.'s Old Ningpo Wharf at 9 a.m. Nov. 5, 1940, when Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy will be in attendance. Dodwell & Co., Ltd., Agents 17 Canton Road, Telephone 11369. 5-11

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Vasaholm	Japan	Maersk L.
Bangkok	Saigon	M.M.
Nagasaki M.	Japan	T.K.K.
Tsingtao M.	Dairen	D.K.K.

Vessels Discharging

VASAHOLM. The Maersk Line ms. Vasaholm, from New York, Norfolk, Baltimore, Philadelphia, Cristobal, Los Angeles, Yokohama & Kobe via Ports is now discharging her cargo at the Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf, Shanghai side. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for counter-signature and take immediate delivery of their cargo. All risk of fire at the wharf and godowns to be borne by consignees. Any claims against this vessel must be sent in within (15) fifteen days after the vessel's arrival, otherwise they will not be recognized. Damaged cargo to be examined at the Shanghai & Hongkew Wharf, Shanghai side by Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes Davy on Saturday morning November 9, at 9 a.m. Maersk Line, Shanghai Agency, 210-214 Kiukiang Road. Tel. 15566. 7-11

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
Monterey	Am.	A.P.L.
Shanghai M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
D'Artagnan	Fr.	M.M.

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Fourth week in December — Second week in March

TO HONGKONG AND MANILA—
Third week in November — Third week in December

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Vessel	Sails Seattle	Shanghai Arr./Sails	Hongkong arrives	Manila Arr./Sails
ms. WEST CUSSETA	Sailed	Nov. 10/12	Nov. 16	Nov. 19/26
ss. COLLINGSWORTH*	Sailed	Nov. 21/23	Nov. 16	Nov. 9/13
ss. SATARTIA	Sailed	Nov. 26/27	Dec. 1	Dec. 4/14

**Calls Taku Bar November 26th, thence to Seattle via Japan ports
Subject to change without notice
EVERETT STEAMSHIP CORPORATION
17 The Bund AGENTS Telephone 12634

DE LA RAMA LINE
NEW YORK
VIA HONGKONG MANILA LOS ANGELES AND PANAMA CANAL
A Vessel . . . . Nov. 27
A Vessel . . . . Dec. 18
ms. Dona Aniceta Sails Dec. 22
ALL VESSELS HAVE DEEP TANKS FOR OIL IN BULK
For freight and passage apply to:
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51 Canton Road *General Agents* Telephone 15044

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Next Sailing about Middle of November
For Freight and Passage Rates apply to
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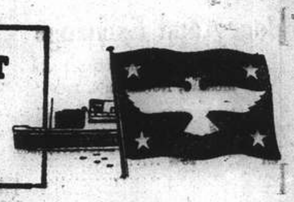
TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

PRESIDENT LINER Sailings



ss. PRESIDENT COOLIDGE
Due Shanghai TUESDAY, November 5
Passengers are expected at Customs Jetty at 10.45 a.m.
Sailing for SAN FRANCISCO and LOS ANGELES via Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu
Last tender leaves Customs Jetty at 1.00 a.m. on THURSDAY, November 7

VISITORS NOT ALLOWED ABOARD STEAMERS

TRANS-PACIFIC: Via Japan and Honolulu to San Francisco and Los Angeles.
PRES. COOLIDGE .. Nov. 7
PRES. TAFT .. Nov. 21
PRES. CLEVELAND .. Dec. 9
PRES. COOLIDGE .. Dec. 31
PRES. PIERCE .. Jan. 6

SPECIAL SAILINGS
ss. Mariposa, to San Francisco via Chinwangtao, Tientsin, Chemulpo, Kobe and Honolulu ..... Nov. 10
ss. Washington, to San Francisco via Manila .... Nov. 21

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All vessels may call at any ports on or off the route and the route and all sailings are subject to cancellation, change or deviation with or without notice.
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27 The Bund Telephone 11428

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Regular service to AUSTRALIA from HONGKONG

C. N. CO., LTD.
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Frequent and regular sailings by modern and comfortable passenger and cargo liners serving:
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Homeward:
Swedish ms. VASAHOLM
Loading November 23/24.
Via Japan for Los Angeles and via Panama to New York and Boston direct, Philadelphia and Baltimore.
OUTWARDS:
Arr. Shanghai.
ms. BARDALAND ..... Dec. 2
From New York, Norfolk, Savannah, Panama, and Los Angeles.
MAERSK LINE Shanghai Agency
210-214 Kiukiang Road Telephone 15566

COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money and Exchange

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANK

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1940

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 3⅞d.		$ 61.94
U.S. $100 @ 6		$1,666.67
Yen	25½	$100
Guilders	11¼	100
Rupees	21½	100
Pesos	12	100
Hongkong	$25¾	100

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 4d.	$ 60.00
U.S. $100 @ 6⅛	$1,632.00
London—demand, $1=	4d.
4 months' sight credits	4 1/16d.
4 months' sight docts	4 3/32d.
6 months' sight credits	4 1/16d.
6 months' sight docts	4⅛d.
New York—demand, $100=	U.S. $6⅛
4 months' sight credits	U.S. $6 3/16
4 months' sight docts	U.S. $6¼

NEW YORK/LONDON CASH RATES

£1=U.S. $4.03¾ U.S. $1=59.44d.

INTERBANK CLOSING SELLING RATES

Sterling ...... 3 31/32d. U.S. $6 1/16

Hongkong/London 1/2 31/32

NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY

Java Guilders ....Selling 11¼

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO., INC.

Buying U.S.$100=$1,632.653 £1=$60.952

Selling U.S.$100=$1,684.210 £1=$63.439

HUA HSING COMMERCIAL BANK

Sterling Selling Rate @ 6d per H.H.$ 1

,, Buying ,, @ 6 1/32 ,, H.H.$ 1

U.S.$ Selling ,, @ 9 1/32 ,, H.H.$100

,, Buying ,, @ 9 11/32 ,, H.H.$100

Local $ (Fapi) selling @ 153 per H.H.$100

buying @ 158 ,, H.H.$100

CUSTOMS OFFICIAL RATES FOR DUTY PAYMENTS

Gold Unit 1.00—Hua Hsing $2.792

Gold Unit 1.00—Local Dollar $4.412

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTER BANK CASH DELIVERY

£	Highest	3 31/32	Lowest	3 31/32
U.S. G.$		6 1/32		6 1/16

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

SELLING			BUYING
Cash		Nov./Dec.	
£ T.T.	3 31/32	4 m/s. l.c.	4 1/32
G.$ T.T.	6 1/16	4 m/s. l.c.	6 3/16
Rs. T.T.	21⅝	15 d/s.	22⅛

NEW YORK/LONDON CASH RATES

New York closing rate for Nov. 3 4.03¾

Local Sellers of U.S.$ against £ at the close 3.72½

Local Buyers of U.S.$ against £ at the close 3.73½

The Interbank market opened with sellers at 3 31/32d. sterling and 6 1/16 U.S. dollars. Shortly after the opening, buyers came out and U.S.$ rates declined 1/16. Thereafter some outport selling of sterling started a reaction and quotations moved back to the opening rates. In the afternoon buyers again appeared on a very quiet market causing slight easiness, there being sellers at the close at:—

3 31/32 sterling 6 1/16 U.S.$ Cash/Dec.

New York Weekly Report

By courtesy of S. E. Levy & Co.

Pre-election Republican enthusiasm on Thursday produced the heaviest trading since the middle of June, with the Dow-Jones Industrials Average topping the October and September highs. "The Trader" in "Barron's Weekly."

Profit taking on Friday indicated that the supply was formidable, notwithstanding the rise in steels. Movements in General Motors, Chrysler and Columbia Gas represented switching by investment trusts. British liquidation, which is mainly in United States Steel and Bethlehem Steel and begun at 6 points lower, continues; also, other issues are being carefully sold by London. However, this is not a major restraining market influence. There is no aggressive informed capitalistic buying discernible.

Some corporations intend to make little or no profit on the defence business, but, anyway, the pressure of deliveries is so great as to affect corporate efficiency. Therefore the normal ratio between rising output and profits is altered.

Wartime economy prevails, where, despite booming business, profits are so hamstrung by taxes and other uncertainties as to maintain sub-normal capitalization of earning power.

World Rubber Exports

London, Nov. 3.

The International Rubber Regulation Committee's bulletin shows world exports of rubber during September at 124,928 tons, against 117,203 tons in August.

Consumption during the same months was placed at 81,706 tons, compared with 78,977 tons for the previous month.

Shipments during the period January/September were 239,608 tons above consumption.

Aggregate exports to the end of Sepmeber were listed at 37,046 tons above the quote.—Reuter.

Manila Gold Shares

(Bids in Pesos)

Nov. 4.	Bid Prices a.m. Closing		Bid Prices p.m. Closing	
Atoks	.30	S	.30	S
Antamok	Unq.		.08	S
Baguio Gold	.16	S	.14	S
Big Wedge	.35	S	.35	S
Coco Grove	Unq.		.0025	S
Consolidated Mines	.0021	S	.0020	S
Demonstration	.085		.080	S
East Mindanao	.085		.085	
I. X. L.	.35		.35	S
Itogon	.175	S	.18	S
Masbate Consolidated	.07		.0675	
North Camarines	.023		.023	
Paracale Gumaus	.17		.17	
Surigao Consolidated	.17		.17	
Suyoc	.0025		.0025	
United Paracale	.18		17	S
Mindanao Motherlode	.0975	S	.095	S
Manila Hai-Alai	6.80		6.80	

Turnover for the Morning: 34,000 Pesos.

Shares Index: (Morning Session) 52.15.

S—Sales.—Reuter.

October Estimated Rubber Output

	lb.
Langkat	128,000
Shanghai-Sumatra	55,356

Silver Quotations

London, Nov. 4.

Silver prices moved 1/16d. lower today compared with Friday's levels.

	Nov. 1	Nov. 4
London spot	23½d.	23 7/16d.
,, forward	23 7/16d.	23⅜d.
,, gold	168/–	168/–

—Reuter.

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

A very heavy day's trading was seen yesterday, when all the popular issues opened firm, though profit taking later pared some of the gains. I. I. Trusts, Docks, Ewos and Wheelocks absorbed most of the business, though rubber shares seemed to be becoming more popular.

Official Averages

High	Low		Today's Average	Change
456.55	105.32	General	285.90	+3.72
485.40	95.55	Rubbers	283.56	+6.30

Total 603,894 shares, 350 bonds.

Morning Session

Stock						
Yangtsze Finance			500	13.00	500	*12.80
	500	12.80	1500	12.70	3000	12.60
	5500	12.50	500	*12.60	500	*12.40
	1500	12.40	500	*12.50	1500	12.50
	3500	12.70	1000	12.60	1000	12.40
	500	*12.40				
S'hai Loan (X.D.)					500	30.00
	2000	29.75	6000	29.50		
I. I. Trust			2000	23.00	500	*23.00
	1500	22.75	7000	22.00	1000	*22.25
	400	22.25	6000	22.50	3500	*21.50
	3500	21.75	500	*21.75	2000	21.75
	1500	*22.00	3000	22.00	6500	22.25
	6000	22.00	5500	22.50	3000	22.75
	1000	23.00				
China Realty			500	7.30	2000	7.20
S'hai Land			500	*11.70	1500	11.60
	1000	11.30	500	11.20	3000	11.30
	500	*11.30	2500	11.20		
S'hai Securities			500	5.35	3000	5.30
	20500	5.25	4000	5.20	3000	5.15
	500	5.10	500	*5.15	2000	*5.10
	500	*5.20	3000	5.15		
Dockyards			500	*29.50	800	30.00
	3300	29.75	1400	29.50	200	*29.50
	1000	*29.75	800	29.75	4000	29.50
	600	29.25	300	*29.50	200	*29.25
	3000	29.50	300	*29.50	3500	29.25
	2200	29.00	200	*29.25	1700	29.50
	200	*29.50	6600	29.75	1300	*30.00
	1100	30.00	900	*29.50	5000	29.50
	400	29.25	100	*29.75	500	29.50
Wheelock			1100	*95.50	1100	95.50
	5400	95.00	3600	94.50	400	94.00
	200	*94.50	200	*95.00	800	94.50
	500	94.00	200	*93.50	500	93.50
	100	*93.00	2000	93.50	500	*93.50
	2700	93.00	1400	92.50	200	93.00
	600	93.50	1300	94.00	200	*94.00
	200	93.50	2200	94.00	100	*94.00
	2400	93.50	1800	93.00	100	*93.00
	1000	*93.50				
Ewo Brewery			1000	7.65	8000	7.60
	3000	*7.60	6500	7.55	3500	7.45
	500	*7.50	4000	7.50	500	*7.45
	3500	7.40	2500	7.35	1500	7.45
	5000	7.40	500	*7.40	15500	7.30
	2000	7.40				
Ewo Mills (Ord)			1000	39.25	100	*39.50
	2800	39.75	100	*39.50	2700	39.50
	200	*39.25	1600	39.25	100	*39.50
	100	39.25	8000	39.25	6000	39.00
	200	39.50	200	*39.50	1100	39.25
China Textile			3000	7.90	1000	7.85
	2000	7.80	500	7.75	500	*7.75
	500	7.85				
Tram (Bearer) £1					1000	43.75
C. J. Omnibus			200	18.30	2100	18.20
	300	18.10	100	*18.20	700	18.10
Telephone			1900	45.00	300	*45.25
	300	45.25	500	44.75	500	44.50
	300	44.00	100	44.25	1000	44.75
	100	44.50				
S'hai Gas (Old)			500	17.20	300	17.10
	100	16.70	100	16.80	400	17.00
	200	17.20	300	16.90		
Metal			2800	28.25	1800	28.00
	1900	27.75	600	*27.50	3200	27.50
	600	*27.25	400	27.50	1000	27.75
	800	*28.00	500	28.00	200	*27.75
	1000	27.75	600	27.50	500	27.75
Lumber			1400	42.00	300	41.75
	100	*42.00	100	42.75	200	42.25
	200	42.50				
Exploration			10500	24.00	5000	*24.25
	1000	24.25	1500	*24.00	2000	*23.75
	10000	23.75	23500	23.50	1000	*23.50
	500	23.75	500	*23.75	2500	23.25
	3500	23.75	500	*23.75	3000	23.50
	500	23.75				
Kaiping					200	39.00
Power (Pref)			100	129.00	30	*128.75
	40	128.50	80	128.75	10	129.00
Anglo Dutch			500	20.75	2000	20.50
	200	20.25	2300	20.00	100	19.50
	900	19.80				
Anglo Java			3200	39.50	900	*39.75
	1100	*39.50	900	39.25	1100	39.00
	400	*38.75	100	*39.00	300	38.75
	500	38.25	800	38.50	100	*38.50
	300	38.75	1400	39.00	400	38.50
	700	*39.00	800	38.75		
Cheng					2000	0.81
Consolidated					1000	*0.40
Java Consolidated					1000	3.40
Kroewoek			2000	2.87½	2000	*2.90
	3000	2.90	2000	2.85	2000	2.82½
Langkat			2400	27.25	1300	27.50
	200	*27.50	100	*27.25	3100	27.00
	300	27.00	600	26.75	200	*26.75
	200	27.25	700	27.50	200	*27.50
	1300	27.25				
Padang					2000	2.60
Repah			1000	*1.22	3000	1.24
	10000	1.22				
Rubber Trust			1000	9.60	1000	*9.60
Samagaga			6000	1.56	5000	1.58
	3000	1.60	3000	1.64	1000	1.66
Semambu					1000	1.30
Senawang			1000	1.48	1000	1.50
	5000	1.48	1000	*1.48	1000	1.50
Kelantan			1000	0.96	1000	*0.97
	1000	0.95				
Sungala (X.D.)					500	7.50
Tebong			3000	*1.60	11000	1.62
	2000	*1.62	2000	1.60	3000	1.58
Ziangbe			300	25.25	100	*25.25
	400	25.00	400	24.50	1000	23.50
	400	*23.50	200	23.75	300	24.00
	100	*23.75				
San Sing Prop.					1750	*10.00
Auto Palace					500	*23.00
Power 5½% Debs.					15000	88.00
Telephone 6% Debs.					5000	93.00

ODD LOTS

Stock						
Anglo Java					75	39.25
Pahang					200	5.65
S'hai Land			420	11.40	490	11.40
	500	11.20				
China Textile			300	7.85	100	7.65
	50	7.70				
S'hai Loan					100	29.50
Dockyards					50	29.00
Ewo Mills (Ord)			50	*39.75	25	39.50
	25	38.75				
Yangtsze Finance					225	12.30
I. I. Trust					200	21.75
Ewo Brewery			150	7.45	100	7.25
	150	7.35	350	7.55	425	7.40
	100	7.50	250	7.30	150	7.45
	425	7.30	400	7.35	400	*7.40
	50	7.30				

Afternoon Session

Stock						
Yangtsze Finance			500	12.80	1500	12.60
	1000	12.70	500	12.80		
S'hai Loan					2000	29.25
I. I. Trust			3000	*23.00	2500	23.25
	3500	23.50	19000	23.00	1000	*23.00
	6000	23.25	2500	23.50		
S'hai Securities			2000	5.10	500	*5.10
	1500	5.15				
China Realty					500	7.30
S'hai Land					4500	11.30
Dockyards			100	*29.75	6000	29.50
	500	*29.50	100	29.25	300	*29.75
	300	*29.50				
Ewo Brewery			7500	7.40	1500	*7.25
	500	*7.40	7000	7.35	500	*7.30
	500	*7.35	500	7.30		
Wheelock			2100	93.00	1100	*93.00
	1400	92.50	100	*92.50	1400	92.00
	200	*92.50	800	93.00		
Ewo Mills (Ord)			2100	39.00	300	*39.00
	700	38.75	600	*38.75	1200	39.00
	500	*39.00				
China Textile					1000	7.75
C. G. Omnibus					300	18.10
Telephone			100	44.50	600	44.25
	900	44.00	300	44.25		
S'hai Gas (Old)			100	16.70	100	16.80
Metal			1700	27.50	100	*27.25
	400	27.25	700	27.50	100	*27.50
Lumber					700	42.25
Kaiping			100	38.50	200	38.75
Exploration			6500	23.50	500	23.25
	2000	*23.25	500	*23.75	500	23.50
Power (Pref)					50	129.00
Anglo Dutch			100	19.90	100	*20.00
	100	19.90	400	19.50	200	19.70
	100	19.80	200	19.90	100	20.00
Anglo Java			1100	38.50	500	*38.50
	2000	38.75				
Chemor				(X.D.)	2000	2.40
Cheng			2000	*0.80	3000	0.80
	1000	*0.82	1000	0.80		
Java Consolidated					1000	3.40
Kroewoek					3000	2.80
Langkat			700	27.00	700	26.75
	100	*26.75	200	*27.00	400	27.00
	100	26.75				
Padang					1000	2.50
Rubber Trust					1500	9.60
Samagaga			2000	1.68	1000	*1.68
Senawang			2000	1.48	1000	1.50
Kelantan			1000	0.95	1000	0.92
	1000	0.94	2000	0.95		
Tanah Merah					5000	3.15
Tebong					3000	1.58
Ziangbe			500	23.75	100	*23.75
	400	*23.50	300	24.00		
Central Prop 5½%					5000	*88.00
Power 5½% Debs.					5000	87.75
Telephone 6% Debs.					5000	92.50

ODD LOTS

Stock						
Power (Pref)					4	129.25
I. T. Trust					100	23.25
Securities					100	5.20
Ewo Brewery			150	7.30	275	7.30
	350	7.30				
China Realty					311	7.15
Telephone					60	*44.75
Exploration					200	23.75

*—Direct Business.

Strategic War Materials

U.S. and Japan Dependent On Supplies Within Other's Control

New York.

Some speculators here are beginning to get tired of speculating about Hitler's feints at Britain, and to look to the Far East as a potential market factor. They see it an economic and raw materials problem as much as a naval and diplomatic one, says Harold Fleming in the "Christian Science Monitor."

The essentials seem to be somewhat as follows: The United States is largely dependent on the Far East for tin, rubber, the minor metals tungsten and antimony, and silk. Japan is largely dependent on the United States for petroleum products and for steel products, particularly scrap steel.

The first important question is how far each of these nations is dependent on raw materials within the other's control. The second question is what steps have been taken or might be taken to use such potential control.

Strategic Materials Status

As to tin, the United States gets 65 per cent. of its supply from British Malaya and all but 15 per cent. of the rest from the neighbourhood. It mines no tin of its own. As protection it has the normal trade reserves; the recent independent acquisitions of the Navy; the Treasury acquisitions under the Strategic Minerals Act of 1939; and it will have the new takings by the RFC's subsidiary, the Defence Minerals Corporation.

All told tin on hand is probably six months supply, and it's now arriving in the United States pretty fast, but heretofore the stock pile defence programme has been very slow. Then there is a small amount of normal scrap tin recovery, and the South American tin, which however has first to go to Britain to be refined with Far Eastern concentrates.

Rubber inventories are better and are also accelerating, and much American money is now going into synthetic rubber production of various kinds. A large lot of tungsten and antimony has just been bought in Indo-China and already partly delivered.

Federal Control Grows

Compared with the fascist countries the United States has been slow to protect itself on these counts and is still quite vulnerable. But it is still probably not as vulnerable as Japan, 85 per cent. of whose scrap steel came from the United States in 1938 and over 90 per cent. in 1939. Japan is also almost entirely dependent on (1) the Western Hemisphere and (2) the Dutch East Indies for her petroleum, and largely dependent on the United States for aviation gasoline. The Dutch East Indies are reported prepared to ruin their oil supplies in case of an invasion.

U.S. Control

American government control over these Japanese essentials has been vastly increased by the Sheppard-May Export Control Act of June, 1940. Nominally aimed at protecting America from depletion of her strategic minerals and other defence staples, it enables Washington without publicity or fanfare to stop off such of our exports as it chooses from going to the Far East, by the simple process of refusing a licence for the export of aeroplanes, machine tools, petroleum products, scrap steel, etc. When the application for a licence goes to Washington it may be looked over by the Army, Navy, State Department, and National Defence Advisory Commission, and any one of them may say no and that's that.

Licence System Expands

The nominal explanation then is that the thing shouldn't be exported because it is needed for American defence. When export of aviation gasoline out of the Western Hemisphere is banned, that still allows it to go to Canada, which can send it to Britain. It can also go to Mexico or South America, but if the export trade sleuths at Washington suspect that it is being shipped there merely for re-export to some place where it might embarrass the defence of America, the simplest and most obvious thing is for it to fail of getting an export licence.

U.S. Export Trade

The changes in American export trade in the last year and the development of this licence system have combined to bring the larger part of our exports under it. American farm exports have fallen and American exports of aeroplanes, munitions, steel, machine tools, etc., have risen and most of these latter come under licence requirements. Just as the reciprocal trade treaties ousted from importance the old-fashioned tariff system, so the new export licencing system has replaced in importance the reciprocal trade treaties. In fact that latter mean little now. America has lost or is losing most of her export markets except the British Empire. With trifling exceptions all the European market is lost except Great Britain. Latin America is hard put to pay for American goods, as witness the recent Argentine suspension of licences to import from the United States (though some here say that may have been a bargaining preliminary to arrival of Mr. Pierson of the Export-Import Bank with his RFC millions to lend). Though American exports in the first twelve months of the war were $4,000,000,000, up $1,000,000,000 over the previous twelve months to the highest level since 1929-1930, this is only because British Empire takings have so sharply increased, amounting now to something over 65 per cent. of total American exports instead of the pre-war 35 to 40 per cent.

Defence Problem Uppermost

Moral, diplomatic, trade, and defence questions intertwine in the present Washington handling of the export licence applications. Some people would have all trade with civilian-bombing countries stopped. The "moral embargo" on high-octane gasoline and air fighters to Japan has been in effect for over a year. Last spring Washington was trying to get the regular trading element in New York to "self-police" the export and re-export of strategic commodities, and the regular trade didn't like it because there were so many loopholes the regular trade couldn't patrol.

Export Licence System

The export licence system has taken that moral problem from local shoulders. There are direct profit-vs.-patriotism principles involved—as Mr. Ford strangely refused to make motors for Britain but was eager to make them for the United States, other manufacturers and dealers face more obvious moral problems such as whether to send West Coast scrap steel to Japan or not.

There are also internal trade differences of opinion; some steel interests, for example, have asked for not only an export licence system but even an embargo on the export of scrap steel, while some scrap steel people have argued that there is plenty of scrap and no national defence need to ban its export. On the West Coast there is a normal surplus of scrap, but on the Atlantic seaboard there appears, to judge by recently rising scrap prices, to be a growing shortage.

All these problems intertangle, but the diplomatic and defence problem seems to be replacing in immediacy the moral problem. Against American protest the Japanese have blocked the Burma Road and invaded French Indo-China. They are reported expecting retaliation. Despite American slowness in raw material self-protection, on a show-down it would appear that since the export licence system was established in this country, Japan is economically more vulnerable to stoppage of American supplies of oil and steel than, all things considered, America is vulnerable to Japanese stoppage of Far Eastern supplies of tin, rubber, tungsten, Manila hemp, antimony, and the other strategic commodities the United States needs. And the situation is very much in flux.

Petroleum Famine Said Remote

Research in Chemistry Safeguarding U.S. Against Oil and Fuel Shortage Says Expert

Detroit, Mich.

RESEARCH in chemistry was pictured as safeguarding the nation against oil and fuel famine by T. A. Boyd of the Research Laboratories of General Motors, speaking before a symposium in connection with the 100th meeting of the American Chemical Society, states the "Christian Science Monitor."

He declared it was due to chemistry-aided developments that a fuel and oil famine has not appeared within the past 20 years, during which time consumption of gasoline has risen five-fold to the immense volume of 500 million barrels a year.

Failure of Petroleum

A further effect is that there now appears to be little prospect of an early failure of petroleum, he continued. If and when petroleum should fail to be adequate, then chemistry offers the chief assurance that oil and liquid fuels can and will be produced from other source materials. And the guarantee that chemistry seems to offer a plentiful supply of liquid fuels from substitute sources, notably coal, appears to be good for a long, long time in the future.

Chemistry contributes to discovery techniques by all it is doing and can do to assist the various scientific methods of finding where oil is located. Scientific exploration accounted for 98 per cent. of the new oil pools discovered in 1938.

How Chemistry Contributes

Chemistry contributes through metallurgy, oil well cementing, and the control of drilling muds in drilling successfully to the deep strata in which much petroleum is. It contributes through the controlled acid treatment of producing formations, one of the many technological advances by which the amount of petroleum from an oil field, after it has been located and drilled, has been increased in recent years, sometimes more than two-fold.

Chemistry contributes through cracking, polymerization, alkylation, and like chemical processes, by means of which the amount of crude oil required to make each gallon of gasoline has been practically cut in half during the past 20 years. The savings in petroleum required, as made by these improvements, has amounted since 1920 to one third as much as the total world production of crude oil during all the 80 years since 1859 when 'Drake's Folly' turned out to be an oil well.

Processes

The two most promising processes of making liquid fuels from coal, Mr. Boyd pointed out, are the hydrogenation of coal (Bergius process) and the hydrogenation of carbon monoxide made from coal (Fischer-Tropsch process). In 1937 one-third of the motor fuel consumed in Germany is understood to have been synthetic gasoline from coal, and smaller amounts of that consumed in Great Britain, France, Japan, and Italy have been made from coal also, he continued.

Coal Reserves Plentiful

In regard to the adequacy of American coal reserves to meet the demand for gasoline, should that ever be necessary, it may be said that not more than 2 per cent. of the original supply of bituminous coal in this country has yet been exhausted.

Thus it appears that, thanks to the advances in chemistry which have made coal available as a source of motor fuel, an adequate supply of fuel and oil for motor transport is in sight for a long, long time to come. Substitute fuels from sources other than petroleum, such as coal, oil shale, and vegetation, are more costly than gasoline made from petroleum, but not prohibitively so.

It has been estimated that, in the present state of the art abroad, gasoline could be produced from coal in this country at from fourteen to sixteen cents per gallon. But, this being from three to four times the present manufacturing cost of gasoline in the United States, coal will naturally not be used to make gasoline on this side as long as the supply of petroleum proves adequate, nor should it be.

Making gasoline out of coal in this country will have to be preceded by an immense amount of research in chemistry and chemical engineering, as well as by investments on a huge scale.

Rising Gasoline Yield

When the rapidly increasing use of automobiles threatened a fuel shortage in 1914, the average yield of gasoline from crude oil was about 18 per cent, whereas today the average yield is 45 per cent. and yields as high as 70 to 75 per cent. can be obtained in modern refinery plants, Mr. Boyd explained.

Mr. Boyd cited estimates to show that the total number of motor vehicles in use in the United States will increase about 30 per cent. during the next twenty years to 37,000,000, while the gasoline consumed will increase 20 per cent. to 25,000,000,000 gallons. The smaller proportionate increase in gasoline relative to motor vehicles in use is justified by the prospect that miles per gallon will be greatly improved in the future, he said.

Improvements in Fuels

It begins to appear that from now on the car users may prefer to take the benefits of further improvements in fuels and of advances in engineering in terms of more miles per gallon. If so, one of the advances that would greatly aid in making higher fuel economies possible would be further increases in the octane number of gasoline, which denotes its freedom from knock.

Experiments with 100 octane number gasoline instead of the 70 octane number type in use today have shown a 55 per cent. increase in miles per gallon at 20 miles an hour, and more than 40 per cent. increases at higher speeds, with important gains in performance, Mr. Boyd reported.

Japan Shift Trade To Yen, Axis Blocs

Concrete Plan for Change Of Foreign Commercial Policy Ordered

Tokyo, Nov. 4.

Mr. Isao Kawada, Finance Minister, will shift Japan's foreign trade from the dollar and sterling blocs to the yen and Italo-German Axis Power blocs, according to the "Yomiuri Shimbun."

The Finance Minister who has long been deliberating on measures to brighten the sentiment in business circles in this country, which he believed would serve greatly to elevate the *moral* of the nation, has recently ordered his subordinates to draft a concrete plan for the proposed shift in Japan's foreign trade policy. As soon as the plan is drafted, it will be submitted to a conference of economic authorities which will be held in the near future.

Foreign Trade

Japan's foreign trade is being affected adversely by radical changes in the international political and commercial situation, the outbreak of the European war, and the conclusion of the alliance among Japan, Germany and Italy. It is believed that the marked increase in the stock of export goods here in recent months is blocking smooth operation of capital in the country at present.

In order to remove all these elements affecting Japan's internal and international trade, Mr. Kawada is resolved to alter Japan's foreign trade policy. In the future the Government will concentrate its energy on the promotion of trade with the yen and Italo-German Axis Power blocs, instead of the dollar and sterling blocs. It is further reported that the general materials programme will be worked out in accordance with the changed policy in foreign trade.

Rice Supply

The nation can rest assured as far as the supply of rice next year is concerned, declared the Agriculture and Forestry Minister, Mr. Tadaatsu Ishiguro at a conference of economic officials held at the official residence of the Premier on October 29, the "Hochi Shimbun" states.

The conference was attended by Premier Konoe, Finance Minister Isao Kawada, Communications Minister Shozo Murata and all other economic Ministers. When the conferees came to discuss supply and demand conditions of rice and charcoal next year, which are generally regarded as the greatest stumbling block in all economic issues now confronting this country, Mr. Ishiguro gave assurances that the people of Japan need not worry about rice supply in the future.

To view with too much optimism the current supply and demand conditions of rice would be a mistake, but I have done everything in my power to secure rice for the people.

Fortunately, my efforts in this connection have produced heartening results, and rice supply conditions in the country at present have greatly improved when compared with the corresponding period of the previous year, although it is still necessary to economize on the consumption of rice as far as possible.—Reuter.

Local Commodities

Yesterday's Prices

Cotton yn. 20's, D.H. per bale	$1,181
Tungchow cotton .. per picul	228
Flour, local .. per bag (49lb.)	$17.00
Raw silk, Steamfil, 20/22 78%	picul $4,800 nom.

Mentoukou Mines Sales And Production

Messrs. George McBain have received information from the Mentoukuo Mines that for October production of coal was 37,800 tons, and sales amounted to 19,302 tons.

AT 11.30 a.m. yesterday, a Chinese male was stopped by five unarmed vagabonds, who overpowered the victim and robbed him of $25. The crime was committed in Kinnear Road, just a few yards off Jessfield Road.

AN alarm raised foiled the attempts of three armed desperadoes when they attempted to rob a Chinese dwelling at 1543 Avenue Road at 5.45 a.m. yesterday. The trio entered the premises and demanded the money, but the intended victim opened a door to an adjoining house and raised the alarm. The robbers took to their heels, but not before one of them fired a shot at the complainant, who fortunately escaped being injured.

Vichy Acquiring Control of Havas

Government Decree Gives Priority in Purchase of New Stock Issue

Vichy, Nov. 4.

Havas News Agency soon will become the official organ of the Petain Government, the official French Government journal indicated yesterday.

The journal reported that the Government had been authorized to acquire 25,000,000 francs worth of stock in Havas Agency under a new law entitled "A Law Relative to the Reorganization of Havas Company." The law does not state the exact method of reorganization.

Technically, Havas Agency heretofore has been a private company with total capital stock, for the combined news agency and advertising agency, of about 105,000,000 francs. Havas has been the largest of three French news agencies. The other two were Agence Radio and Agence Fournier. The former ceased publication when the French Government fled from Bordeaux, but the latter is still being published in Vichy.

Although there has been no official announcement, it is generally understood here that the Petain Government intends to acquire control of the news agency portion of the Havas Company. Thereafter the agency would operate openly as a government agency on the same lines as the German DNB and Italian Stefani agencies, it is understood.

The new decree gives the Government priority right to buy a new issue of Havas stock to be issued within the next three months. The decree thereby assures the Government of obtaining majority control in the agency in the near future.

Stock-Holders Meeting

The Havas Company has called a stock-holders meeting in Paris on Nov. 12 to approve the issue of the new stock which will be bought up by the Government.

The official Journal yesterday also published a radio "gag" decree forbidding the French people to receive British radio broadcasts or transmissions from any radio station engaged in "French anti-national propaganda."

Another Government decree tightened official control over the nation's press by revising the law of 1881 which established freedom of the press in France. The new decree establishes prison sentences of from three months to two years, and fines ranging from 100 to 3000 francs, for "offending the Chief of State by published slurs or attacks."

The same decree places all common press misdemeanors under the jurisdiction of the simple correctional police court. Particularly outlawed newspaper articles "inciting riot, pillage, arson, murder or attack."

The radio gag decree carries a prison sentence of from six days to six months in addition to a 16 to 1000 francs fine. The radio receivers of offenders also will be seized. The prison sentence and fine apply, however, only when the decree is violated in public. No fine or sentence has yet been set for listening to banned broadcasts in private homes, although such action also is forbidden in the decree.—Uited Press.

Strategic Position In Pacific

Chinese General Supplies His Own Views

Chungking, Nov. 4.

Possible moves by the United States and Japan in a Pacific battle are outlined by General Hsu Pei-keng, well-known military expert and former head of the Chinese air force, in a leading article of this morning's official "Central Daily News."

After obtaining permission to use the British naval bases at Singapore and Darwin, he declared, the United States Fleet will not necessarily pass through the Japanese-controlled Caroline Islands, but will travel via the Samoa Islands and Darwin westward towards Manila or Singapore.

General Hsu is of the opinion that the Japanese Fleet will move towards the Caroline Islands to intercept the United States Fleet, while the Japanese Army will attack the Dutch East Indies or Singapore. "To control the Pacific Japan must deal a crushing blow to the United States Fleet or occupy the naval base at Singapore. Occupation of Singapore is Japan's main military objective, while occupation of the Dutch East Indies is her main economic object. Japan's occupation of these islands will seriously impede a westward movement of the United States Fleet."—Reuter.

Weygand Pledges No Colonies to Be Ceded

Basle, Nov. 4.

General Weygand, Vichy High Commissioner for French Africa, has written an article in a Moroccan newspaper pledging the French national honour that no French possessions would be ceded.

The article caused the sharpest reaction in authoritative circles in Berlin, according to the "Basler Nachrichten." These circles see in it a sign of the real opposition to the Vichy policy and plans; consequently, they believed a definite agreement with France can hardly be expected since Germany would not reduce her demands against the vanquished.—Reuter.

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U.S. "Good Neighbour" Policy Expected to Continue

More Amicable Relations With Latin American Countries to be Fostered in Coming Years

Washington, Nov. 4.

UNITED States efforts to establish closer and more amicable relations among the American Republics are expected to continue at steady pace throughout the next decade, irrespective of possible change of party control in this government or the uncertain outcome of European war.

Experienced diplomats here, impressed by the profound impetus given to inter-American relations as an effect of the war, point out rural programmes which could scarcely attain their expected results in less than a decade, and that no government in Washington would dare to relax the effort made by the "New Deal" to foster the military and economic security of the continent.

The "good neighbour" policy developed here in the last seven years has been practically outside party criticism in Congress and was not made an issue in the national election campaigns, due to general understanding of the relationship of Latin America to national defence, the strong tradition of the Monroe Doctrine, and the fact that the policy applied in recent years was an obvious corrective to the abortive policies of "dollar diplomacy" and Caribbean intervention which caused great difficulties in earlier decades.

General Satisfaction

Diplomatic appraisals of the "good neighbour" policy are marked by general satisfaction with the results obtained in the last seven years, but with a tendency to speculate whether this policy will prove permanent through changes of administration here and in the face of the convulsive events occurring elsewhere in the world. Many Latin American students believe that a policy of such tremendous significance and implications could only be regarded as permanent if it withstands the impact of events through a quarter century. Such view prevails widely also among government experts on Latin American affairs who are attempting to frame policies and programmes with a view to their long-continued application, thus averting the sharp economic and political reversals that occurred in this hemisphere in the years following the great War.

Experienced Latin American diplomatic observers take note, however, that the "good neighbour" policy and the accompanying spirit of Pan American solidarity faces possible challenge from many sources in forthcoming months. Circumstances which might modify present outlooks in this continent could be any of the following:

Beyond Prediction

First, a change in administration here might lead to some relaxation, although not abandonment, of the Latin American policies as recently developed: A new secretary of state, for example, might consider that the United States should give predominant attention to Far Eastern or European affairs, with less emphasis on relations with the southern neighbours and perhaps a less liberal economic attitude.

Second, if Great Britain were defeated to the extent that her vaunted sea power was destoryed, the ensuing world political situation would make the course of events in this hemisphere beyond prediction. The purpose of the United States to preserve the Monroe Doctrine and frustrate either economic or political aggression against the Western Hemisphere would transcend all other phases of United States foreign policy. The Latin American Republics would have tremendous readjustments to make in their traditional outlooks.

Economic Conditions

Thirdly, weakening of the "good neighbour" system might occur if internal economic conditions in the United States should revive the extreme "protectionist" sentiment, particularly in agrarian groups, which prevailed in the decade of the twenties. The limited ability of the United States to absorb surplus commodities of Latin America is generally regarded as the Achilles' heel of the Pan American policy.

Fourthly, an impairment of inter-American relations might occur if South American Republics, unable to readjust their economies to the loss of European markets, should for a long period fail to obtain effective assistance from the United States in the relief of emergency conditions.

Fifth, if the United States fails to "carry through" in the cultural rapprochement with Latin America recently attempted, then some countries in the post-war period might revert to their historical European ties with a new intensity, at the expence of Pan American relations.

Non-Intervention

Countering such challenges to the permanence of the "good neighbour" relations are the following broad considerations which suggest that for some years at least the trend will be toward more effective relations among countries of this hemisphere.

Firstly, the United States has established threefold principles of non-intervention, consultation, and inter-American cooperation with sufficient firmness and popular approbation as to warrant hope that no new government in this or other republic would desire to change the trend.

Secondly, the United States has adopted a continental defence policy which, without any impairment to the sovereignty of other republics, has afforded them new opportunities to strengthen their own defensive systems and to count upon the aid of this country against unforeseen emergencies. The United States has offered the use of new bases planned in British colonies of this hemisphere to the other republics. Obviously, Brazil and Venezuela could benefit tremendously from the facilities potentially afforded at Trinidad, for example.

Stimulations

Thirdly, with the impending enactment of the bill enlarging Export Import Bank Capital by $500,000,000, the United States Government will have unprecedented resources with which to foster commerce with Latin American countries on mutually profitable lines—the vast programme now envisaged would hardly be likely to reveal its full results and profitability before several years.

Fourthly, in recent years there have been many and intense stimulation to the improvement of inter-American relations in all cultural and technical fields; the full benefits of these programmes to Latin American countries, and vice versa, are only commencing to become apparent. In a word, Pan American relations are in a process of democration, where the publics of various countries may supplement and reinforce official efforts at better relations.—United Press.

MORE than 20 persons have died during the past few days as a result of an outbreak of bubonic plague within the city of Ningpo, states a message to the "Cheng Yien Pao." The authorities have segregated the affected areas.

"New Day Dawning On Japan"

Mr. Matsuoka Speaks at Opening of Celebrations At Tokyo

Tokyo, Nov. 4.

Fifteen hundred delegates of Japanese residents in 27 nations who have assembled in Tokyo to participate in the celebrations of the 2,600th anniversary of the founding of the Japanese Empire, launched a five-day rally with a parade through the streets of Tokyo this morning. Their ranks were augmented by 1,000 students of the Colonial University. The opening session of the convention will be marked by an address by the Premier, Prince Konoye, the Foreign Minister, Mr. Yosuke Matsuoka, and other Ministers. General Prince Naruhiko Higashikuni attended the session in the capacity of patron.

The parade was led by the oldest delegate, Mr. Matsunosuke Tsukamoto, who is 84 and is representing San Francisco and California and Mr. Taro Nangoku also from the United States who holds the record as the longest resident abroad having left Japan 56 years ago. During the parade the delegates paid their respects at the Imperial Palace.

After the opening of the first session of the convention the delegates worshipped at the Meiji Shrine which is dedicated to the memory of the grandfather of the present Emperor, and at the Yasukuni Shrine which is Japan's Pantheon.

"A new day is dawning upon Japan for building a greater East Asiatic sphere of common prosperity on the one hand and on the other for making overseas development," Mr. Yosuke Matsuoka, Japanese Foreign Minister, stated at the opening of the first session of the convention. "A powerful nation gives rise to a powerful foreign policy which in turn makes it possible to achieve a vigorous national development."

Mr. Matsuoka paid tribute to Japanese pioneer settlers in various foreign countries for their tenacity, purpose and strenuous efforts manifested in seeking overseas development under "disadvantageous and unfair conditions and in breaking stubborn resistances."

The isolation policy enforced by Tokugawa Shogunate for more than two centuries, Mr. Matsuoka asserted, thwarted Japan's overseas expansion. When Japan started development overseas, following the Meiji restoration of 1868, the world had been dominated by the senior western powers, he added.—Reuter.

Quintuplets Born In France

Berlin, Via Air Courier from Paris, Nov. 4.

Quintuplets, four boys and one girl, were born to a labourer's wife in France recently, but one of the infants died, it was reported here.

The Paris journal "Petit Parisien" carried a story from its correspondent in Pas-de-Calais, that the quintuplets were born to Madame Michèle Depuis, the wife of a labourer.

Although the girl died, the mother and sons are said to be doing well, the report said.—United Press.

FERRY Road, in the vicinity of Changping Road, was the scene of an armed hold-up when six criminals stopped a Chinese cyclist at 3.20 a.m. (The victim shouldn't have been out during curfew hours, anyway). The highwaymen, one of whom was armed, relieved the luckless man of his bicycle, in addition to taking away all the cash in the man's possession, the total loss being estimated at $25.80.

Senor Suner Talks with German Envoy

Ministers Meet; Newspaper Harps on Lost Territory

London, Nov. 4.

The Spanish Foreign Minister, Senor Serrano Suner, yesterday had another conversation with Dr. von Storrer, the German Ambassador to Spain, according to a Madrid telegram.—Reuter.

Council Meeting

Madrid, Nov. 3.

A meeting of the Council of Ministers was held here today under the chairmanship of General Francisco Franco, the Chief of State.

During the meeting, Senor Serrano Suner, the Foreign Minister, read out a detailed report on the international situation.

Before breaking up, the Ministers decided upon a number of appointments in the various branches of the Government.—Havas.

Spain's Aspirations

Madrid, Nov. 3.

Spain's determination to recover what previously belonged to her "geographically, militarily and economically" was stressed in an editorial published today in the "Arriba," official organ of the Foreign Ministry, under the title of "The trend of our foreign policy."

"At present, we may loyally assert that everything which once belonged to Spain's geographical, military, political and economic spheres and was either sequestrated or refused her, must be returned or given up to us," the paper said. "Many of the seeds of bitterness and pain which cloud the atmosphere of the future 'post-war period' would thus be removed."—Havas.

Indian Seamen Support British War Effort

Calcutta, Nov. 4.

A resolution extending unqualified support to Great Britain for the successful prosecution of the war was adopted at the 22nd annual general meeting of the Indian Seamen's Union yesterday.—Reuter.

AT about 1.15 a.m. yesterday, a Chinese pedestrian was held up by two highwaymen, one of them being armed with a pistol, in Yunnan Road near Foochow Road. The criminals showed little ceremony in their business and robbed the unfortunate man of $222 in cash. The victim raised no alarm and the two culprits had no difficulty in making their escape.

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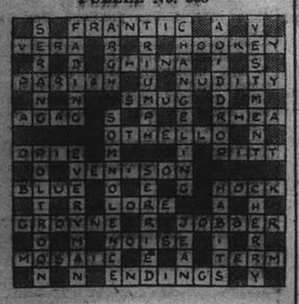

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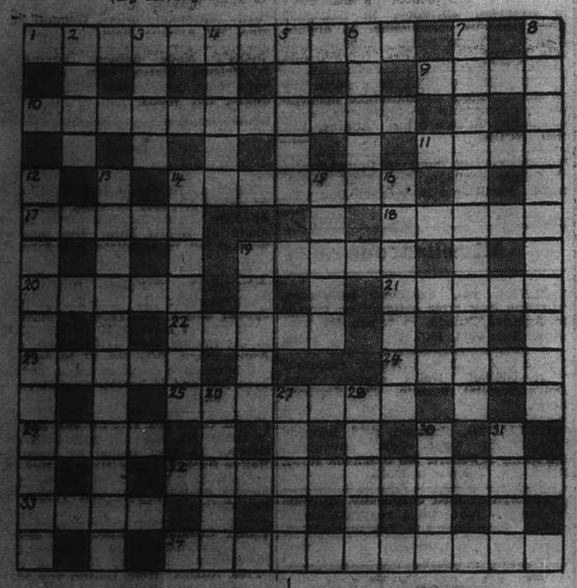


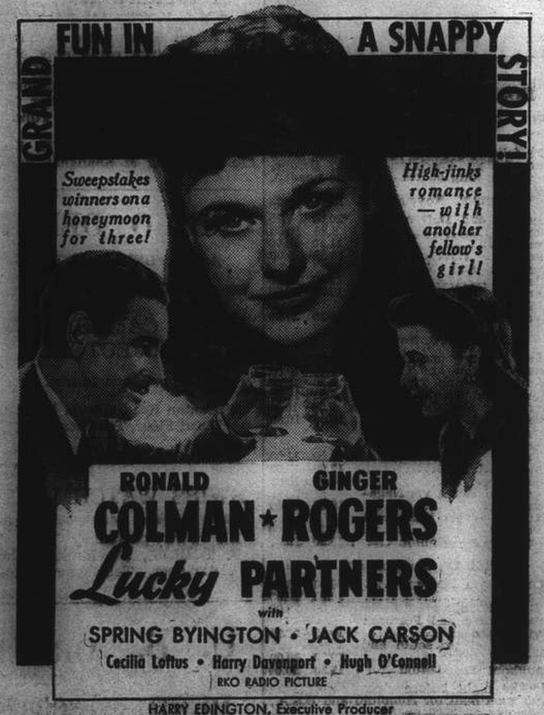
ACROSS

1 He helps us in our extremities
9 Repeated this is agreement, not a call to attention
10 A wanderer takes part in this dispute
11 One of the deer family
14 Justice or heroine, both famous
17 One expects this bit of harness to make its mark
18 Weapon that suggests crime
19 Prima Donna
20 Ailment
21 Power that suggests uncertainty
22 A dangerous part of a ladder to step on
23 This famous golfing resort may be broken up or not
24 Comfort
25 Slender
29 Religious reformer in Britain
33 Stealing that may be absent-mindedness
33 Poetic almost
34 A bit of new knowledge apparently drawn up in orderly fashion

DOWN

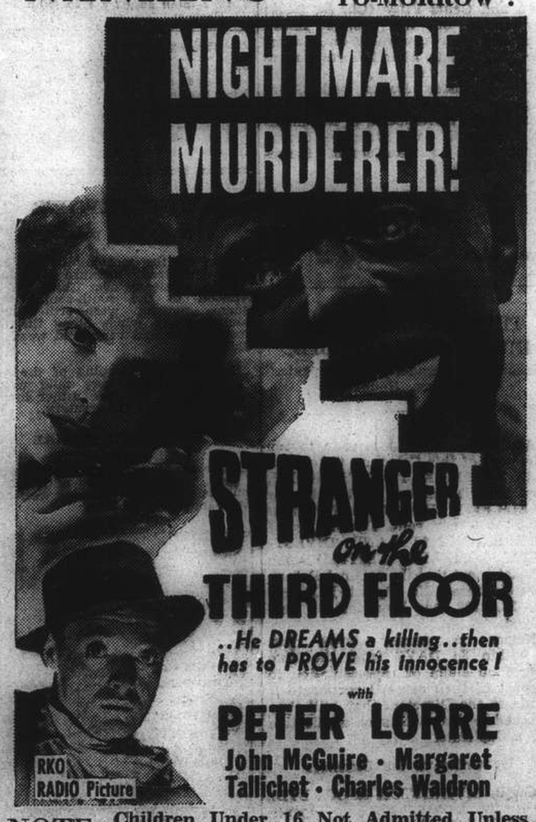
2 A badge of degrees that once sheltered fellows
3 Theologians agree that this book of the Bible is not the entire truth
4 Town of India
5 Stay for some length at last
6 Feminine name
7 Not the most honourable of lawyers
8 In bits and pieces
12 Business procedure which suggests settlement day on 'Change
13 Soil and town combine to make a great soldier
14 Talk at length but not entirely without hypocrisy
15 French that suggests exchange
16 The expression of a serious card
18 Town of Italy
26 Bird
27 Just the same
28 The soldier would probably be surprised to learn that this may be got from a march
30 This may be observed in the best etchings
31 The water variety of this game might be in itself disturbed

Commencing THURSDAY! CATHAY!



HARRY EDINGTON, Executive Producer
Produced by GEORGE HAIGHT • Directed by LEWIS MILESTONE
(Screen Play by Allan Scott and John van Druten. Adapted from the story, "Bonne Chance," by Sacha Guitry)

NANKING— Opens TO-MORROW!



NOTE Children Under 16 Not Admitted Unless Accompanied By Guardians or Parents

Unfurnished Houses

TO LET: Detached house of 6 rooms with attic, garden, garage, modern conveniences, at Amhurst Avenue. Another of same size at Route Ferguson. For particulars telephone 79586 at 12-2 p.m. 12316

TO LET, unfurnished seven-roomed house, Tifeng Road, with large garden, servants' quarters. Rent US$50 per month. Address Box 3880, NCDN. 12279

LARGE house and garden available in the western district, 8 rooms, 5 bathrooms. Apply The Shanghai Land Investment Co., Ltd. 12202

Houses and Land

COLUMBIA Circle, Amherst Avenue, U.S. lot 5.858 mow with bungalow, nice garden, $30,000 per mow, brokers not welcome. Full particulars Post Office Box 1222. -6984

WANTED to purchase, six mow or more of land with or without houses in western district outside the Settlement. Please send particulars to Box 3749, NCDN. -6930

WANTED to purchase, about half-mow, preferably undeveloped, suitable for building bungalow. Box 3779, NCDN. -6987

Offices, Shops, Godowns

TO LET: half space of office on the Bund. Apply to Box 3908, NCDN. -7129

DESK space in central office, to let. Apply Box 3903, NCDN. -7122

WANTED office, about 800 square feet, central district. Box 3887, NCDN. -7085

Medical

SEXUOLOGICAL CLINIC
Dir. Dr. J. KASSOFF, M.D.
Debility, Gland Disorders, Neurasthenia
HAMILTON HOUSE, Suite 226
Hours: 11-1 and 4-6 p.m. Tel. 14379

Dr. A. A. FISHBEIN
DENTAL SURGEON
Former Assistant of Berlin Dental Institute
453 Avenue Joffre, 47 Bearn Apt.
Office hours: 10-1 and 3-6.30 p.m.
Telephone 85815

Dr. J. KASSOFF, M.D.
(New York and Berlin Clinics)
Specialist in Urology and Skin Diseases
HAMILTON HOUSE, Office 218
Hours: 11-1 and 4-6 p.m. Tel. 14379
Also at 587 Bubbling Well Road
Hours: 8-10 and 6-8 p.m. Tel. 37622

Dr. L. NEUMANN, M.D.
Specialist in Urology and Skin Diseases
(Universities of Paris and Berlin)
119 NANKING ROAD
Apt. 5B Second floor
Tel. 13272 Hours 8 a.m.-7 p.m.

DISINFECTION
G. H. PARKES & CO.
TELEPHONE 72245

INSURANCE
AMERICAN FOREIGN INSURANCE ASSOCIATION
Joint Branch of Sixteen Leading Companies
51 CANTON ROAD — Main Office for China
JAMES NICHOLS — Manager for China

Furnished Apartments

WELL-FURNISHED three-roomed flat, Concession, garden and garage. Furniture $8,500. Rent $350 including taxes. De Becker, 262/4 Hamilton House, telephone 15633. 12224

TWO-roomed, furnished apartment, hot water, heating, first floor, rent $400. Inspection after 2 p.m., 947/3 Avenue Joffre, telephone 77883. -7104

THREE rooms, furnished apartment to let. Furniture for sale. Telephone $1036, 12-2. -7098

FOUR-ROOMED apartment, completely furnished. Furniture to be sold, cheap. Telephone 77724. Available November 30. -6990

Unfurnished Apartments

TWO-ROOMED apartment in the French Concession, with all modern conveniences. Reply stating nationality and occupation to Box 3922, NCDN. 12324

GOOD, three-roomed, unfurnished flat, Concession, $350 monthly, to approved tenant. De Becker, 262/4 Hamilton House, telephone 15633. 12323

ATTRACTIVE large 2½-roomed flat, all modern conveniences, Route Magniny, from November 15. Rent $350 including garage. Telephone 79205. -7149

TO LET: two and three-roomed apartment, Concession. Moderate terms. Apply General Investment Co., 233 Nanking Road, Room 122. -7154

TO LET, 1½-roomed flat. Telephone 60121 between 11-12 only. -7135

BEAUTIFUL new building, Route Cohen, three-roomed apartments, steamheating, modern conveniences, ready January. Apply telephone 12045. -7132

TO LET, three-roomed flat. Telephone 60121 between 11-12 only. -6939

APARTMENT, Avenue Joffre, newest in Shanghai; five rooms, large verandah, three baths. Fixtures available. Rental US$86, taxes, garage, frigidaire inclusive. No brokers. Box 3732, NCDN. -6799

Furnished Houses

TO LET, near French Club, part of house (four rooms, two bathrooms, verandahs, pantry, kitchen, servants' quarters). Furnished or unfurnished. To responsible party only. Telephone 72419, 8-9 a.m., 6-9 p.m. -7151

TO LET, six-roomed semi-detached house, three bathrooms, verandahs, garage, garden, servants' quarters. Fixtures, furniture to be taken over. Near French Club. Box 3913, NCDN. -7151

FIVE-ROOMED house, two bathrooms and verandahs, just redecorated. Furniture for sale. Rent $150. Telephone 20240. -6891

TO LET, ten-roomed house, partly-furnished, two bathrooms, garage and small garden on Route Dufour. Very near Shell Station. Moderate rental. For particulars please address Box 3768, NCDN. -6929

TO LET, six-roomed house, three bathrooms, large garden, furniture for sale. Rent $300. Telephone 22067, 12.30-1.30. -6710

Office Cars

WANTED urgently, lift, three times daily, Yuyuen, Edinburgh—Nanking, Kiangse, or vicinity. Telephone Mrs. Silber, 22801. 9/1054 Yuyuen. 12301

LADY requires lift, tiffin times only. Museum Road/Wayside. Box 3898. -7113

Wanted to Purchase

WANT to buy one scale for 1200 lbs. or more. Please communicate with Mr. Wu, telepnone 85065. -7113

ADVERTISER buying men's, ladies', children's used garments, shoes, underwear, wallets, trunks, bedding, napery, household implements of every description, carpets, anything of use, even in damaged condition. Box 3178, NCDN. -7036

WANTED all kinds of household furniture, refrigerator, piano and sundries. Telephone 96967 or 510 Peking Road. George Young. -7068

WANTED, an imported perambulator, in good condition. Attention families leaving for Home. Box 3751, NCDN. -6932

WANTED, secondhand perambulator. Telephone offers 21681, 12.30 to 2 p.m. -7019

Personal

AMERICAN, 28, wishes to meet young, attractive, educated Chinese lady of good family, for friendship. Gold-diggers need not reply. Box 3894, NCDN. -7105

ENGLISH lady would like to meet lonely British gentleman, about 42-52 years, for real friendship. Please write Box 3899, NCDN. -7118

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

LADY gives general massage, manicure 10-7 p.m. 205 Peking Road Apartment 30. Second Floor. -6897

360 Rue Bourgeat, Room 2. Massage. -6780

Animals

WANTED to buy pedigreed airdale (male), 4-6 months old. Good home. Address Box 3909, NCDN. -7130

WANTED to purchase, a thoroughbred and well-trained young Alsatian. Box 3917, NCDN. -7146

CAIRN terriers, two sisters, 11 months, house-trained, $75 each. Box 3920, NCDN. 12320.

LOST, white fox-terrier, called Caesar. Reward. Box 3891, NCDN. -7098

MEMBER of S.S.P.C.A. wants well trained pointer or setter. Notify Secretary, S.S.P.C.A., Telephone 36536. -12289

Rooms Without Board

FLAT, furnished or unfurnished, four rooms, steam heating, private bath, gas stove. Brenan Road near Jessfield Park, Lane 35G, House 4. -7086

SMALL furnished room, all modern conveniences. Available November 15. 20/18 Seymour Road. -7152

IN APARTMENT, to let, a large room, with all modern conveniences. 824/B Cathay Flats. 73069. -7155

SMALL room for single lady and double room, well furnished throughout, in one-family house, available promptly on favourable terms. 10 Route Edan, corner Joffre. 79492. -7147

LARGE room, furnished, to let. Apply 169 Avenue Dubail, Apartment 11. -7122

ROOM, furnished, facing south, for one person. 321/16 Route Dupleix, Flat 3, Telephone 79354. -7133

LARGE, well-furnished room, steam-heating, all conveniences. Telephone. Apply 311 Yu Yuen Road. -7091

ONE large room and one small room (separate). Both furnished. Telephone 79162. -7116

TWO large, well-furnished south rooms, arcola, balcony, second, third floor. 18 Route Delastre, telephone 76783. -7089

SETTLEMENT, two large rooms, bath, apartment for American couple or single. Box 3874, NCDN. -7071

NICELY furnished big room available promptly. 1823 Avenue Joffre. -6677

FLAT or room, well furnished, private bath, kitchen. Apply 35-E Brenan Road, Telephone 21292. -7092

TO LET, nice, furnished room for single person. 6 Route Lorton, House 8, telephone 76895. -7107

QUIET room with or without board. Lane 1220, 55 Avenue Road. -7120

IN apartment, for bachelor, well-furnished room, private bath, board optional. Best location. Telephone 70686, 12-2 p.m. No refugee. -7114

NICE, quiet room with running water immediately. Terrace. Bachelors preferred. 11 Route Mayen. -7020

LARGE, well-furnished, south room, third floor, Savoy Apartments, to single person. Telephone 73189. -6994

Rooms with Board

ROOMS to let with full board, for single or couple. Please telephone 70404. -7131

SMALL, nice, furnished room. Board. Tramcar 7. Near Sayzoong, 188 Route Dupleix. Foreigner only. -7095

COSGROVE House, 1220/50 Avenue Road, comfortable double/single room, excellent food. Telephone 31018. -7126

THE Villas, 969 Avenue Foch, one double room available immediately, also one single room available November 11. Large gardens, good food. Telephone, Manageress, 75433. -7127

AVENUE Hall, 1434 Avenue Road. One suite of three rooms, with large private roof-garden. One suite of two rooms. Double single rooms. Private bathrooms. Excellent cuisine. Telephone Mrs. Patricia Graybrook. 30244. -7129

THE Towers, 1182 Avenue Road. Comfortable double room, private bathroom, garden. Telephone 35534. -6589

NICELY furnished big and small rooms, steamheated, full board, European cuisine, available at once, 2032 Avenue Joffre, Villa Victor. -7019

VACANT November 15, southfacing double room excellent accommodation, private British guest house, 4 Tifeng Road. -7070

COMFORTABLE, furnished one/two rooms in apartment, private bath, all conveniences, full board. 1215 Bubbling Well, 100/6 Burlington Court. -6787

NOVEMBER 15, double room, private bath, all conveniences. Inquire 287 Rue Albert, 9-12, 2-6. -6687

Motor Cars and Cycles

1934 Opel convertible couch, excellent condition, US$350 or nearest offer. 1929 Ford 2-door sedan, new duco and battery, US$175. Please apply telephone 18354, Mr. Sung. -7119

1940 Ford sedan, practically new. Owner-driven. Less than 1,500 miles. Price US$1,050. Address Box 3915, NCDN. -7145

QUICK sale, Vauxhall 1934 sedan, sliding-roof, US$250. 112/6 Ferry Road, telephone 37130. -7139

FOR SALE: Renault 1932/33 good condition, US$250. Box 3895, NCDN. -7108

1932 Harley Davidson motorcycle, 7½ h.p., recently overhauled, ducoed. Price reasonable. Reply Box 3890, NCDN. -7097

WANTED to buy, economical, used car. British make preferred. Reply stating price to Box 3896, NCDN. -7109

1939 Dodge 4-door sedan for sale. Excellent condition and reasonable price. No brokers. Address Box 3531, NCDN. -6357

TAKE driving lessons from experienced Scandinavian teacher, speaking all principal languages. Box 2252, NCDN. -6612

IF you wish to buy, sell, exchange or service motor cars you cannot possibly lose by obtaining a proposition from Bills Motors, authorized Ford, Mercury and Lincoln-Zephyr Dealers. Thousands have been satisfied. Telephone 74400. 12229

Wanted to Rent

URGENTLY required, three/four-roomed apartment, first-class building, Bubbling Well district. Willing buy furniture. Box 3919, NCDN. 12315

WANTED apartment/house, 5/6 rooms, vicinity Seymour/Bubbling Well Roads. Willing to pay key money. Box 3905, NCDN. -7124

HOUSE or apartment. Rent in foreign currency will not be considered. Agreeable lease. Responsible British tenants. Address Box 3800, NCDN. 12233

RESPONSIBLE party wants two-roomed flat with all modern conveniences, kitchen, western district or French Concession. Please reply Box 3819, NCDN., state if furniture to be taken over. -6864

WANTED, furnished or unfurnished house or flat. Willing take over furniture. Concession/Settlement. Without key-money. Box 3746, NCDN. -6823

Radios

PURCHASE all kinds of secondhand radios and repair. Modern Radio Service. 356 Avenue Foch, telephone 38147. 12257

FOR radio repair, call International Radio Service. Foreign workmanship. Telephone 75897, 9 Route Cardinal Mercier. -6191

3 POINT new model universal receiver excellent reception of European and American stations guaranteed. Six tubes US$13, seven tubes with magic eye US$15. Guaranteed American tubes and American loudspeaker. Demonstration without obligation. 3 Point Radio Factory, under expert foreign management. 33 Chusan Road, Telephone 50383. -6338

HIRE, sale and reliable repairs, every kind of radio. Universal Radio Co., 232 Nanking Road, telephone 19225. 12203

Educational

WANTED a tutoress, speaking perfect English, for a girl of three. From 9 to 12 noon, daily, except Sundays. Answer own handwriting Box 3888, NCDN, stating educational standard and fees expected. -7067

WANTED Japanese lessons. Reply stating particulars, terms, etc. Box 3904, NCDN. -7123

HANS BAER, concert pianist, piano lessons. 153/H/38 Route des Soeurs, 75880 (8-9 a.m. 2-3 p.m.) -7082

BELCANTO. Teacher of reputable singers (Vienna Conservatory). Shanghai references. Pupil's home. Bursteen, Telephone 51796. -6342

PIANO lessons (pupil's/teacher's home) given by successful teacher Gerard Pincus, 382/3 Rue Bourgeat. -6441

FIGUEIREDO'S School. Dependable. Day/evening. Shorthand, typewriting. English. 54 Garden Apartments, 1173/11 Bubbling Well. 12260

PIANO lessons, easy successful method, fast progress. Mrs. Schlittner, 1011 Avenue Joffre, telephone 72397. -6180

THE SCHOOL of Applied Art, 204/206 Edinburgh Road, corner of Avenue Haig, under the direction of Mr. Schiff. Classes for drawing, sketching, fashion designing, commercial art, handweaving, etc. Special children's class. Just starting: Classes for sculpturing and ceramics. For information please telephone 23287. -6451

PIANO pedagogue gives lessons to children, adults, special method, excellent references. Box 3748, NCDN. -6927

Chinese Servants

BABY-AMAH and boy, available November 10. Please telephone 33094. 12314

EXCELLENT cook-boy, native of Peking; clean, honest, speaks English well, for English or American family. Highly recommended. Box 3892, NCDN. -7102

A hardworking, honest Shantung boy recommended by former employer. Salary $50. Please telephone 13316. -3139

ADVERTISER recommends excellent Cantonese cook-boy for immediate engagement. Address Box 3911, NCDN. -7126

WANTED, good, honest, hardworking cook-boy, speaking English, for small flat. Good salary. Must be well recommended. Telephone 75332, between 8 and 10 a.m. -7009

WANTED cook-boy and house-boy, must be honest, reliable and hard-working. Only those well-recommended need apply. Box 3828, NCDN. or Telephone 17141. 12254

EXPERIENCED cook-boy, also wife amah, clean, honest, good cooking, highly recommended. Telephone 77423, Mee. -7087

Dancing

MISS Lillian Grey, qualified instructress in ballroom dances, gives private lessons at Waldemar's Dancing Academy, 1272 Avenue Joffre. -6454

More Classified Ads. Overleaf

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS ★

SHANGHAI, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1940 (6th day of 10th moon)

TO-DAY'S WEATHER PROBABILITIES

Siberian anticyclone invading Mongolia South-East ward. Tropical air over Central China. Violent typhoon to the West of Guam slowly moving West-North-West ward. Variable weather and freshning variable winds around Shantung. Cloudy and mild with Easterly wind over our regions and to the South of the Saddles.

	At Cathedral	At Siccawei
Temperature yesterday	min. 68.0 max. 82.0	min. 66.2 max. 83.7
„ same date last year	min. 50.0 max. 60.0	min. 46.9 max. 70.3

AIR AND OCEAN MAILS

Pan American Airways Service per steamer on Nov. 8, at 3 p.m. for registered and at 4 p.m. for ordinary due San Francisco on Nov. 19. Air mails for Europe may be sent by this service to U.S.A. for connection with the P.A.A. Trans-Atlantic Air Service.

Imperial Airways (H'kong, Bangkok, S. Africa, Australia) per steamer on Nov. 5, 7 p.m. registered and 8 p.m. ordinary.

Dairen and Japan Air Mails close daily at 8 p.m.

Next steamship mails for America and Europe: Nov. 6 and 14, 1940.

LEGAL AND OFFICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

Single copies 30 cents

Shanghai delivery	6 mos.	$43
China, Korea and Japan	„	48
Hongkong and Macao	„	55
Postal Union Countries	„	106

NORTH-CHINA HERALD

EVERY WEDNESDAY

Weekly Edition of the "North-China Daily News"

Single copies $2

Shanghai, China and Japan	6 mos.	$42
Hongkong and Macao	„	44
Postal Union Countries	„	54

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD, LTD. (Incorporated in Hongkong)
Reg. Office: North-China Building, S'hai.
Telegrams: Herald Shanghai
P.O. Box 707 Telephone 11068

Letters should be addressed to the Secretary, North-China Daily News & Herald, Ltd., to whom all remittances should be made payable.

Personal announcements in this column, $15 per insertion, including insertions in the NORTH-CHINA HERALD.

To-day's Events $4 per line, which includes all insertions till date of event.

BIRTH

SHOTTER.—Mr. and Mrs. J. Gordon Shotter (née Grace Lavington) are happy to announce the birth of a daughter ELIZABETH ANNE, at the Country Hospital, Shanghai, on November 4, 1940. -7141

DEATHS

WERNER.—On Sunday, November 3, 1940, at the Country Hospital, Shanghai, LUDWIG THEODORE, aged 10 years, the dearly-beloved son of Mr. and Mrs. L. Werner. The funeral service will be held at 5 p.m. on Tuesday, November 5, at the Chapel of the International Funeral Directors, 207 Kiaochow Road. -7150

BROOMHALL.—On Sunday, November 3, 1940, at The Country Hospital, Shanghai, BENJAMIN HUDSON MILES BROOMHALL, aged 66 years, the dearly-beloved son of the late Mr. Hudson Broomhall and Mrs. Broomhall, and husband of Jennie. Removed to the parlours of the International Funeral Directors, 207 Kiaochow Road. Funeral services will be held tomorrow, Wednesday, November 6, at the Bubbling Well Cemetery at 2.30 p.m.

ESTRADA.—On Monday, November 4, 1940, at the Shanghai General Hospital, JOSE ESTRADA, aged 41 years, the dearly-beloved husband of Mary and father of Sonny, Esme, Big Boy and Gerry. Removed to the parlours of the International Funeral Directors, 207 Kiaochow Road. Funeral services will be held at the Lokawei Cemetery, today, Tuesday, November 5, at 2.30 p.m. (Hongkong, Manila and Tientsin papers, please copy.)

CARD

Mr. A. J. CUPERTINO DA SILVA and FAMILY wish to acknowledge with grateful thanks their appreciation of messages of sympathy, donations to Masses and Charity and for the beautiful flowers sent during their sad bereavement.

CHANGE of ADDRESS

Dr. I. G. ANDERSON

as from November 6

APT. A4 MEDHURST APTS.

Telephone 30110 12298

TO-DAY'S EVENTS

NOVEMBER

5 Follies Revue 'Aurora Borealis', Lyc., 8.45
5 Outer Mongolia declared independence (1914)
5 Ex-Emperor expelled from Winter Palace (1924)
5 Japanese landed near Chapoo (1937)

THE SHANGHAI ELECTRIC CONSTRUCTION CO., LTD.

(Incorporated in England)

SHANGHAI TRAMWAYS

A refund will be made to holders of September Season Tickets relating to the International Settlement in respect of the strike period.

In order to obtain this refund, September Season Ticket Holders should produce their tickets at the Head Office of the Company, 185 Soochow Road, during office hours, on and after November 9, 1940.

A. POLLOCK,
Secretary and Acting Manager.

Shanghai, November 5, 1940. 12317

COMPAGNIE FRANÇAISE DE TRAMWAYS ET D'ECLAIRAGE ELECTRIQUES DE SHANGHAI

NOTICE

The Company hereby informs the public that, in accordance with authority given by the French Municipal Council, there will be applied:

—to the quantities of electricity consumed as from November 6, 1940, a temporary surcharge of 97% on all rates,—replacing the present surcharge of 60%;

—to the quantities of water consumed as from November 6, 1940, a temporary surcharge of 30%, replacing the present surcharge of 10%;

—new increased fares on tramcars, trolley-buses and motor-buses.

In due course the date of application and the new fare-tables will be posted in all vehicles for the information of the public.

12309

VAUXHALL saloon car for sale. Address Box 3893, NCDN, for test run and price. -7103

CHINA DEEP WELL DRILLING CO., LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances, Hongkong)

REPORT AND ACCOUNTS
for the
Year Ended April 30, 1940.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Eleventh Annual General Meeting of Shareholders of CHINA DEEP WELL DRILLING CO., LTD., will be held at Sassoon House, The Bund, Shanghai, on Thursday, November 14, 1940, at 4 p.m.

BUSINESS:

1.—To receive and approve the Profit and Loss Account and the Balance Sheet for the year ended April 30, 1940, and the Directors' and Auditors' Reports.
2.—To re-elect Directors.
3.—To re-elect Auditors.
4.—To transact any other ordinary business of the Company.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Share Transfer Books and Register of Members will be closed from November 6 to November 14, 1940, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,

J. G. WILSON,
Secretary

Shanghai, November 5, 1940.

CHINA DEEP WELL DRILLING CO., LTD.

(Incorporated under the Hongkong Companies' Ordinances)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the above-named Company will be held at Sassoon House, The Bund, Shanghai on Thursday the Fourteenth day of November, 1940 at 4.30 o'clock in the afternoon for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing the following Extraordinary Resolution:—

"That it has been proved to the satisfaction of this meeting that the Company cannot by reason of its liabilities continue to carry on its business and that it is advisable to wind up the same and accordingly that the Company be wound up voluntarily and that Ernest Frost Hardman and Henry Rennie Cleland, Chartered Accountants of No. 2 Peking Road, Shanghai, be, and they are hereby appointed joint and several Liquidators for the purpose of such winding up with power for either of them to do any act required or authorised in the Liquidation."

By order of the Board

J. G. WILSON,
Secretary

Shanghai, November 5, 1940.

CHINA DEEP WELL DRILLING CO., LTD.

(Incorporated under the Hongkong Companies' Ordinances)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Meeting of Creditors of the above-named Company will be held at Sassoon House, The Bund, Shanghai, on Friday, the Fifteenth Day of November, 1940, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing the following Extraordinary Resolution:—

"That it has been proved to the satisfaction of this meeting that the Company cannot by reason of its liabilities continue to carry on its business and that it is advisable to wind up the same and accordingly that the Company be wound up voluntarily and that Ernest Frost Hardman and Henry Rennie Cleland, Chartered Accountants of No. 2 Peking Road, Shanghai, be, and they are hereby appointed joint and several Liquidators for the purpose of such winding up with power for either of them to do any act required or authorised in the Liquidation."

By order of the Board

J. G. WILSON,
Secretary

Shanghai, November 5, 1940. 12325

THE TONGKU LAND AND WHARF CO., LTD.

(In Voluntary Liquidation)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN (Pursuant to Section 225 of the Hongkong Companies Ordinance 1932) that a General Meeting of the members of the above-named Company will be held at the offices of Messrs. Thomson & Co., Tientsin on Tuesday, December 3, 1940 at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of having an account laid before them showing the manner in which the winding up has been conducted and the property of the Company disposed of, and of hearing any explanation that may be given by the Liquidators.

L. T. BEDDOW,
M. C. HALTON,
Liquidators

Tientsin, October 29, 1940. 12310

Wanted to buy or on loan:

FAIRY TALES by
HANS CHRISTIAN ANDERSEN

in English, complete edition, containing, among others, the story of the

"TWELVE WITH THE MAIL COACH"

(a New Year fairy tale)

Box 3913, NCDN. -7142

A JUDGE

who was asked to ban a book ruled that it was not obscene. The author is expected to appeal. An appeal that deserves success is one to all who earn their own living to take out Personal Accident insurance before it is too late.

C. E. SPARKE
INSURANCE OFFICE
Agents:
PHŒNIX ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
Established 1782 Assets £30,000,000
18 The Bund Telephone 11303

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may have served you well in the past, but the chances are that it's no longer economical to own or run. Find out how much you will save on repairs, gasoline and oil costs by buying an economical long-lived Plymouth.

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Fed. Inc., U.S.A.
80 Avenue Edward VII
Telephone 13083

After We Sell—WE SERVE

CHINA HOMEWARD FREIGHT CONFERENCE

FREIGHT TARIFF No. 31
Dated February 7, 1939

ADDENDUM No. 20

ADDITION

NOTES AND CONDITIONS

Page 8.

It is essential that the name and address of Consignees should be shown on the Bills of Lading and Manifests of Cargo to the United Kingdom.

Shippers are, therefore, requested to show these particulars on their Bills of Lading for insertion on the Manifests.

Shanghai, November 5, 1940. 12318

CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO., LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Board of Directors have this day declared an Interim Dividend on account of the year ending December 31, 1940, of Chinese Standard Dollars Two and Cents Fifty (Ch. St. $2.50) per share on the 140,000 Issued Ordinary Shares, payable on November 12, 1940, to Shareholders on record on that date.

The Transfer Books and Share Register of the Company will be closed from November 9 to November 12, 1940, both days inclusive, during which time no transfers of Shares will be effected.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

MACGREGORS, LTD.,
General Managers.

Shanghai, October 30, 1940. 12183

THE SHANGHAI LAND INVESTMENT CO., LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances, Hongkong)

Application has been made to the Directors of this Company to issue to MRS. ESTHER KATZ of SHANGHAI, duplicate Debenture Certificate for TAELS FIVE THOUSAND of the 26th Issue of 5 per cent. Debentures of THE SHANGHAI LAND INVESTMENT COMPANY, LIMITED upon the statement that the original Debenture Certificate No. 11, dated December 21, 1932, has been lost or destroyed.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that if within 30 DAYS from the date hereof no claim or representation in respect of such original certificate is made to the Directors they will then proceed to deal with such application for a duplicate.

By Order of the Directors

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD.,
Agents.

Shanghai, October 17, 1940. 12322

SANUS!

The only Saline Table Water procurable in Shanghai at an

ECONOMICAL PRICE

As health-giving and delicious as any Natural Spring Water

PRODUCT OF THE AQUARIUS CO.

Insurance Company of North America

PHILADELPHIA

The Oldest American Fire and Marine Insurance Co.

R. A. KREULEN, *General Representatives.*

Paid-Up Capital, U.S.$12,000,000 Assets, U.S.$107,177,701

2nd Floor, Continental Bank Building, 113 Kiukiang Road
Telephone 12867 (3 lines)

Just off the Press

"MISTER CINDERS AGAIN"

Sequel to

"MISTER CINDERS"

relating the further adventures of that

SCOTCH TERRIER

in England and on his return voyage to Shanghai.

BY JANET MOMBER

Price $9.50 at Kelly & Walsh, Ltd., 66 Nanking Road and 376 Bubbling Well Road.

What Sir Allan Mossop (President of the S.S.P.C.A.) says

Readers who on a former occasion had the privilege of following Mister Cinders on his long and exciting voyage from China to England will heartily welcome the re-appearance in print of that most observant and entertaining of Scotch Terriers. He tells us of his life and experiences in a small Sussex village, before and after the outbreak of war, of blackouts and evacuees; of his contacts—friendly and otherwise—with other dogs of lesser breeds, as well as with cats and kittens, sheep and horses, squirrels, rabbits, ducks, geese, chickens, and even sand fleas and finally his adventurous war-time sea voyage from Liverpool back to the land of rickshaws.

Miss Janet Momber is to be congratulated on writing a charming story which will be read with enjoyment by all who regard animals as their friends.

Not the least delightful portions of her book are the many and excellent illustrations which are from her own able pen.

What the Press says:

.... A very charming story .... with zest and insight.
.... The illustrations are delightful.—*H.D. "North-China Daily News".*

.... A delightful story with many tense and exciting as well as laughable adventures .... everybody who is a lover of dogs should read this very interesting book.—*J.S. "Shanghai Evening Post & Mercury".*

The little Scotch Terrier is all his old self and we enjoyed reading about his further adventures .... Quite like an Old China Hand speaking .... —*G.A.M. "Shanghai Times".* 12312

WEATHER, TIME AND TIDE

Meteorological Reports	Nov. 3 16.00	Nov. 3 21.00	Nov. 4 4.00	Nov. 4 9.00
Barometer (inches)	29.97	30.01	30.02	30.06
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	+0.01	+0.02	+0.03	+0.03
at 32 F. („ „ 12 hrs.)	—0.02	—0.02	+0.05	+0.05
Wind (direction)	SE	ESE	SE	ESE
„ (miles per hour)	9.9	8.7	8.7	16.2
Temperature (Fahr.)	76.5°	68.2°	68.0°	74.5°
Humidity (per cent)	77	98	99	78
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	3	0	6	4
Rainfall (inches)	—	—	—	—

Siccawei Abridged Report Nov. 3	Mean 1940	24 hrs. variation	67 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	30.00	+0.01	30.18
Temp. min. 65.5° Max. 83.8°	74.7°	+3.4°	57.0°
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	42.39	—	41.61

Time and Tide	5/11	6/11	7/11	8/11	9/11	10/11	11/11
Sun rises at Shanghai	6.13	6.13	6.13	6.14	6.15	6.17	6.17
Sun sets at Shanghai	17.02	17.02	17.01	17.00	17.00	16.59	16.59
Moon rises at Shanghai	11.10	11.55	12.35	13.12	13.46	14.19	14.52
Moon sets at Shanghai	22.11	23.08	—	0.03	0.56	1.49	2.41
Flood makes Shai. (day)	13.50	15.05	16.47	6.17	7.35	8.15	8.49
Ebb makes Shai. (day)	6.20	7.05	8.15	9.42	11.44	12.45	13.22
L W. W'sung Bar (day	15.30	16.40	5.48	6.55	8.37	9.25	10.02
Ht. above LAW. (feet)	6.90	6.62	5.08	6.62	7.90	8.00	8.98

THE WEATHER

(See top of page, left)

State on the morning of the 3rd:—High and steady pressure over Japan: low and unsteady over China. Violent typhoon to the south-south-east of Guam, moving west-north-westward. South-easterly winds along the China Coast. Fine and very mild weather in China.

State on the morning of the 4th:—Fine, cloudy and very mild weather. Heavy dew. Pressure rather low and rising.—Siccawei Observatory.

TYPHOON SIGNAL

Approximate position of the centre at 2 p.m., within 120 miles of latitude 14, longitude 139, slowly moving west-northwest, intensity: Violent.

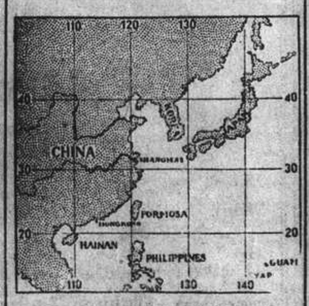

CHART FOR LOCATING THE POSITION OF TYPHOONS FROM SICCAWEI REPORTS.

POST OFFICE NOTICES

(See top of page, right)

The following times apply to the Head Post office Szechuen Road Bridge, Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

TUESDAY, November 5.	Reg.	Ord.
Tsingtao and Dairen	*20.00	7.15
Canton	9.30	10.00
Amoy	11.30	12.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00
Australia and New Zealand	19.00	20.00
Hongkong and Canton	19.30	20.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	19.30	20.00
WEDNESDAY, November 6.		
Amoy Swatow and Canton	*20.00	7.15
Amoy Swatow and Canton	9.30	10.00
Shenkiamen and Tinghai	9.30	10.00
Chefoo and Tientsin X	9.30	10.00
Hongkong and Canton X	9.30	10.00
Chefoo and Tientsin	10.00	10.30
Japan Honolulu U.S.A. Canada and Europe via Pacific A	9.00	11.00
Amoy	12.30	13.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00
Japan and Korea via Nagasaki	19.30	20.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	19.30	20.00
Hongkong and Canton	19.30	20.00
THURSDAY, November 7.		
Formosa via Keelung	*20.00	8.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00
U.S.S.R. Europe via Siberia	18.30	20.00
Japan Korea and Formosa via Nagasaki	19.30	20.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	19.30	20.00
Hongkong and Canton	19.30	20.00

* The night before
A Parcel mail for Honolulu and U.S.A., closes at 16.00 on 5th.
X Provisional time—subject to alterations.

CARS FOR USE in U.S.A.

We are able to make delivery of new FORD, MERCURY and LINCOLN ZEPHYR cars from 34 cities in all sections of U.S.A.; also in Canada.

Place your order here and the car will be ready for you upon arrival.

BILLS MOTORS
Federal Inc., U.S.A.
615 Avenue Foch, Tel. 74400 (6 lines)

BRITISH RESIDENTS' ASSOCIATION OF CHINA

"By kind favour of the Shanghai Land Investment Company Limited, the headquarters of the Association's War Efforts Sub-Committee will be at House No. 61, Lane 61 Kinnear Road from November 2 to November 10, 1940. Members of the Association and their friends are invited to call there between 10 a.m. and 6 p.m

H. F. BAKER.
Secretary.

12311

CABLEWAY TRANPORTERS

Two sets for disposal consisting of two steel towers with suspended cables. Carrying traverser: Span 1,000 ft. Capacity five tons, raising and lowering 350 feet. Speed 120 feet per minute, electrical equipment 140 h.p. 3 phase, makers: Henderson & Co., Scotland.

These cableways would be suitable for handling materials in quarry, or on large deep construction work such as gorge dams, harbour works, etc. Full particulars from advertiser, temporarily visiting Shanghai.

Communicate Box 3900, NCDN. -7119

"IF ALL WOMEN ARE THE SAME, WHY DO SOME MEN COMMIT BIGAMY?"

All Cars are not the same
Buy a

CHEVROLET

And get the most for your money

AUTO PALACE
100 Route Cardinal Mercier
Telephone 70180 12201

LOST

One book of Provisional Receipts numbered 63601 to 63625. The public is warned not to accept any of these Receipt forms which are now declared void.

THE TEXAS COMPANY (CHINA) LTD. *4277

Use

DUNLOPILLO
OFFICE CHAIR CUSHIONS
Comfortable—Cool

Comfort means efficiency for both executives and employees

MADE IN ENGLAND

Samples on approval—money returned if not satisfied

DUNLOP RUBBER CO. (CHINA) LTD.
117 Hongkong Road, Telephone 13413 12205

IF YOU WERE IN ENGLAND

you would likely write to Shanghai friends:—IF you could only see the work done by the RED CROSS and AIR RAID relief organizations you would give your last dollar to the Central British War Fund

(Hon. Treasurer, Mr. G. H. Stacey, c/o Hongkong & Shanghai Bank).

FILMO DEPOT

Agents: BELL & HOWELL,

Chicago, U.S.A.

FILMO CAMERAS AND PROJECTORS

8 mm. and 16 mm.

17 Canton Road (Union Building)
Third Floor, Telephone 10131 12306

SWISS WATCHMAKER

(Holder of Swiss Government Diploma)

All work personally done by E. TOBLER, 153 Nanking Road 4th floor. Telephone 12160 -7140

U. B. BEER ORDER DEPT. 30087 12198

Lovelines that lasts . . .

Beauty and delicacy are entrancing virtues in a stocking but, if their reign is but a fleeting few hours, they are apt to become not only expensive but downright annoying. Fortunately, however, ROSALIND STOCKINGS have cotton tops and feet for extra wear, so that their beauty is blended with a very hardy constitution.

PRICE $5.95 pair—3 pairs for $17.50

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.

BRITISH insurance company requires temporary foreign assistant. Some knowledge of accounts and typewriting an advantage. Address Box 3921, NCDN. 12321

WANTED: old-established firm considering open real estate department, require compradore with experience and connection same line. Minimum guarantee $50,000. Address Box 3889, NCDN. -7094

WANTED, experienced nurse for two children (5-3). Address Box 3712, NCDN. *6747

WANTED, experienced salesman, lady/gentleman, for representative work Good prospects. Post Office Box 4087. *6638

OUR correspondence course of training in Elementary Practical Bookkeeping is particularly suitable for beginners. All test papers are corrected and queries answered locally. Easy payment. Text book free. British School of Accountancy, 264 Kiangse Road. Telephone 14967, Principal, J. Webster Watts (Chartered Accountant). *5366

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of European nursing sister for hospital in North China. Applicants should be fully-qualified, preferably unmarried and will be required to commence duties as soon as possible. Full particulars, giving nationality, age, previous experience, should be addressed to Box 3818, NCDN. 12241

REQUIRED, intelligent nurse/companion for English family two children; 2 years, 12 months. Preferably British. Address Box 3868, NCDN. -7050

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of fifteen dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $2.10.

EXPERIENCED English nurse, Welgarth-trained for babies and small children, or nursery governess, salary £65 a year, seeks position. Highly recommended. For further particulars apply to Mrs. E. E. Parsons, 270 Kinnear Road, telephone 20300. 12313

CHINESE young lady, college graduate, seeks position as secretary or translator. Address Box 3910, NCDN. -7134

YOUNG Japanese seeks position in exports/imports firm of any nationality. Best reference. Post Office Box 3260. -7117

MECHANICAL engineer (Czech) B.Sc. degree, with practical expeience in general machinery and jig manufacture, seeks situation. Good knowledge of English, French and German. Best local references. Apply Box 3759, NCDN. -7115

AMERICAN, 33, versatile, reliable, efficient, with local business and sales experience, desires position. Box 3877 NCDN. -7076

FOREIGNER, not refugee, 28 years of age, absolutely trustworthy, seeks employment as stenographer (beginner), office assistant, godown keeper, or in any other capacity. Willing to learn. Box 3878, NCDN. -7078

EXPERIENCED typist with knowledge of English, commercial correspondence, seeks immediate position. Address Box 3841, NCDN. -6993

QUALIFIED mechanic, British licences internal combustion engines, semi-diesel, aviation, A1 references, single 28, willing go anywhere. Box 3833. NCDN. -6980

Business Opportunities

WILL pay $4,000 Singapore currency in Singapore against its equivalent in Shanghai currency, in Shanghai, plus generous commission, to anyone able to arrange same. Address Box 3916, NCDN. -7145

REPUTABLE Chinese firm, financially strong, offers to undertake management, partnership or representation of evacuating foreign firms. Address Box 3897, NCDN. -7112

TWENTY-FIVE thousand United States dollars available for sound investment. Particulars Post Office Box 1005. -7062

Miscellaneous

BRITISH girl, excellent references, offers look after children on voyage to America/Canada, in return for passage. Box 3914, NCDN. -7143

DOLLS if broken, perfectly repaired/remodelled. Doll's dresses, wigs, Doll's Hospital, Rosette, 135 Seymour Road. -7089

BRILLIANTS, platinum, gold, bought/sold to your best advantage. European Jewellers, 346 Szechuen Road, Room 107, Telephone 14582. -6299

CARPETS cleaned chemically, 12 cents per sq. foot. Rugs repaired, dyed, stored. Esso Company, Telephone 12170. -5987

Clothing and Fabrics

PYJAMAS: made to measure. Flannelette, $16.50; Rayon, $19.50; poplin, $35; brocade silk, $48. Razon's, Central Road. 12305

WOOLLEN gloves, $2; baby pillow slips, $1.25; guest towels, 65 cents; ladies' linen handkerchiefs, $1.25. Lace & Linen Syndicate, 114 Peking Road. 12307

LADIES' worn hats, renovated, remodelled perfectly. Prices suiting every purse. Rosette, 135 Seymour Road. -7059

SUITLENGTHS: Guaranteed 100% wool, British manufacture, from $95, "Midnightblue" suiting $55 yard. Razon's, 12 Central Road. 12288

For Sale—Miscellaneous

PLASTICS moulding machines. Two new injection type moulding machines for immediate sale, through default of indentors. Latest type 2½ ounce size, full electric automatic operation, particulars from Box 3902, NCDN. -7120

SELLING big quantity of Java orange tea, Ceylonta packet tea, and Lipton's canister tea, at reasonable price. Purchaser please address Box 3912, NCDN. -7137

LADIES' American zippers, all colours, also hooks and eyes, snaps and pins. Perle Noire, 215 Cardinal Mercier. -7112

DENTISTS! Small burning oven, new, with porcelain (6 colours), different instruments. Box 3907, NCDN. -7129

REAL bargain. Piano, as new. Refrigerator "Norge" 8½ cu. ft., divers household utensils. Box 3906, NCDN. -7125

PIANO, brand-new, Hahn concert, $1,200. Radio Zenith, 6 tubes, all-wave, $700 12 Route Delastre. -7090

BRICK and tile making machine for sale. English make extruding type machine for producing bricks, hollow floor tiles (Caxton design) and pipes, etc. including many sets dies. Complete with Vee belt pulleys, almost new. Box 3901, NCDN. -7120

LARGE crystal lamp of the 17th Century, Benesi, 12 Rue du Consulat, Apt. 501. 12296

VACUUM cleaner "Electrolux," hair-dryer, electric range, practically new, cheap, for quick sale. 24 Bund, Room 35. -5836

UNDERWOOD portable typewriter, best condition, for sale. On view: 11-12, 2-3. 830/C Avenue Joffre. -7093

THREE Persian rugs, first quality, available for connoisseurs. Box 3836, NCDN. -6981

JUST arrived Harbin butter, cheese, honey. Also two silver foxes. Apply Telephone 21292. -7092

SHIRTS made to measure. Large selection, from $19.50, guaranteed English material. Reinforced collars. Razons, Central Road. 12304

VACUUM-cleaner, Electrolux, hair-dryer, heater, foreign made. Selling cheap, 24 Bund, Room 35. -7099

STICK reed furniture, four pieces with pillows. Telephone 79623. -7121

FOR SALE, 200 Manila Hai Alai shares. What offers? Address Box 3883, NCDN. 12281

NICK'S furniture shop. Buying, selling: furniture, carpets, refrigerators, etc. Telephone 73937, 146 Route des Soeurs. -6984

OUR show-rooms sheltering a choice stock of antiques and rarities are open to the public from 10 a.m. to 7 p.m. daily. European Art, 1310 Avenue Joffre. -6479

SECONDHAND. Whether you want to purchase cheap furniture, carpets, or sell them, call Felner, 306 Rue Bourgeat, Telephone 73597. -3908

SILVER foxes, furcoats at bargain prices. Telephone 42395, 9-10 a.m., 3-5 p.m. -4514

THE Book Mart. Secondhand booksellers. We buy, sell, exchange, small lots or whole libraries. 286 Yu Yuen Road, telephone 22924. -6694

STAMPS. Special catalogue of the stamps of Manchoukuo, second edition, just published. Price $5. Fine stock of China and Manchoukuo stamps with prices as per Schumann's Catalogue. Large selections of Japan, Europe and British Colonies. Regular new issues arrivals. Mercury Stamp Co., Avenue Roi Albert, 359 King Albert Apartment F5. -6937

MEISSEN, Dresden porcelain figures, mocha-cups, oil-paintings, old miniatures, Persian carpets. 250 Nanking Road. "Rarities" Shop. -8146

CRYSTALWARE, porcelain, best European brands, in large variety, at really reasonable prices. General Magazine, 337 Avenue Haig. -3876

DON'T leave without buying big Meissen plates, urns, dark small cups with miniatures. 1823/A Avenue Joffre, Dr. Weiss. -6540

Lost

LOST one Benjamin & Potts allotment notice No. 2339 covering fifty shares of Ewo Breweries made out in the name of Denzil Ezra. The public is warned not to negotiate this document. 12319

ORIGINAL Delivery Order dated September 11 issued by Osaka Syosen Kisya, Ltd. Line in respect 100 bales cotton marked K on top K3134D in the middle, Sapt 1/100 below, ex ss. Argun Maru, B/L. No. 21 in favour of the Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd., has been lost and is hereby considered null and void. 12309

CASH Order No. 2776 for $600 and Cash Order No. 8325 for $405 both dated October 12, 1940, issued by Woo Fong Native Bank and Tse Ziang Native Bank respectively, have been lost and are hereby declared null and void. Zung Dah Cotton Co. Shanghai. -6903

LOST Customs stamped D/O covering 5 bales finished leather marked CALC in diamond Shanghai Nos. 4/8 ex ss. "Pres. Adams" from Boston voy 53 B/L No. 250 now declared null and void. China American Leather Import Co. 12247

LOST: Bill of Lading No. 224, covering 13 packages of dried oyster, marked B B in diamond, 1/13, Shanghai/Hongkong per ss. Yat Shing, sailed 28/10/40. The original bill of lading is hereby declared null and void: new bill of lading is being applied for from the shipping company for delivery to Messrs Fook Yuan. J. L. Koo & Co. (E. Kong.) -6816

TRIPLICATE issued by the Customs for 2159 bales of truck tyres, ex s/s. Bardaland, B/L No. 58, Bonding No. 40149, has been lost and considered null and void. -6781

More Classified Ads. Overleaf